

Florida Arbovirus Surveillance Week 8: February 19-25, 2023

Arbovirus surveillance in Florida includes endemic mosquito-borne viruses such as West Nile virus (WNV), Eastern equine encephalitis virus (EEEV), and St. Louis encephalitis virus (SLEV), as well as exotic viruses such as dengue virus (DENV), chikungunya virus (CHIKV), Zika virus (ZIKV) and California encephalitis group viruses (CEV). Malaria, a parasitic mosquito-borne disease is also included. During the period of February 19-25, 2023, the following arboviral activity was recorded in Florida.

This report contains information for 2022 and 2023.

WNV activity: No human cases of WNV infection were reported this week. No horses with WNV infection were reported this week. No sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to WNV this week. No mosquito pools tested positive for WNV this week. In 2022, positive samples from six humans, five horses, 489 sentinel chickens, and eight mosquito pools have been reported from 27 counties. In 2023, a positive sample from one horse has been reported from one county.

SLEV activity: No human cases of SLEV infection were reported this week. No sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to SLEV this week. In 2022, 19 positive samples have been reported from 11 counties.

Flavivirus (WNV or SLEV)* activity: No sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to a flavivirus this week. In 2022, positive samples from five sentinel chickens have been reported from four counties.

EEEV activity: No human cases of EEEV infection were reported this week. No horses with EEEV infection waere reported this week. No sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to EEEV this week. In 2022, positive samples from 72 sentinel chickens and 11 horses have been reported from 24 counties. In 2023, positive samples from five sentinel chickens and two horses have been reported from five counties.

International Travel-Associated Dengue: Fourteen cases of dengue were reported this week in persons that had international travel. In 2022, 915 travel-associated dengue cases have been reported. In 2023, 30 travel-associated dengue fever cases have been reported.

Dengue Cases Acquired in Florida: No cases of locally acquired dengue were reported this week. In 2022, 68 cases of locally acquired dengue have been reported. In 2023, one case of locally acquired dengue has been reported.

International Travel-Associated Chikungunya Fever Cases: No cases of chikungunya fever were reported this week in persons that had international travel. In 2022, no travel-associated chikungunya fever cases have been reported.

Chikungunya Fever Cases Acquired in Florida: No cases of locally acquired chikungunya fever were reported this week. In 2022, no cases of locally acquired chikungunya fever have been reported.

International Travel-Associated Zika Fever Cases: No cases of Zika fever were reported this week in persons that had international travel. In 2022, no travel-associated Zika fever cases have been reported.

Zika Fever Cases Acquired in Florida: No cases of locally acquired Zika fever were reported this week. In 2022, no cases of locally acquired Zika fever have been reported.

Advisories/Alerts: Miami-Dade County is currently under a mosquito-borne illness alert. No other counties are currently under a mosquito-borne illness advisory or alert.

There are currently multiple travel health notices from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention related to mosquito-borne diseases.

	Dengue		Chikungunya	Yellow Fever	Japanese Encephalitis
Africa and the Middle East	Americas	Asia and the Pacific Islands	South America	Africa and the Middle East	Oceania
São Tomé and Príncipe	Colombia	Afghanistan	Paraguay	Ghana	Australia
Somalia	Cuba	Bangladesh		Kenya	
Sudan	Dominican Republic	India		Nigeria	
	El Salvador	Laos			
	Guatemala	Malaysia			
	Honduras	Myanmar (Burma)			
	Nicaragua	Nepal			
	Panama	Pakistan			
	Peru	Philippines			
		Singapore			
		Sri Lanka			
		Vietnam			

Level 1 Travel Health Notice, Level 2 Travel Health Alert: wwwn.cdc.gov/travel/notices. For a map of arboviral disease activity in the United States visit: wwwn.cdc.gov/arbonet/maps/ADB_Diseases_Map/index.html.

2022-2023 Human Case Summary

2022 West Nile Virus Illnesses Acquired in Florida: Six human cases of WNV illness acquired in Florida have been reported in 2022 from Volusia (July, August), Sarasota (September), Hillsborough (October), St. Johns (October), and Escambia (November) counties.

