

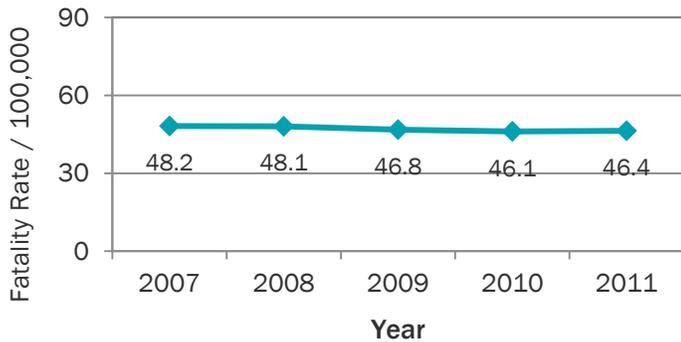


Florida Injury Facts Unintentional Injuries

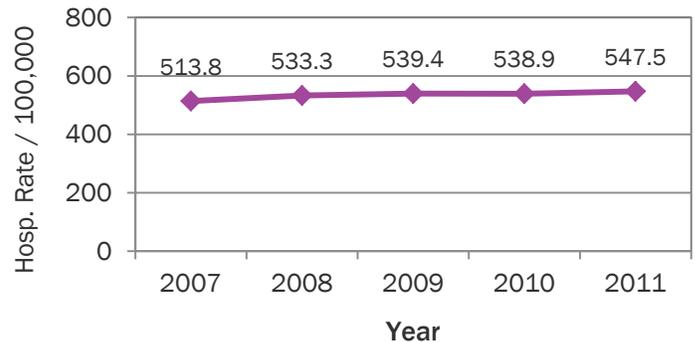
At A Glance

- Unintentional injuries, or accidents, are the leading cause of death for Florida residents ages 1–44, and the fourth leading cause of death overall.
- In 2011, 8,791 residents died from unintentional injuries; there were an additional 124,434 hospitalizations for non-fatal unintentional injuries.

**Fatal Unintentional Injuries,
by Year, 2007–2011**



**Non-Fatal Unintentional Injury
Hospitalizations, by Year, 2007–2011**

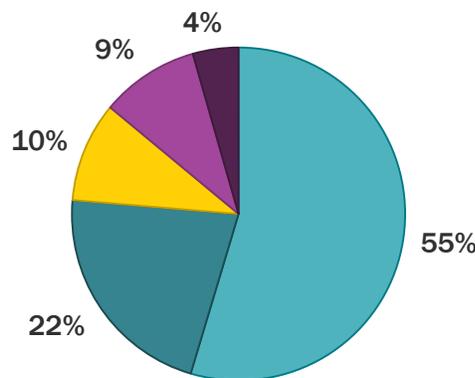


Economic Impact

In 2011:

- The median admission charge for non-fatal unintentional injury hospitalizations was \$39,106; total charges exceeded \$5.8 billion. The median length of stay was four days.
- Medicare was the payer source for 55% of these hospitalizations; commercial insurance was responsible for 22%.

**Non-Fatal Unintentional Injury Hospitalization Admission
Charges and Payer Source, Florida Residents, 2011**



Median Admission Charge	\$39,106
Total Admission Charges	> \$5.8 billion

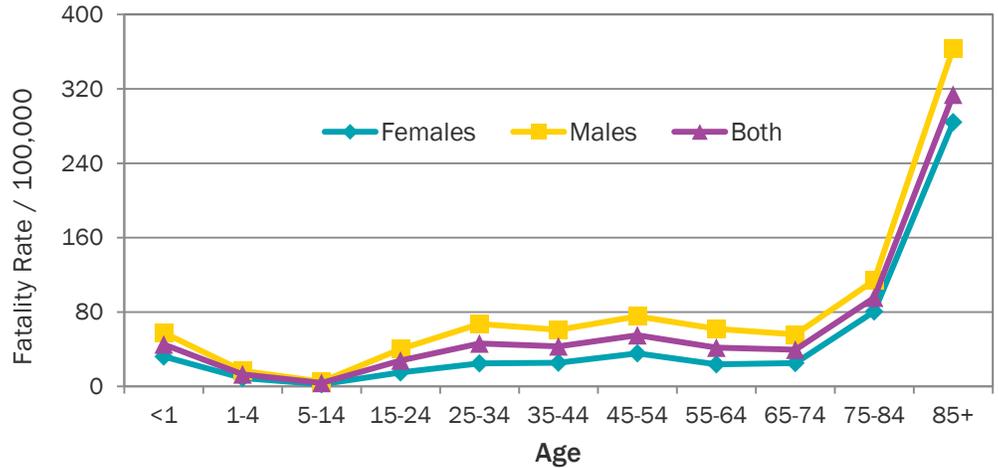
- Medicare
- Commercial Insurance
- Self-Pay/Under-Insured
- Medicaid
- Other

Who Is Injured?

