

# Florida Arbovirus Surveillance Week 34: August 21-27, 2022

Arbovirus surveillance in Florida includes endemic mosquito-borne viruses such as West Nile virus (WNV), Eastern equine encephalitis virus (EEEV), and St. Louis encephalitis virus (SLEV), as well as exotic viruses such as dengue virus (DENV), chikungunya virus (CHIKV), Zika virus (ZIKV) and California encephalitis group viruses (CEV). Malaria, a parasitic mosquito-borne disease is also included. During the period of August 21-27, 2022, the following arboviral activity was recorded in Florida.

**WNV activity:** No human cases of WNV infection were reported this week. No horses with WNV infection were reported this week. Fourteen sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to WNV this week in Citrus, Lee, Manatee, Sarasota, St. Johns, Volusia, and Walton counties. No mosquito pools tested positive for WNV this week. In 2022, positive samples from one human, 97 sentinel chickens and two mosquito pools have been reported from 15 counties.

**SLEV activity:** No human cases of SLEV infection were reported this week. No sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to SLEV this week. In 2022, two positive samples have been reported from two counties.

**Flavivirus (WNV or SLEV)\* activity:** Three sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to a flavivirus this week in Charlotte, St. Johns, and Volusia counties. In 2022, positive samples from six sentinel chickens have been reported from six counties.

**EEEV activity:** No human cases of EEEV infection were reported this week. No horses with EEEV infection were reported this week. Five sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to EEEV this week in Bay, Manatee, Orange, and Walton counties. In 2022, positive samples from 55 sentinel chickens and nine horses have been reported from 22 counties.

**International Travel-Associated Dengue:** Thirty-four cases of dengue were reported this week in persons that had international travel. In 2022, 250 travel-associated dengue cases have been reported.

**Dengue Cases Acquired in Florida:** Three cases of locally acquired dengue were reported this week in Collier and Miami-Dade counties. In 2022, eight cases of locally acquired dengue have been reported.

**International Travel-Associated Chikungunya Fever Cases:** No cases of chikungunya fever were reported this week in persons that had international travel. In 2022, no travel-associated chikungunya fever cases have been reported.

**Chikungunya Fever Cases Acquired in Florida:** No cases of locally acquired chikungunya fever were reported this week. In 2022, no cases of locally acquired chikungunya fever have been reported.

**International Travel-Associated Zika Fever Cases:** No cases of Zika fever were reported this week in persons that had international travel. In 2022, no travel-associated Zika fever cases have been reported.

**Zika Fever Cases Acquired in Florida:** No cases of locally acquired Zika fever were reported this week. In 2022, no cases of locally acquired Zika fever have been reported.

**Advisories/Alerts**: Miami-Dade County is currently under a mosquito-borne illness alert. Bay, Charlotte, Collier, Lee, Osceola, Pinellas, Sarasota, and Volusia counties are currently under a mosquito-borne illness advisory. No other counties are currently under a mosquito-borne illness advisory or alert.

There are currently multiple travel health notices from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention related to mosquito-borne diseases.

	Yellow Fever		
Africa and the Middle East	Americas	Asia and the Pacific Islands	Africa and the Middle East
São Tomé and Príncipe	Colombia	Afghanistan	Ghana
	Cuba	Bangladesh	Kenya
	Dominican Republic	India	Nigeria
	El Salvador	Laos	
Guatemala		Malaysia	
Honduras		Myanmar (Burma)	
	Nicaragua	Pakistan	
	Panama	Philippines	
	Peru	Singapore	
		Sri Lanka	
		Vietnam	

Level 1 Travel Health Notice, Level 2 Travel Health Alert: wwwnc.cdc.gov/travel/notices.

For a map of arboviral disease activity in the United States visit: wwwn.cdc.gov/arbonet/maps/ADB\_Diseases\_Map/index.html.

## **2022 Human Case Summary**

West Nile Virus Illnesses Acquired in Florida: One human case of WNV illness acquired in Florida has been reported in 2022 from Volusia County (July).

