



Florida Arbovirus Surveillance

Week 9: February 26 – March 03, 2012

Arbovirus surveillance in Florida includes endemic mosquito-borne viruses West Nile virus (WNV), Eastern equine encephalitis virus (EEEV), St. Louis encephalitis virus (SLEV), and Highlands J virus (HJV) and exotic viruses such as Dengue virus (DENV) and California encephalitis group viruses (CEV). Malaria, a non-viral mosquito-borne disease is also included. During the period of February 26 – March 03, 2012, the following arboviral activity was recorded in Florida:

DENV activity: No new cases of locally acquired dengue were reported this week.

EEEV activity: No EEEV activity was reported this week. In 2012, positive samples from three equines and seven sentinel chickens have been received from five counties.

WNV activity: No WNV activity was reported this week. In 2012, positive samples from 22 sentinel chickens have been received from six counties.

SLEV activity: No SLEV activity was reported this week. In 2012, positive samples from three sentinel chickens have been received from one county.

HJV activity: No HJV activity was reported this week. In 2012, a positive sample from one sentinel chicken has been received from one county.

Advisories/Alerts: No counties are currently under mosquito-borne illness advisory or alert.

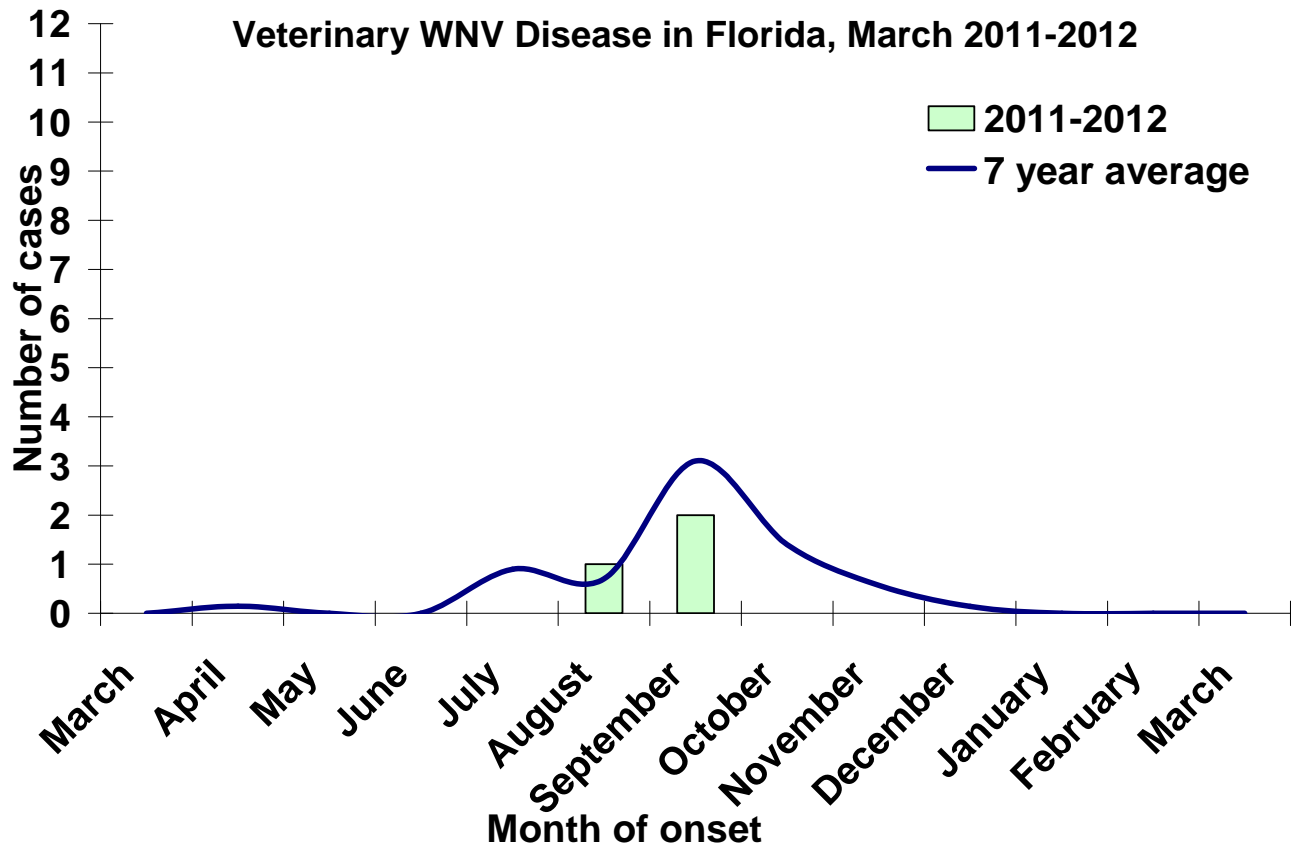
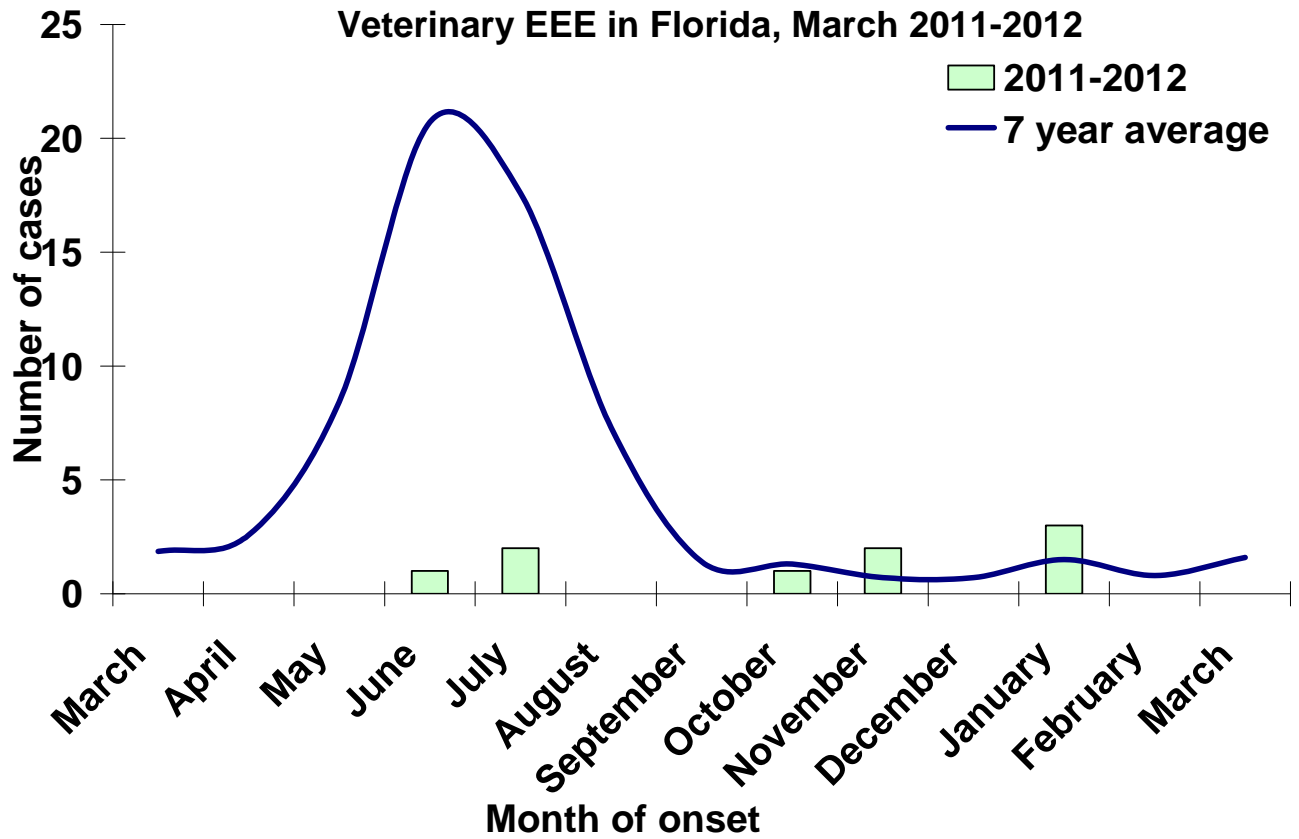
Year to Date Human Case Summary *

Imported Dengue: Six cases of dengue with onset in 2012 have been reported in individuals with travel history to a dengue endemic country in the two weeks prior to onset. Countries of origin were Dominican Republic, Haiti, Ghana, Guyana, Mexico and Surinam. Counties reporting cases were Broward (5) and Lee.

Imported Malaria: Eight imported cases of malaria with onset in 2012 have been reported. Countries of origin were: Guyana, Haiti (5) and Nigeria (2). Counties reporting cases were: Broward (3), Duval, Marion, Miami-Dade, Orange and Palm Beach.

