Assessment Data and Quality Improvement Techniques: Tools for Improving Community Health Plans and Outcomes 9:00 a.m. – 4:00 p.m.

Goal: Equip participants with information and tools to successfully interpret and apply assessment results to health improvement planning and quality improvement processes.

Objectives: Using the results of a variety of assessments, participants will be able to:

- Describe relevance of various data sources to community and quality improvement plans.
- Identify and apply methods for interpreting data, assessing importance of health issues, and setting priorities.
- Outline components of an effective action plan.
- Identify and apply methods for measuring progress.

Time	Topic/Activity	Presenter	Handouts
8:30 – 9:00 a.m.	Sign in and Networking		Sign-in sheet
Registration	Flip chart paper will be posted near the registration table with various kinds of plans identified. Ask participants to place dots under each of the plans they are currently involved.		Dots Flipchart paper
9:00 – 9:15 a.m.	Introduction of participants Review agenda	Chris	Copies of agenda Copies of DOH Performance
Using a Performance	Collect final lunch orders		Improvement Process; Turning Point Matrix; Plan-Do-Check-Act
Improvement Process	Provide an overview of the process Describe that we will be using the DOH Performance Improvement Process as the model for improvement. Gather data Analyze data Identify priorities Create and implement plan of action Evaluate plan of action		model for improvement
	Performance improvement is a way of looking at, and addressing gaps in a		

Time	Topic/Activity			Presenter	Handouts	
	public health system, organization, or program's performance over time. Initiating a performance improvement process will help you to:					
		sults when worki cies in your proc ance gaps; and		· ·		
9:15 – 9:45 a.m.	Identify data source	s and discuss the	eir use in plannin	g activities	JoAnn	Flipchart paper
	Activity 1) Discuss the differ	ent kinds of plan	s that are in prog	ress from among		Markers
Gathering Data	the participants (e.g planning; program p	•	Ith improvement	planning; strategic		LPHSA results
	Identify data soul System Assessment	rces that particip				County Performance Snapshot BRFSS
	3) Discuss relevance of each type of data to the development of these plans (e.g. strengths, OFIs)				Community Needs Assessment	
		1	1			CHD agency or program strategic plan(s)
	Plan / Data Source	Health Profile Strengths/OFIs	LPHSA Strengths/OFIs	CPS Strengths/OFIs		otracegie plantoj
	Strategic plan	Strengths/OFIs	Strengths/OFIs	Strengths/OFIs		
	Business plan	Strengths/OFIs	Strengths/OFIs	Strengths/OFIs		
	Program-specific plan	Strengths/OFIs	Strengths/OFIs	Strengths/OFIs		
				_		

Time	Topic/Activity	Presenter	Handouts
9:45 a.m. – 11:30 a.m. Interpreting the Data	Presentation / Whole Group Exercise: Finding Meaningful Results Discuss ways to identify outliers: Quartiles rankingsHP2020 worst or best 3 Remind participants to look at magnitude and trend. Ask the group to review the Gadsden County reports: a) Using the different reports, identify the outliers. Are they strengths? OFIs? b) Compare findings from the different data sources: How does information from other datasets validate or support my findings? How does information from other datasets challenge or contradict my findings? How does the additional information from other data offer a different perspective or help me understand my findings? c) What story do the data tell when taken altogether? Do you need any additional data to tell the full story? Consider subpopulations (geography, sex, race/ethnicity, age, socio-economic status) Each table contributes 2-3 OFIs to master chart at front of room. Team Activity If time allows, do same activity in teams with own data.	Teresa / Chris	Gadsden County Dataset for each table Worksheet
11:30 a.m. – 2:00 p.m. Priority Setting and Working	Working Lunch Break Setup lunch exercise – use dots (each person gets (n-1)/2 dots (with n=number of OFIs presented) on the tables to identify the top (n-1)/2 OFIs that they find important. They will get ## of dots which they can "spend" anyway they wish (all on one or spread out). This to be done during the	Sonal / Daphne	Copies of PowerPoint presentation Newsprint or plotter size copy of matrix