International Travel-Associated Dengue Cases: Two hundred and fifty cases with onset in 2022 have been reported in individuals with travel history to a dengue endemic area in the two weeks prior to onset. Counties reporting cases were: Brevard, Broward (11), Collier, Duval (4), Escambia, Hendry, Hillsborough (21), Lee (11), Manatee (2), Miami-Dade (163), Monroe (3), Orange (6), Osceola, Palm Beach (9), Pinellas (5), Polk (3), Sarasota (2), St. Johns, and St. Lucie (4). Four cases were reported in non-Florida residents. Two cases met the criteria for severe dengue (dengue shock syndrome [DSS] or dengue hemorrhagic fever [DHF]). Those at greater risk for DSS and DHF include persons with previous dengue infection, pregnant women, infants, the elderly, and those with co-morbidities. However, severe illness can also occur in those without any of these risk factors. In 2022, 216 cases of dengue reported in Florida have been serotyped by PCR. Please see the table below for a breakdown of case by country of origin and serotype.

Country of Exposure	DENV-1	DENV-2	DENV-3	DENV-4	DENV-1/DENV-2	Unknown	Total
Brazil	5					1	6
Caribbean			1				1
Colombia	2						2
Costa Rica	1					1	2
Cuba	25	48	104	18	1	31	227
Dominican Republic		1					1
El Salvador	1						1
Honduras				1		1	2
India		1					1
Mexico	2	2					4
Panama	1						1
Puerto Rico	1						1
Sri Lanka			1				1
Total	38	52	106	19	1	34	250

**Dengue Cases Acquired in Florida:** In 2022, eight cases of locally acquired dengue have been reported in Collier and Miami-Dade counties (7), with onsets in June, July (5), and August (2).

International Travel-Associated Malaria Cases: Thirty-four cases of malaria with onset in 2022 have been reported. Countries of origin were: Brazil (3), Cameroon, Central African Republic, Côte D'Ivoire, Ethiopia, Equatorial Guinea, Ghana (3), Guinea, India, Kenya, Nicaragua (3), Nigeria (10), Sierra Leone (2), Sudan, Uganda (2), Venezuela and Zambia. Counties reporting cases were: Brevard, Broward (7), Duval (5), Flagler, Hillsborough (4), Lee (3), Leon, Miami-Dade (2), Orange (3), Palm Beach (3), Pasco, Pinellas, Santa Rosa, and St. Johns. Five cases were reported in non-Florida residents.

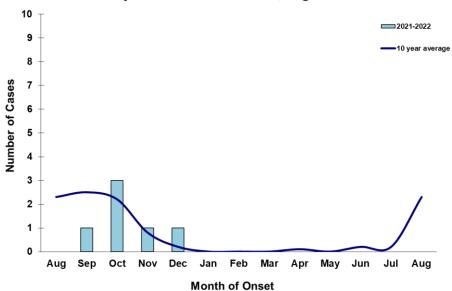
Twenty-one cases (62%) were diagnosed with *Plasmodium falciparum*. Ten cases (29%) were diagnosed with *Plasmodium vivax*. Three cases (9%) were diagnosed with *Plasmodium malariae*.

# **Veterinary Cases\*\***

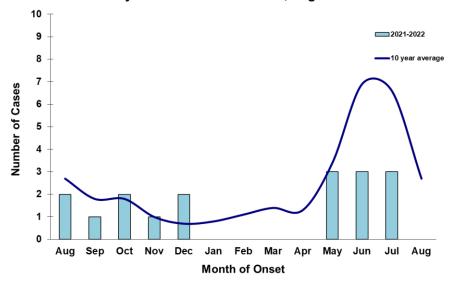
\*\*Veterinary cases are reported by date of onset. Only mammalian veterinary cases are included in the graphs.

No veterinary cases were reported this week.