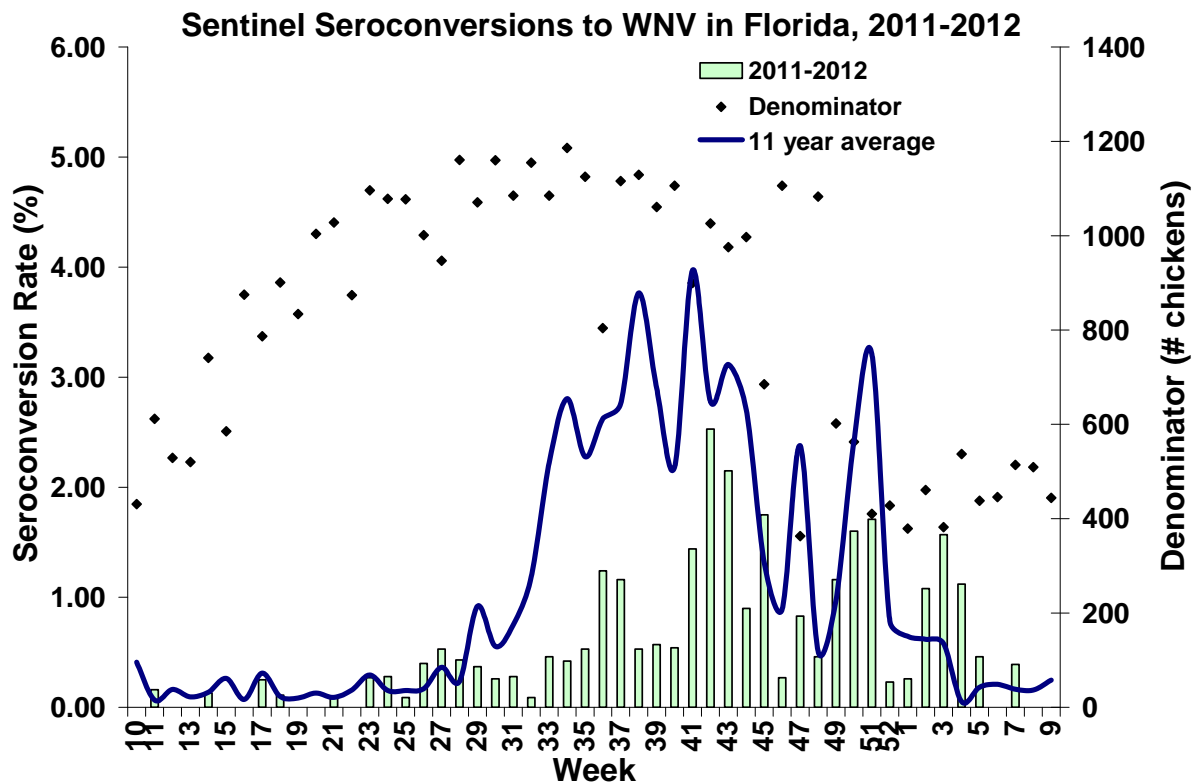
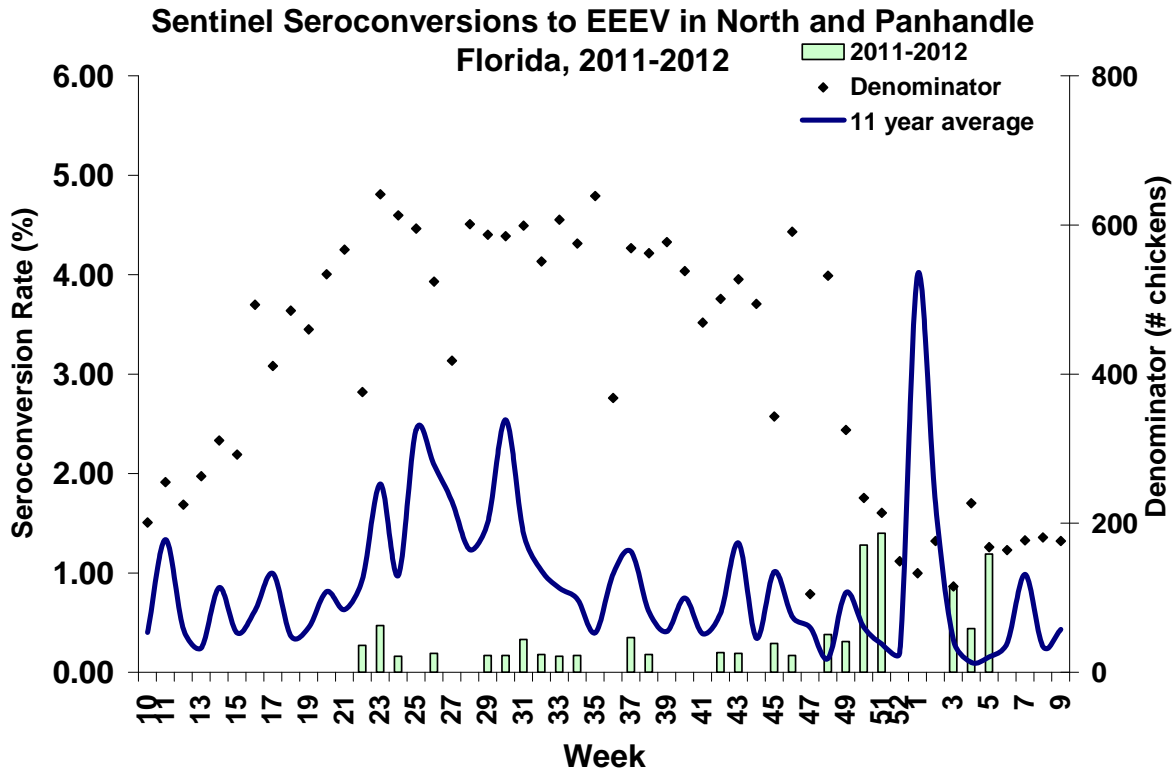
Veterinary Cases