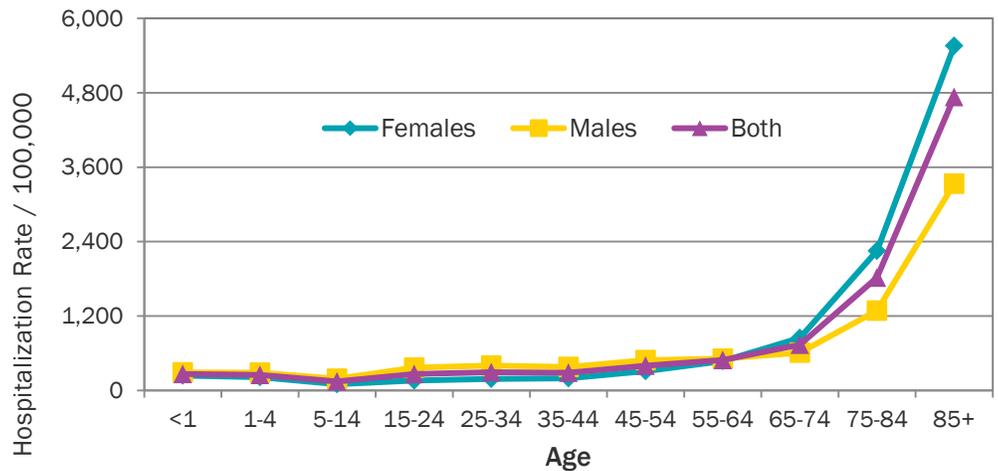
In 2011:

- Residents ages 85 years and older had the highest rate of fatal unintentional injuries and non-fatal hospitalizations.
- The fatality rate among males in every age group was higher than among their female counterparts.
- The non-fatal hospitalizations rate was higher among males under age 65 than among their female counterparts, but higher among females ages 65 and older than among their male counterparts.

Fatal Unintentional Injuries, by Age and Sex, Florida Residents, 2011



Non-Fatal Unintentional Injury Hospitalizations, by Age and Sex, Florida Residents, 2011



- Males accounted for 63% of unintentional injury deaths, but only 45% of non-fatal hospitalizations. Females accounted for 37% of the deaths and 55% of the non-fatal hospitalizations.
- Whites accounted for 85% of injury deaths and non-fatal hospitalizations combined, Blacks accounted for 9%, and Other Non-Whites accounted for 6%.

Fatal Unintentional Injuries and Non-Fatal Hospitalizations, by Sex and Race, Florida Residents, 2011

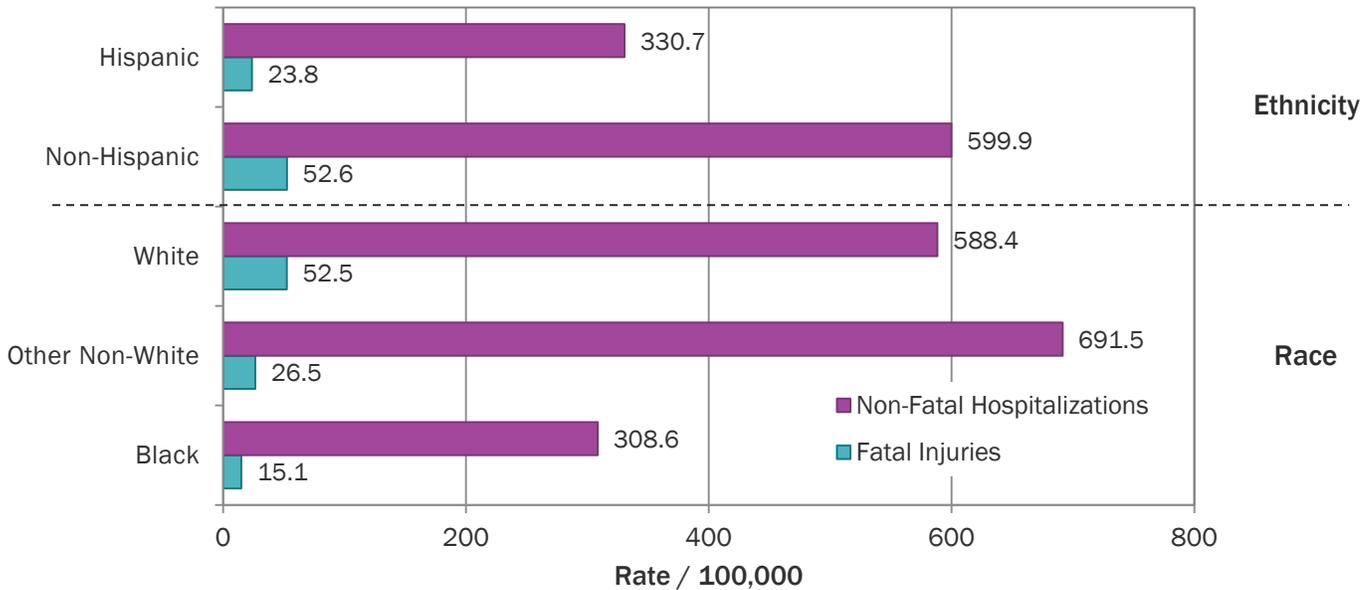
	Female	Male	White	Black	Other Non-White	Both Sexes, All Races
Deaths	3,216	5,571	7,808	827	143	8,791
Non-Fatal Hospitalizations	56,804	46,859	87,473	9,622	6,569	103,664