2022 International Travel-Associated Dengue Cases: Nine hundred and fifteen cases with onset in 2022 have been reported in individuals with travel history to a dengue endemic area in the two weeks prior to onset. Counties reporting cases were: Alachua, Brevard (2), Broward (58), Charlotte, Collier (12), Duval (9), Escambia (2), Flagler (2), Hendry (3), Hernando (2), Hillsborough (79), Indian River, Lake, Lee (30), Leon, Manatee (2), Martin (2), Miami-Dade (617), Monroe (4), Orange (16), Osceola (5), Palm Beach (28), Pasco (3), Pinellas (7), Polk (8), Santa Rosa, Sarasota (5), St. Johns, St. Lucie (8), Suwannee (2), and Volusia (2). Twelve cases were reported in non-Florida residents. Twelve cases met the criteria for severe dengue (dengue shock syndrome [DSS] or dengue hemorrhagic fever [DHF]). Those at greater risk for DSS and DHF include persons with previous dengue infection, pregnant women, infants, the elderly, and those with co-morbidities. However, severe illness can also occur in those without any of these risk factors. In 2022, 794 cases of dengue reported in Florida have been serotyped by PCR. Please see the table below for a breakdown of cases by country of origin and serotype.

Country of Exposure	DENV-1	DENV-2	DENV-3	DENV-4	DENV-1/ DENV-2	DENV-1/ DENV-3	DENV-2/ DENV-3	Unknown	Total
Bangladesh			1					1	2
Brazil	7							2	9
Caribbean			1						1
Central America			1						1
Colombia	2								2
Costa Rica	1							1	2
Cuba	43	90	543	48	2	4	1	104	835
Cuba/Central America	1							1	2
Dominican Republic	1	9						1	11
El Salvador	1			1					2

Guatemala	2	1						1	4
Guyana			1						1
Haiti	1								1
Honduras				1				1	2
India		3	1					1	5
Indonesia								1	1
Jamaica			1						1
Maldives		1							1
Mexico	6	3	1					1	11
Nicaragua				4				2	6
Pakistan	2		1						3
Panama	1							1	2
Puerto Rico	6							1	7
Sri Lanka			1					1	2
Uruguay								1	1
Total	74	107	552	54	2	4	1	121	915

2022 Dengue Cases Acquired in Florida: In 2022, 68 cases of locally acquired dengue have been reported in Collier, Broward (2), Miami-Dade (64), and Volusia counties, with onsets in June, July (5), August (18), September (10), October (18), November (11), and December (5). One case was reported in a non-Florida resident. Sixty-one of the cases have been serotyped by PCR. Serotypes reported were DENV-3 (58), DENV-4 (2), and DENV-2.

2023 International Travel-Associated Dengue Cases: Thirty cases with onset in 2023 have been reported in individuals with travel history to a dengue endemic area in the two weeks prior to onset. Counties reporting cases were: Broward, Collier, Duval, Hendry, Hillsborough (4), Lee, Miami-Dade (20), and Orange. In 2023, twenty-eight cases of dengue reported in Florida have been serotyped by PCR. Please see the table below for a breakdown of cases by country of origin and serotype.

Country of Exposure	DENV-1	DENV-2	DENV-3	Unknown	Total
Brazil	1				1
Cuba	1	1	24	2	28
India			1		1
Total	2	1	25	2	30

2023 Dengue Cases Acquired in Florida: In 2023, one case of locally acquired dengue has been reported in Miami-Dade County, with onset in January. The serotype was DENV-3.

2022 International Travel-Associated Malaria Cases: Sixty-three cases of malaria with onset in 2022 have been reported. Countries of origin were: Brazil (3), Cameroon (3), Central African Republic, Côte D'Ivoire, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Ethiopia (3), Equatorial Guinea (2), Ghana (5), Guinea (2), Guyana, India, Kenya, multiple countries (5), Nicaragua (7), Nigeria (14), Pakistan (2), Sierra Leone (4), Solomon Islands, Sudan, Uganda (3), Venezuela, and Zambia. Counties reporting cases were: Brevard, Broward (8), Duval (6), Flagler (3), Hillsborough (7), Lake, Lee (4), Leon, Manatee, Miami-Dade (10), Nassau, Orange (5), Palm Beach (6), Pasco (2), Pinellas (2), Sarasota (2), Santa Rosa, and St. Johns (2). Ten cases were reported in non-Florida residents.

Thirty-five cases (56%) were diagnosed with *Plasmodium falciparum*. Twenty-five cases (40%) were diagnosed with *Plasmodium vivax*. Three cases (5%) were diagnosed with *Plasmodium malariae*.