No positive horses were reported this week.



Sentinel Chickens

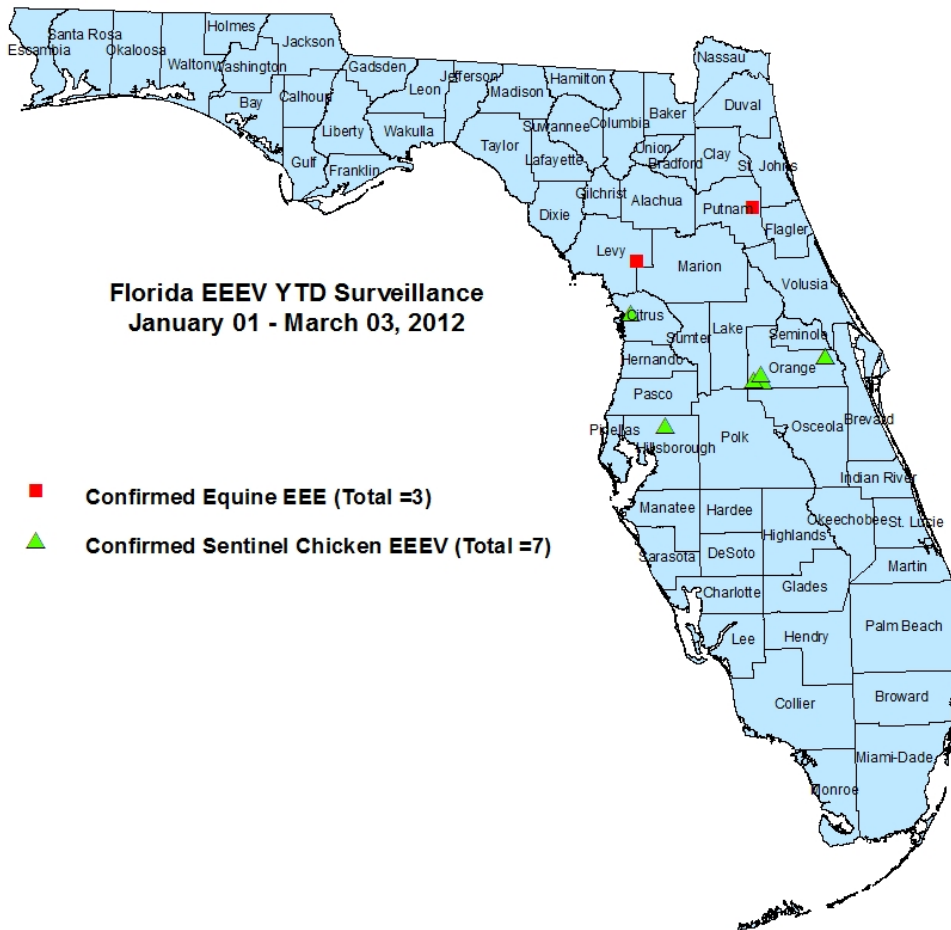
No positive sentinels were reported this week