*Some records have unknown sex or race; categories may not add up to total.

In 2011:

- In 2011, Non-Hispanic residents had higher rates of both fatal unintentional injuries and non-fatal hospitalizations than Hispanic residents.
- White residents had the highest rate of fatal unintentional injuries followed by Other Non-White residents and Black residents.
- Other Non-White residents had the highest rate of non-fatal unintentional injury hospitalizations followed by White residents and Black residents.

Fatal Unintentional Injuries and Non-Fatal Hospitalizations, by Hispanic Ethnicity and Race, Florida Residents, 2011

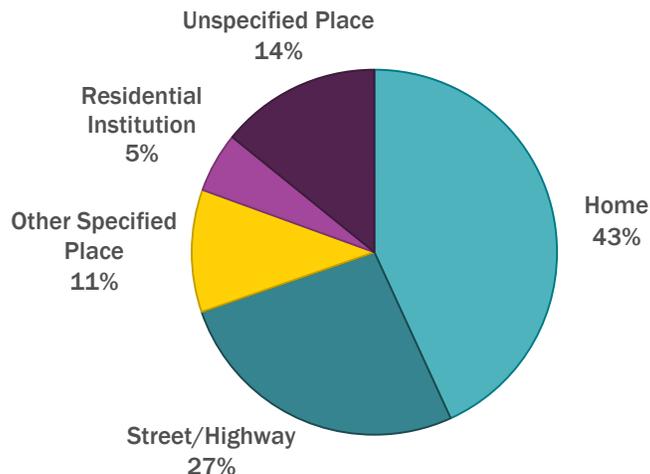


Place of Injury Occurrence

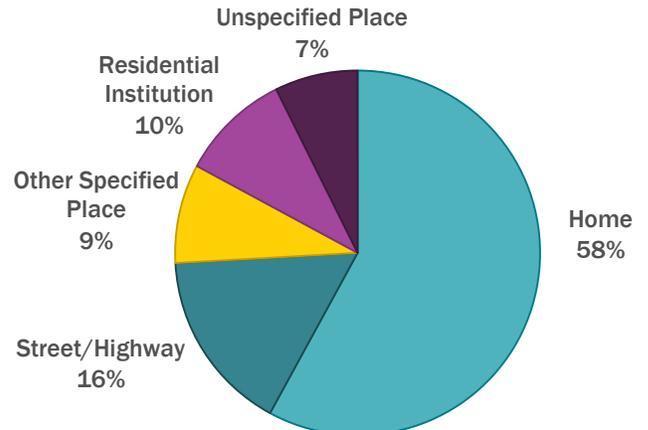
In 2011, when coded (86% of fatal records, 38% of non-fatal records):

- 43% of fatal unintentional injuries and 58% non-fatal unintentional injuries resulting in hospitalization occurred at home.
- 27% of fatal unintentional injuries and 16% of non-fatal unintentional injuries resulting in hospitalization occurred on the street or highway.