2023 International Travel-Associated Malaria Cases: Five cases of malaria with onset in 2023 have been reported. Countries of origin were: Burundi, Côte D'Ivoire, Ghana, Nicaragua, and Sierra Leone. Counties reporting cases were: Duval, Leon, Miami-Dade, and Pinellas (2). One case was reported in a non-Florida resident.

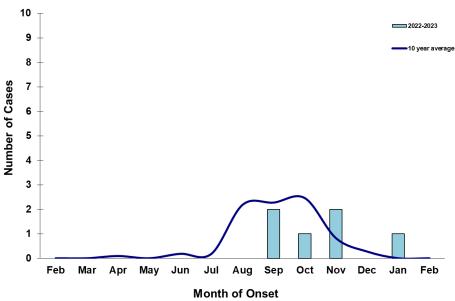
Three cases (60%) were diagnosed with *Plasmodium falciparum*. One case (20%) was diagnosed with *Plasmodium vivax*. One case (20%) was diagnosed with *Plasmodium malariae*.

Veterinary Cases**

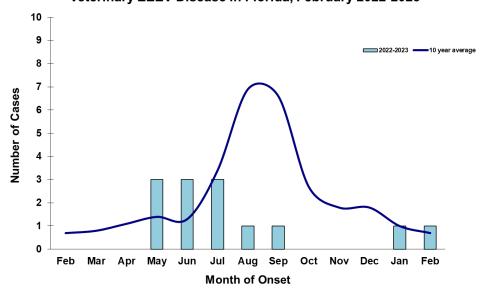
**Veterinary cases are reported by date of onset. Only mammalian veterinary cases are included in the graphs.

No veterinary cases were reported this week.

Veterinary WNV Disease in Florida, February 2022-2023



Veterinary EEEV Disease in Florida, February 2022-2023



Sentinel Chickens

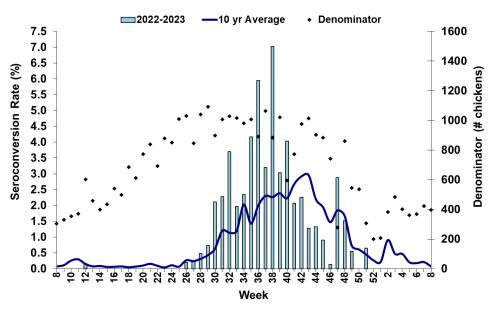
The table below is for the reporting of confirmatory laboratory results from this week. Some of the samples were collected at earlier dates. The date of collection is recorded for samples collected on that day along with the total number of positives and the corresponding seroconversion rate for the week the sample was collected.

No sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to SLEV, WNV, EEEV or HJV this week

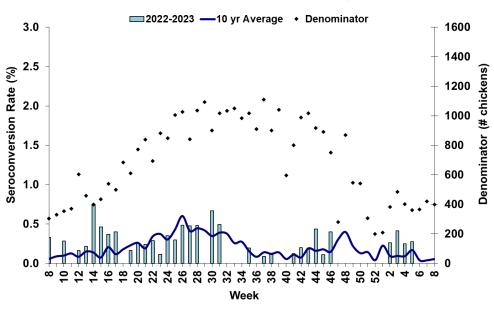
2023

		;	Serocon	version F	Rates (%)			County Totals
County Collectio	n Flavi	SLEV	WNV	Alpha	EEEV	HJV	Collection Week	YTD

Sentinel Seroconversions to WNV in Florida, 2022–2023



Sentinel Seroconversions to EEEV in Florida, 2022–2023



Mosquito Pools

No mosquito pools tested positive for WNV or EEEV this week.