### Veterinary WNV Disease in Florida, August 2021-2022



#### Veterinary EEEV Disease in Florida, August 2021-2022



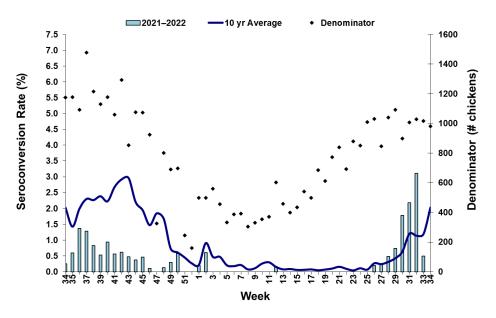
### **Sentinel Chickens**

The table below is for the reporting of confirmatory laboratory results from this week. Some of the samples were collected at earlier dates. The date of collection is recorded for samples collected on that day along with the total number of positives and the corresponding seroconversion rate for the week the sample was collected.

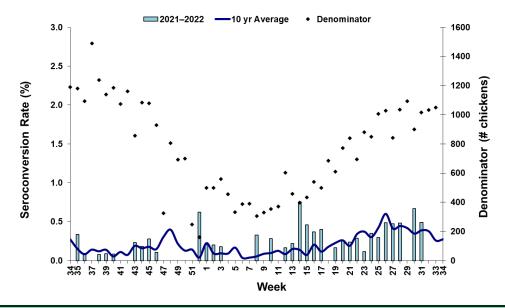
Fourteen sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to WNV this week in Citrus, Lee, Manatee, Sarasota, St. Johns, Volusia, and Walton counties. Five sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to EEEV this week in Bay, Manatee, Orange, and Walton counties. Three sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to a flavivirus this week in Charlotte, St. Johns, and Volusia counties. Three sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to HJV this week in Orange, Volusia, and Walton counties.

				Seroconversion Rates (%)		County	y Totals		
County	Collection Date	Flavi	SLEV	WNV	Alpha	EEEV	ΗJV	Collection Week	YTD
Bay	7/25/2022				5.88	5.88		3 WNV, 1 EEEV	16 WNV, 1 EEEV
Charlotte	8/12/2022	5.88						1 Flavivirus	11 WNV, 1 Flavivirus
Citrus	7/19/2022	1.43		1.43				1 WNV	5 WNV, 11 EEEV, 1 Flavivirus
	7/18/2022	1.03		1.03				1 WNV	
Lee	7/26/2022	4.12		4.12				4 WNV	23 WNV
	8/15/2022-8/16/2022	2.38		2.38				2 WNV	
	7/13/2022				1.56	1.56		1 EEEV	
Manatee	7/26/2022	3.08		3.08				2 WNV	3 WNV, 1 EEEV
	8/9/2022	1.54		1.54				1 WNV	
	5/31/2022				1.77		0.88	1 EEEV, 1 HJV	
Orange	7/5/2022				1.82	1.82		2 EEEV	16 EEEV, 1 HJV
	7/11/2022				1.80	1.80		2 EEEV	
	7/22/2022	6.06		6.06				4 WNV	45 \\/\\\\ 4 CLE\/
Sarasota	8/9/2022	1.67		1.67				1 WNV	15 WNV, 1 SLEV, 1 Flavivirus
	8/15/2022	1.92		1.92				1 WNV	i Flaviviius
St. Johns	8/15/2022	3.77		1.89				1 WNV, 1 Flavivirus	2 WNV, 1 Flavivirus
	5/23/2022				2.00		2.00	1 HJV	E WNV 2 FFFV
Volusia	8/8/2022	4.00		4.00				2 WNV	5 WNV, 2 EEEV, 1 HJV, 1 Flavivirus
	8/15/2022	2.00						1 Flavivirus	TIJV, I Flavivilus
	7/13/2022				2.33	2.33		2 EEEV	5 WNV, 12 EEEV,
Walton	7/25/2022				4.44		2.22	1 WNV, 1 EEEV, 1 HJV	1 SLEV, 2 HJV,
	8/15/2022	1.11		1.11				1 WNV	1 Flavivirus

#### Sentinel Seroconversions to WNV in Florida, 2021–2022



#### Sentinel Seroconversions to EEEV in Florida, 2021–2022



# **Mosquito Pools**

No mosquito pools tested positive for WNV or EEEV this week.