Fatal Unintentional Injuries, by Place of Occurrence, Florida Residents, 2011



Non-Fatal Unintentional Injury Hospitalizations, by Place of Occurrence, Florida Residents, 2011

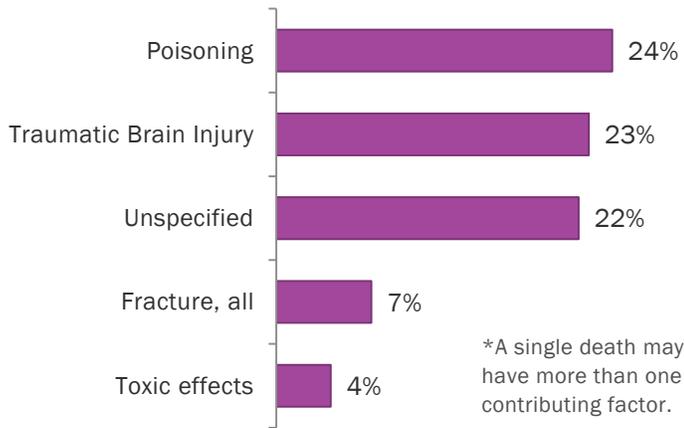


Most Common Unintentional Injuries

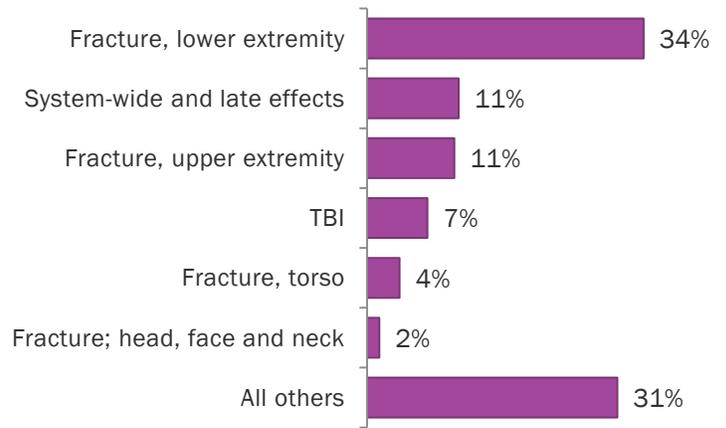
In 2011:

- 24% of fatal unintentional injuries were related to poisoning; 23% were related to a traumatic brain injury.
- A fracture of the lower extremity was the primary diagnosis, or principal reason, of admission for 34% of non-fatal unintentional injury hospitalizations.

Select Immediate and Contributing Causes of Death* for Fatal Unintentional Injuries, Florida Residents, 2011



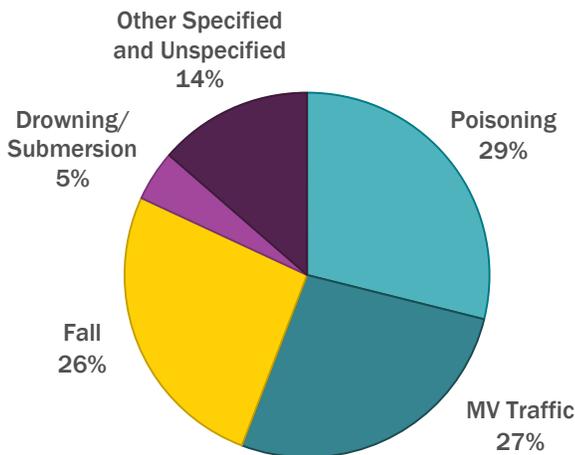
Primary Diagnoses for Non-Fatal Unintentional Injury Hospitalizations, Florida Residents 2011



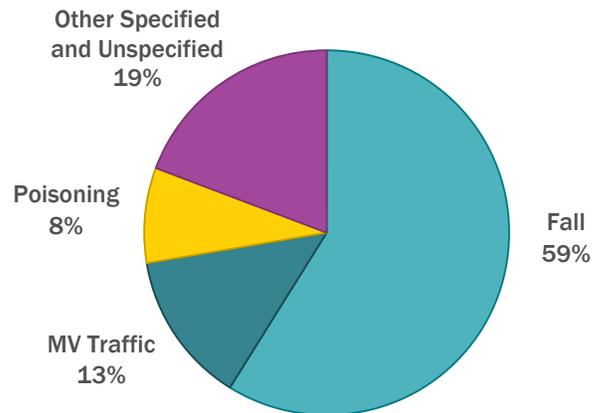
Unintentional Injury Causes

In 2011, falls, motor vehicle crashes, and poisonings were the leading mechanisms, or causes, of fatal and non-fatal unintentional injuries.