County	Collection	Result		County YTD
	Date		Species	•

Dead Birds

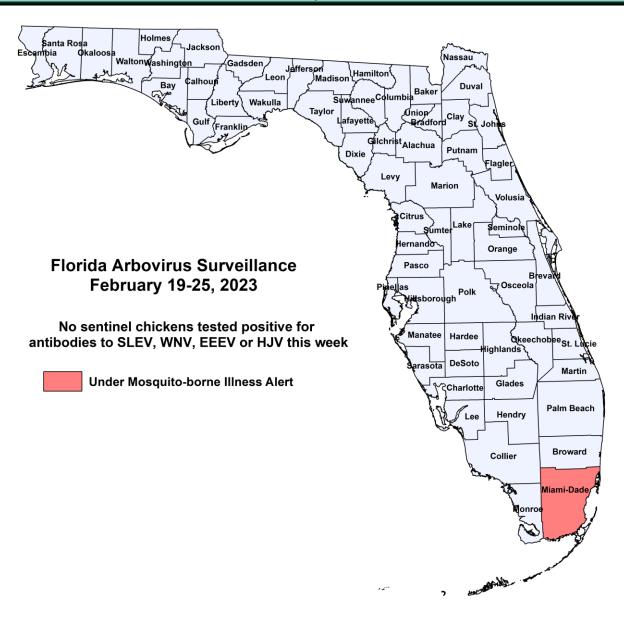
The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) collects reports of dead birds, which can be an indication of arbovirus circulation in an area. This week, 21 reports representing a total of 28 dead birds, including one jay and five raptors, were received from 16 counties.

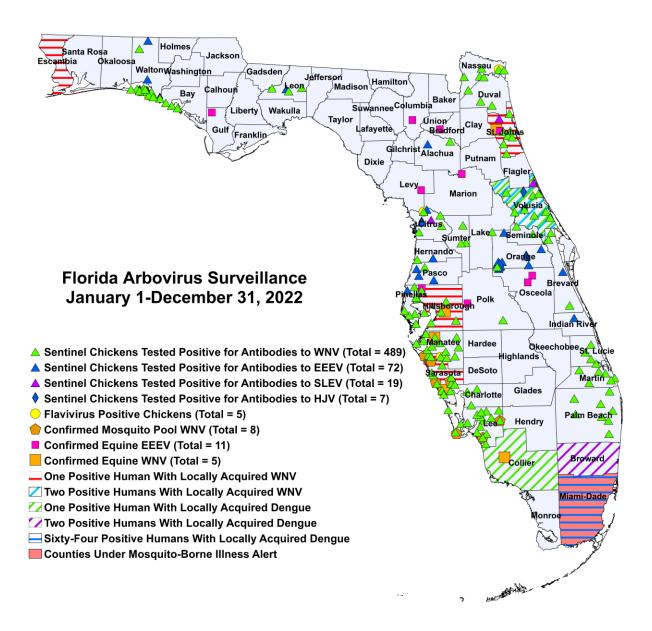
In 2023, 165 reports representing a total of 353 dead birds (11 crows, 4 jays, 21 raptors, 2 doves) were received from 41 of Florida's 67 counties.

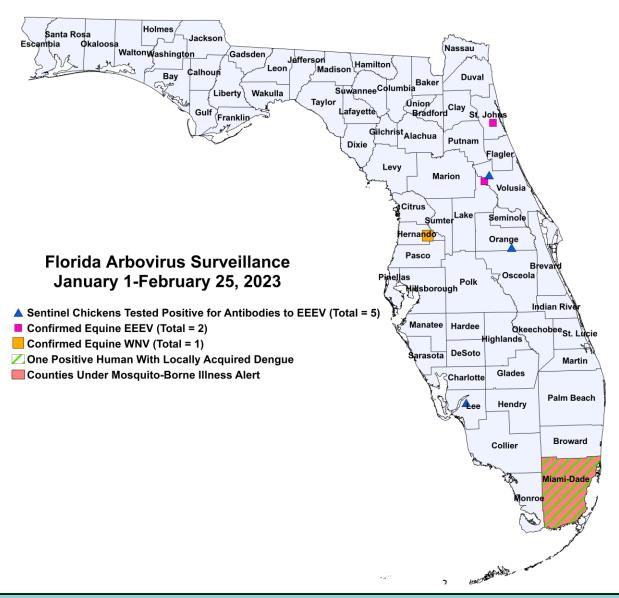
2023

County	Total Dead Birds	Crows	Jays	Raptors	Doves
Brevard	1	0	0	0	0
Duval	1	0	0	0	0
Escambia	1	0	0	0	0
Hillsborough	2	0	0	0	0
Lake	2	0	1	1	0
Lee	4	0	0	0	0
Leon	1	0	0	1	0
Nassau	1	0	0	0	0
Okaloosa	2	0	0	0	0
Orange	1	0	0	0	0
Osceola	1	0	0	0	0
Palm Beach	1	0	0	0	0
Pinellas	2	0	0	1	0
Sarasota	1	0	0	1	0
St. Johns	5	0	0	0	0
Volusia	2	0	0	1	0