County	Collection	Result		County YTD
	Date		Species	

## **Dead Birds**

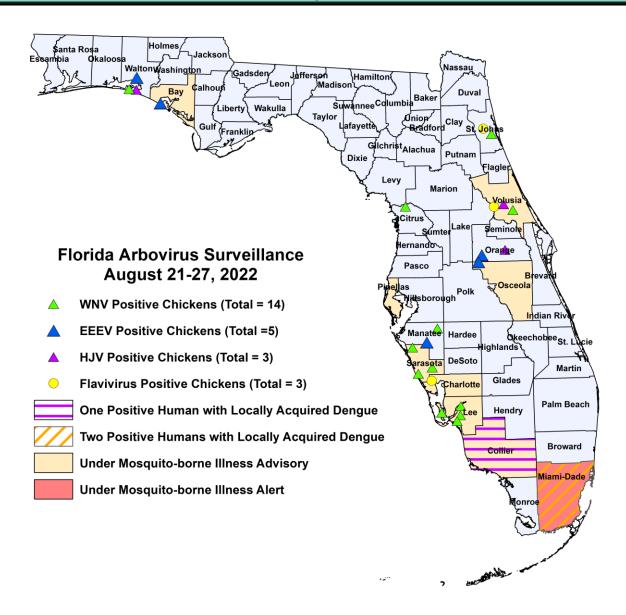
The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) collects reports of dead birds, which can be an indication of arbovirus circulation in an area. This week, 23 reports representing a total of 48 dead birds, including 1 crow, 1 raptor, and 10 doves, were received from 14 counties.

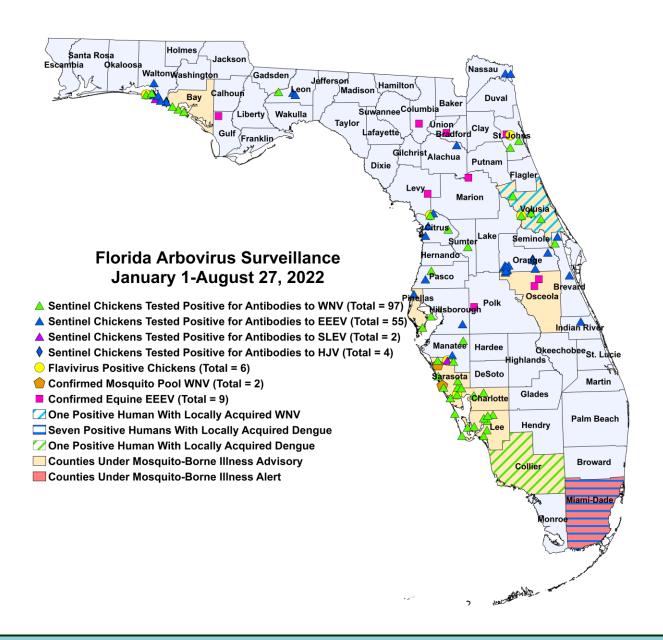
In 2022, 1134 reports representing a total of 3031 dead birds (109 crows, 33 jays, 175 raptors, 145 doves) were received from 56 of Florida's 67 counties.

## 2022

County	Total Dead Birds	Crows	Jays	Raptors	Doves
Alachua	1	0	0	0	0
Bay	9	0	0	0	0
Collier	3	0	0	0	0
Escambia	1	0	0	1	0
Gilchrist	1	0	0	0	0
Holmes	1	1	0	0	0
Lee	3	0	0	0	1
Leon	2	0	0	0	0
Miami-Dade	6	0	0	0	6
Pinellas	3	0	0	0	0
Putnam	10	0	0	0	0
Santa Rosa	2	0	0	0	2
Sarasota	1	0	0	0	1
Str. Johns	5	0	0	0	0

## Maps





## 2022 Arbovirus Activity by County

County	Humans	Equines	Sentinel Chickens	Other
Alachua			1 EEEV (5/31)	
Вау			16 WNV (3/21, 7/5, 7/18, 7/25, 8/1, 8/8) 1 EEEV (7/25)	
Bradford		1 EEEV (6/22)		
Brevard			1 WNV (8/5) 2 EEEV (4/7, 7/1)	
Charlotte			11 WNV (7/1, 7/15, 7/29, 8/5) 1 Flavivirus (8/12)	
Citrus			5 WNV (1/4, 1/11, 7/19) 11 EEEV (1/11,1/18, 4/19, 5/17, 5/23, 6/1, 6/14, 6/21, 6/28, 7/6) 1 Flavivirus (1/25)	
Collier	1 dengue (July)			
Columbia		1 EEEV (5/9)		
Gulf		1 EEEV (7/25)		