Fatal Unintentional Injuries by Mechanism, Florida Residents 2011



Non-Fatal Unintentional Injury Hospitalizations by Mechanism, Florida Residents 2011



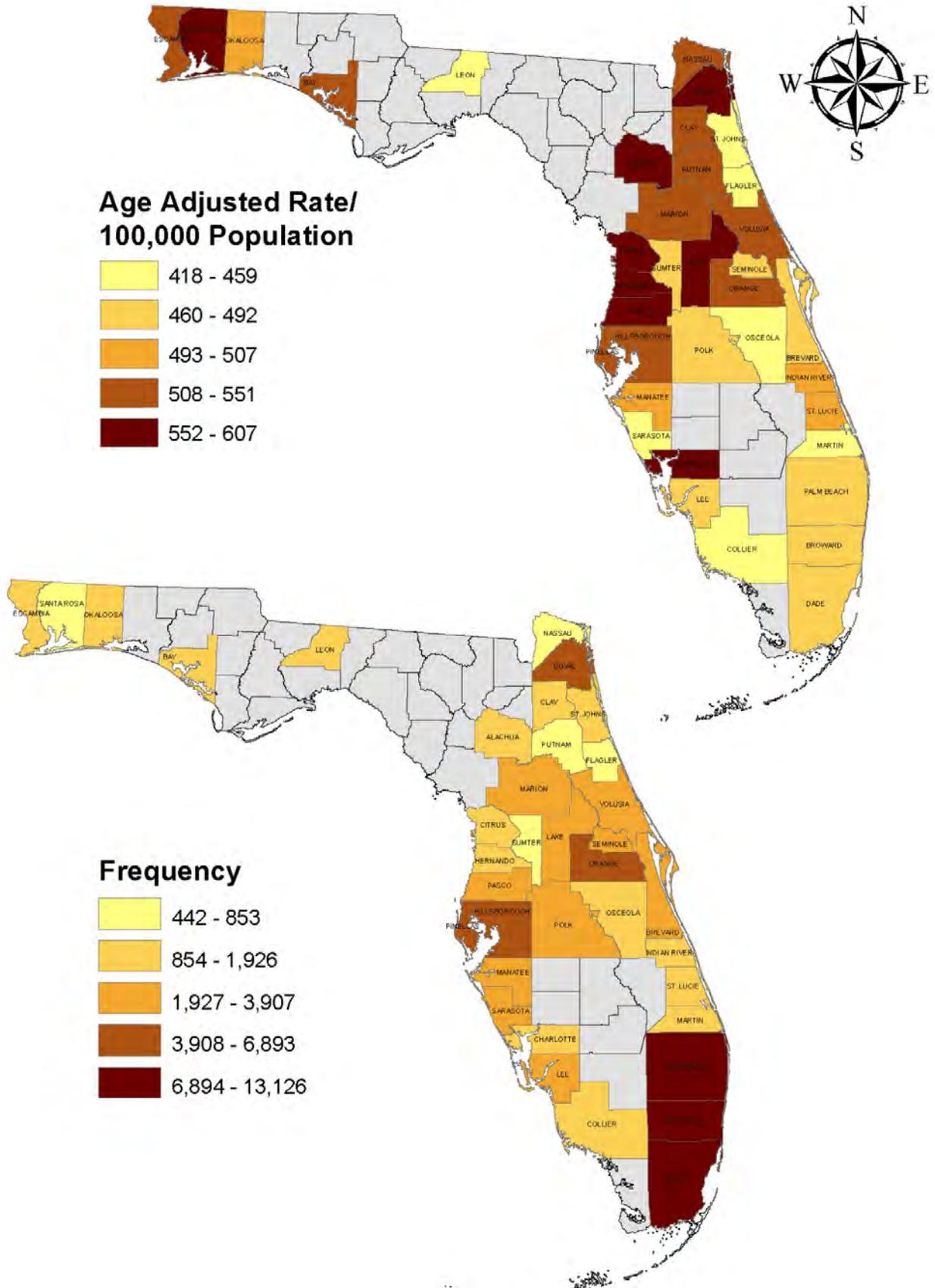
Data Sources and Case Definitions

Unintentional Injury Deaths: Florida Department of Health, Office of Vital Statistics, Death Certificates; Underlying Cause of Death ICD-10 V01-X59, Y85-Y86.

Non-Fatal Unintentional Injury Hospitalizations: Agency for Health Care Administration, Hospital Discharge Data; Records with Injury Principal Diagnosis and Unintentional External Cause of Injury Code ICD-9 CM E800-E869, E880-E929.