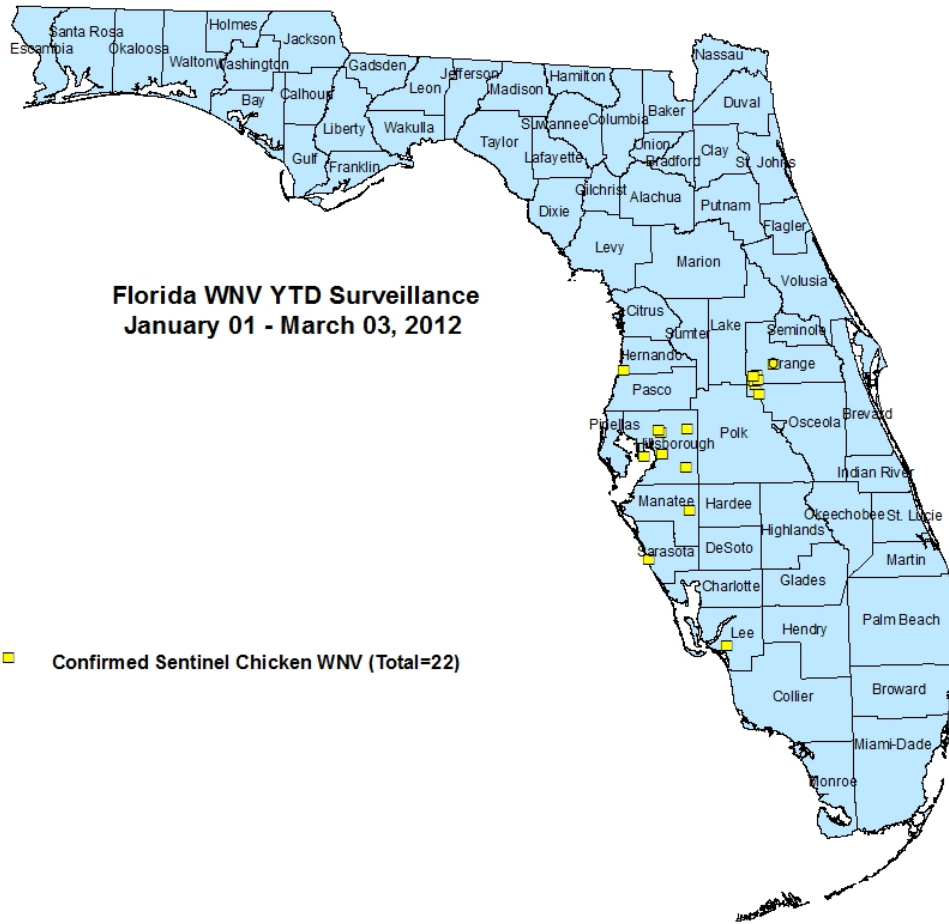


Dead Birds

The Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) collects reports of dead birds, which can be an indication of arbovirus circulation in an area. This week, seven reports representing 15 dead birds were received from six counties. None were identified as crows, jays or raptors. In 2012, seventy-three reports representing a total of 236 dead birds (3 crows, 2 jays, 11 raptors, 220 others) were received from 30 of Florida's 67 counties. Please note that FWC collects reports of birds that have died from a variety of causes, not only arboviruses. Dead birds should be reported to www.myfwc.com/bird/

Maps





Arbovirus Activity by County

County	Arbovirus Activity
Citrus	EEE : 1 sentinel (1/30) HJV: 1 sentinel (1/3)
Hernando	WNV: 1 sentinel (1/23)
Hillsborough	EEE : 1 sentinel (2/14) SLEV: 3 sentinels (1/3) WNV: 10 sentinels (1/3, 1/17, 1/31, 2/14)
Lee	WNV: 1 sentinel (1/23)
Levy	EEEV: 2 horses (1/2)
Manatee	WNV: 1 sentinel (2/1)
Orange	EEEV : 5 sentinels (1/5, 1/9, 1/19, 1/23, 2/6) WNV: 8 sentinels (1/9, 1/12, 1/19, 1/25)
Putnam	EEEV: 1 horse (1/1)
Sarasota	WNV: 1 sentinel (1/9)

Acknowledgements and Data Sources

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For more surveillance information, please see the DOH website at:

<http://www.doh.state.fl.us/Environment/medicine/arboviral/index.html>

*Case tallies included in the weekly Florida arbovirus surveillance report include confirmed and probable cases for EEE, WNV infection, SLE, dengue, and malaria. In addition, dengue and malaria tallies may also include suspect cases. Case definitions being used in Florida are consistent with national criteria provided by the Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE) and may be viewed at: http://www.doh.state.fl.us/Disease_ctrl/epi/surv/CaseDefinitions/2012CaseDef_FINAL.pdf Case tallies reported by CDC do not include suspect cases and cases are reported by patient state of residence rather than where the exposure occurred.

Data is provided by county health departments, Department of Health Laboratories, Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, mosquito control agencies, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, medical providers and veterinarians. Equine cases are determined by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.