Maps







2022 Arbovirus Activity by County

County	Humans	Equines	Sentinel Chickens	Other
Alachua			1 WNV (9/13) 4 EEEV (5/31, 9/13, 11/8, 11/15)	
Вау			37 WNV (3/21, 7/5, 7/18, 7/25, 8/1, 8/8, 8/22, 8/30, 9/6, 9/12, 9/19, 9/26, 11/7, 12/5) 1 EEEV (7/25) 1 SLEV (10/24)	
Bradford		1 EEEV (6/22)		
Brevard			4 WNV (8/5, 10/5, 10/17, 12/20) 2 EEEV (4/7, 7/1)	
Broward	2 dengue (October)			
Charlotte			27 WNV (7/1, 7/15, 7/29, 8/5, 8/12, 8/19, 9/1, 9/9, 9/16, 9/23, 10/28, 12/2)	

County	Humans	Equines	Sentinel Chickens	Other
			10 WNV (1/4, 1/11, 7/19, 8/30, 9/6, 10/18, 10/31, 11/9)	
			11 EEEV (1/11,1/18, 4/19, 5/17,	
Citrus			5/23, 6/1, 6/14, 6/21, 6/28, 7/6) 2 SLEV (9/6, 10/24)	
			1 HJV (10/31)	
			1 Flavivirus (1/25)	
Collier	1 dengue (July)	1 WNV (8/21)		
Columbia		1 EEEV (5/9)	F WNV (9/20, 0/42, 0/40, 40/4	
Duval			5 WNV (8/29, 9/12, 9/19, 10/4, 10/10)	
Escambia	1 WNV (November)			
Gulf		1 EEEV (7/25)		
Hernando			2 WNV (8/15) 1 EEEV (10/24)	
		4 M/NIV (40/00)	18 WNV (8/2, 8/10, 8/24, 9/7, 9/13,	
Hillsborough	1 WNV (October)	1 WNV (10/23) 2 EEEV (8/28, 9/2)	9/21, 10/26, 11/2, 11/8) 1 EEEV (3/23)	
		(0,_0, 0,_)	1 SLEV (10/26)	
Indian River			1 EEEV (4/28)	
			74 WNV (6/27, 7/5, 7/11, 7/18, 7/25, 7/26, 8/8, 8/9, 8/15, 8/16,	3 WNV mosquito
1			8/22, 8/23, 8/29, 8/30, 9/5, 9/6,	pools (<i>Cx.</i>
Lee			9/12, 9/13, 9/19, 9/20, 10/3, 10/4,	nigripalpus
			10/10, 10/17, 10/31, 11/28) 1 EEEV (10/31)	[8/2,8/9, 9/5])
			8 WNV (7/27, 8/8, 8/15, 9/20, 9/26,	
Leon			10/18)	
Levy		1 EEEV (6/16)	5 EEEV (7/27, 8/1, 8/29, 9/20)	
Levy		1 LLL V (0/10)	36 WNV (7/26, 8/9, 8/24, 8/30, 9/6,	
Manatee		1 WNV (9/1)	9/13, 9/21, 9/26, 10/5, 10/19)	
Marian		4 FFF\/ /7/7\	1 EEEV (7/13)	
Marion		1 EEEV (7/7)	13 WNV (9/23, 10/7, 10/14, 10/28,	
Martin			12/2)	
			4 SLEV (10/21)	
	64 dengue (June, July (4), August (18),			
Miemi Dede	September (9),			
Miami-Dade	October (16),			
	November (11), December (5))			
	75. (5//		35 WNV (8/11, 9/2, 9/8, 9/23, 9/24,	
Neces			10/1, 10/7, 10/8, 10/14, 10/28, 11/4, 11/25, 11/26, 12/2, 12/3)	
Nassau			5 EEEV (7/29, 8/6, 11/4, 11/19)	
			1 Flavivirus (10/8)	
			3 WNV (9/6, 10/17)	
Orange			18 EEEV (1/3, 3/28, 4/11, 4/25, 5/16, 5/31, 6/6, 6/20, 6/27, 7/5,	
Orango -			7/11, 7/25, 8/1, 10/17, 10/31)	
			1 HJV (5/31)	
Osceola		2 EEEV (5/24, 5/26)		