County	Humans	Equines	Sentinel Chickens	Other
Hillsborough			2 WNV (8/10) 1 EEEV (3/23)	
Indian River			1 EEEV (3/23) 1 EEEV (4/28)	
			23 WNV (6/27, 7/5, 7/11, 7/18,	
Lee			7/25, 7/26, 8/8, 8/9, 8/15, 8/16)	
Leon			1 WNV (7/27)	
		1 FFF\/ (6/16\	3 EEEV (7/27, 8/1)	
Levy		1 EEEV (6/16)	3 WNV (7/26, 8/9)	
Manatee			1 EEEV (7/13)	
Marion		1 EEEV (7/7)	, ,	
Miami-Dade	7 dengue (June, July (4), August (2))			
Nassau			2 EEEV (7/29, 8/6)	
Orange			16 EEEV (1/3, 3/28, 4/11, 4/25, 5/16, 5/31, 6/6, 6/20, 6/27, 7/5, 7/11, 7/25, 8/1) 1 HJV (5/31)	
Osceola		2 EEEV (5/24, 5/26)		
Pasco			1 WNV (7/25) 1 EEEV (4/11)	
Pinellas			6 WNV (7/25, 8/1, 8/8) 1 EEEV (3/7)	
Polk		1 EEEV (6/19)		
Sarasota			15 WNV (7/15, 7/22, 8/2, 8/5, 8/9, 8/15) 1 SLEV (7/26) 1 Flavivirus (6/7)	2 WNV mosquito pool (Cx. quinquefasciatus [7/20, 7/27])
St. Johns		1 EEEV (7/5)	2 WNV (7/25, 8/15) 1 Flavivirus (8/15)	
Sumter			1 WNV (8/8)	
Volusia	1 WNV (July)		5 WNV (7/11, 7/25, 8/8) 2 EEEV (2/21, 6/27) 1 HJV (5/23) 1 Flavivirus (8/15)	
Walton			5 WNV (7/25, 8/8, 8/15) 12 EEEV (4/4, 5/9, 6/13, 6/20, 6/27, 7/5, 7/11, 7/13, 7/25, 8/1) 1 SLEV (3/21) 2 HJV (6/20, 7/25) 1 Flavivirus (3/21)	

<sup>\*</sup>Six chickens in 2022 have tested positive for flavivirus antibodies and require additional specialized testing to distinguish between WNV and SLEV antibodies. Testing is currently delayed due to supply chain issues. The final determination of these birds will be updated as more information becomes available. In Florida, both WNV and SLEV have similar disease vectors and epidemiology. Seroconversion rates for flavivirus are included in the table.

## **Acknowledgements and Data Sources**

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For more surveillance information, please see the DOH website at: www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/mosquito-borne-diseases/surveillance.html

For arbovirus surveillance information for the United States, please see the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention website at: www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dvbid/westnile/surv&control.htm

Case tallies included in the weekly Florida arbovirus surveillance report include confirmed and probable cases for EEE, WNV infection, SLE, dengue, chikungunya, and malaria by date of onset. Suspect cases are not included. Activity is mapped by county of exposure rather than county of residence. Case definitions being used in Florida are consistent with national criteria provided by the Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE) and may be viewed at: <a href="https://www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/disease-reporting-and-management/disease-reporting-and-surveillance/index.html">https://www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/disease-reporting-and-management/disease-reporting-and-surveillance/index.html</a>. Case tallies reported by CDC do not include suspect cases and cases are reported by patient state of residence rather than where the exposure occurred. Data is provided by county health departments, Department of Health Bureau of Public Health Laboratories, Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, mosquito control agencies, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, medical providers and veterinarians. Equine cases are provided by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.