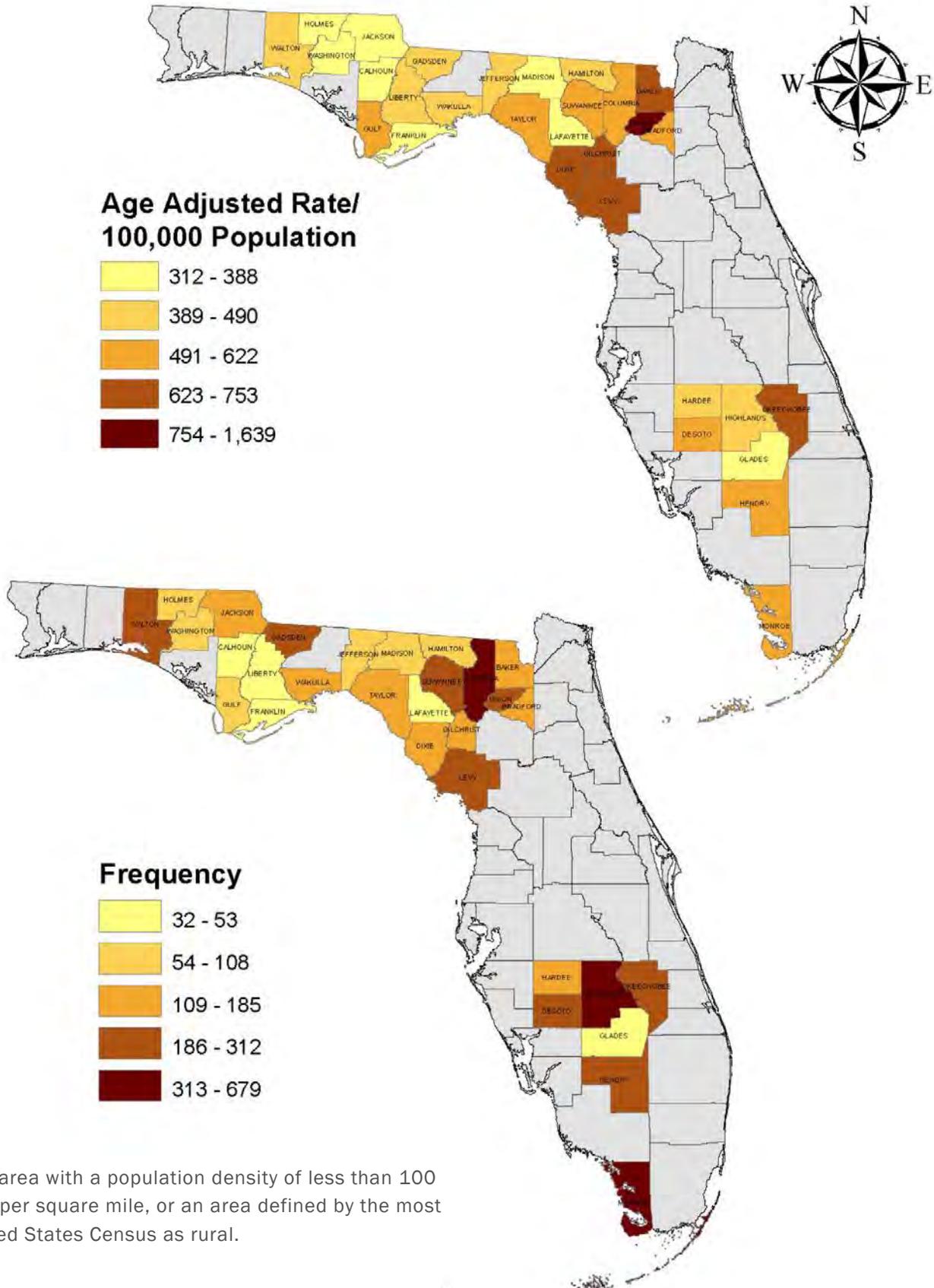
County By County Comparison: Non-Rural Counties

Unintentional Injury Deaths and Non-Fatal Hospitalizations,
Florida Residents of Non-Rural Counties, 2011



County By County Comparison: Rural* Counties

Unintentional Injury Deaths and Non-Fatal Hospitalizations,
Florida Residents of Rural Counties, 2011



* Rural — An area with a population density of less than 100 individuals per square mile, or an area defined by the most recent United States Census as rural.