RSV and Other Respiratory Virus Surveillance

RSV = respiratory syncytial virus

RSV activity:
- In week 22, the percent of children <5 years old diagnosed with RSV at EDs and UCCs decreased but remained above levels observed in previous seasons at this time.
- Florida’s southeast region is currently in RSV season.
- No new RSV-associated pediatric deaths were identified in week 22. One RSV-associated pediatric death has been identified so far this year. Premature infants and children <2 years with certain underlying medical conditions are at higher risk for complications from RSV infection. Prophylaxis is available for children who qualify. For more information, contact your physician.
- To learn more about RSV in Florida, please visit: http://www.floridahealth.gov/rsv.

RSV seasonality:
- RSV activity in Florida typically peaks between November and January, though activity can vary dramatically by region. According to CDC, the start of RSV season is marked by the first two consecutive weeks during which the average percentage of specimens testing positive for RSV is ≥10%. Florida has established regular RSV seasons based on these thresholds.
- Despite some regions being out of season, RSV continues to circulate at low levels throughout the states, even in the off-season.
- Florida’s RSV season is longer than the rest of the nation and has distinct regional seasonality. For more information on RSV seasonality in Florida, see the American Academy of Pediatrics’ 2015 Red Book.

Other respiratory virus surveillance:
- In weeks 21-22, no outbreaks of RSV, adenovirus, human metapneumovirus, rhinovirus, parainfluenza 1-3, coronavirus (CoV) NL63, CoV-229E, CoV-OC43, CoV-HKU1, or enterovirus were reported.

**ED and UCC Visits for RSV by Children <5 Years Old**

ED = emergency department, UCC = urgent care center, RSV = respiratory syncytial virus

The figure below shows the percent of visits to EDs and UCCs with discharge diagnoses that include RSV or RSV-associated illness, as reported by participating ESSENCE-FL facilities (n=323), week 30, 2014 through week 22, 2018.

*This overall trend has been validated through review of hospital discharge data collected by the Agency for Health Care Administration.*

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