County	Humans	Equines	Sentinel Chickens	Other
Palm Beach			30 WNV (8/15, 8/29, 9/12, 9/13, 9/20, 9/26, 10/3, 10/18, 10/24, 10/25, 11/1, 11/28, 11/29, 12/19) 1 SLEV (8/29)	
Pasco			1 WNV (7/25) 3 EEEV (4/11, 8/29, 10/23)	
Pinellas			30 WNV (7/25, 8/1, 8/8, 9/6, 9/12, 9/19, 9/26, 10/17, 10/31, 11/21, 12/5) 1 EEEV (3/7)	
Polk		1 EEEV (6/19)	1 WNV (9/26)	
Sarasota	1 WNV (September)	1 WNV (8/28)	54 WNV (7/15, 7/22, 7/26, 7/29, 8/2, 8/5, 8/9, 8/15, 8/16, 8/19, 8/26, 8/30, 9/2, 9/7, 9/9, 9/13, 9/16, 9/20, 9/23, 10/14, 10/17, 10/25, 11/22) 3 SLEV (8/26, 9/9, 10/21) 1 Flavivirus (6/7)	5 WNV mosquito pools (<i>Cx.</i> quinquefasciatus [7/20, 7/27, 9/8,9/12])
Seminole			3 WNV (8/22, 8/29, 9/19) 1 SLEV (8/22)	
St. Johns	1 WNV (October)	1 EEEV (7/5) 1 WNV (10/25)	19 WNV (7/25, 8/8, 8/15, 8/29, 9/6, 9/12, 9/19, 10/17, 11/7) 3 SLEV (10/24, 11/21)	
St. Lucie			9 WNV (8/31, 9/22, 9/27, 10/5, 10/7, 10/26, 11/17)	
Sumter			4 WNV (8/8, 8/15, 9/12, 10/24, 11/2) 1 SLEV (9/6)	
Volusia	2 WNV (July, August) 1 dengue (September)		21 WNV (7/11, 7/25, 8/8, 8/15, 9/6, 9/12, 9/26, 10/3, 10/10, 10/17) 3 EEEV (2/21, 6/27, 11/14) 1 SLEV (9/6) 2 HJV (5/23, 11/7)	
Walton			44 WNV (7/25, 8/8, 8/15, 8/22, 8/29, 8/31, 9/6, 9/12, 9/19, 10/10, 10/17, 10/24, 10/31, 11/7) 14 EEEV (4/4, 5/9, 6/13, 6/20, 6/27, 7/5, 7/11, 7/13, 7/25, 8/1, 10/10, 10/18) 1 SLEV (3/21) 3 HJV (6/20, 7/25, 9/26) 2 Flavivirus (3/21, 8/22)	

^{*}Five chickens in 2022 have tested positive for flavivirus antibodies and require additional specialized testing to distinguish between WNV and SLEV antibodies. Testing is currently delayed due to supply chain issues. The final determination of these birds will be updated as more information becomes available. In Florida, both WNV and SLEV have similar disease vectors and epidemiology. Seroconversion rates for flavivirus are included in the table.

2023 Arbovirus Activity by County

County	Humans	Equines	Sentinel Chickens	Other
Hernando		1 WNV (1/6)		
Lake		1 EEEV (1/29)		
Lee			1 EEEV (1/9)	
Miami-Dade	1 dengue (January)			

County	Humans	Equines	Sentinel Chickens	Other
Orange			1 EEEV (1/17)	
St. Johns		1 EEEV (2/2)		
Volusia			3 EEEV (1/17, 1/23, 1/30)	

Acknowledgements and Data Sources

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For more surveillance information, please see the DOH website at: www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/mosquito-borne-diseases/surveillance.html

For arbovirus surveillance information for the United States, please see the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention website at: www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dvbid/westnile/surv&control.htm

Case tallies included in the weekly Florida arbovirus surveillance report include confirmed and probable cases for EEE, WNV infection, SLE, dengue, chikungunya, and malaria by date of onset. Suspect cases are not included. Activity is mapped by county of exposure rather than county of residence. Case definitions being used in Florida are consistent with national criteria provided by the Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE) and may be viewed at: www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/disease-reporting-and-management/disease-reporting-and-surveillance/index.html. Case tallies reported by CDC do not include suspect cases and cases are reported by patient state of residence rather than where the exposure occurred. Data is provided by county health departments, Department of Health Bureau of Public Health Laboratories, Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, mosquito control agencies, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, medical providers and veterinarians. Equine cases are provided by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.