Time	Topic/Activity	Presenter	Handouts
Lunch	working lunch break.		Dots
	Allow 45 min for dots and lunch logistics		Tape Markers
	<u>Activity</u>		Large post-it notes
	We select the top 3 OFIs to be used by the groups based on the dot		Index cards
	voting.		Flipchart
	 Follow directions on the handout – each group works on all 3 OFI's and one pre-assigned criterion 		Copy of blank priority matrix
	 Posting the OFI and scores on the "Master Matrix" in the room. We then calculate out which OFI 'wins' – that OFI is brought forward for action planning – everyone working on the same OFI for action planning 		
	Ask questions:		
	 What stood out about the exercise? 		
	O What was hard about the exercise?		
	 How could/would you use this back in your community? What kind of changes would you need to make the exercise 		
	most effective for your community?		
	 Can ask specific questions about which OFI did you choose, 		
	why, what worked and didn't work. What other criteria would you use/add?		
	Before creating the plan of action, consider who needs to be involved in	Cathy/Chris	Copy of Powerpoint
	the development of the plan (discussion from floor)	(Volusia)	E Miles e consulado e et
	Presentation	Cathy/Betty (Tallahassee,	5 Whys worksheet
	Who is our target population?	Sarasota)	Sample, completed 5 Whys
2:00 – 3:15 p.m.	What activities will be incorporated?	,	
Action Diameira	Do we have the resources to address the activities?		Flipchart paper
Action Planning	Who will be responsible for monitoring the plan?How will we evaluate our efforts?		Markers
	TIOW WIII WE Evaluate our enorts:		IVIGINEI 3
			Sample, action plan templates

Time	Topic/Activity	Presenter	Handouts
	Discussion of Root Cause Analysis/5 whys		Action plan template printed on
	Before selecting activities targeting your priority(s), it's important to		plotter paper
	determine what the root cause of the problem is. What we usually see		
	are the symptoms and not the underlying cause of the problem.		Resource list of evidenced-
			based and model practices
	Give kitty cat example. Work through Overweight adults example as		
	group		
	Adults who are overweight do not eat healthy. Page 1992 the sect foods high in fet.		
	Because they eat foods high in fat. Because they are changer than having healthy foods.		
	 Because they are cheaper than buying healthy foods. Because fresh fruits and vegetables are too costly. 		
	 Because fresh fruits and vegetables are too costly. Because fresh fruits and vegetables are not available except at 		
	grocery store.		
	 Because there are no farmer's markets in the county. 		
	because there are no farmer 5 markets in the country.		
	3) Are there data sources to support the root cause?		
	<u>Activity</u>		
	 Ask participants to write at least 2 problem statements for one OFI on worksheet. 		
	 Ask each group to go through 5 whys for each problem statement. 		
	Once root cause has been identified, ask them to list a data source		
	that supports the root cause OR determine if they will need to gather		
	data to determine if root cause is valid.		
	Ask 2 or 3 participants to report out		
	Presentation (cont'd)		
	A plan of action includes:		
	Strategic priority		
	Goals and objectives		
	Strategies		
	Activities		
	Timeframes for each activity		
	Person responsible for activity(s)		

Time	Topic/Activity	Presenter	Handouts
	 Evaluation indicators When creating the action plan: Have a limited number of clear goals. When possible, select strategies that are evidence-based (review resource of evidence-based/model practices) Decide what success would look like and how you will measure progress. 		
	Discuss Martin county example – point out that the objective is just a measurable version of the 'evidence of success		
	Activity Have action plan template printed on plotter paper and posted on the wall. Ask participants to develop one goal, one objective, strategy, activities, and 2-3 measures for their action plan. Report out if time.		
	Presentation (cont'd) Critical to evaluate progress toward objectives on regular and realistic basis. You need to have a plan for your evaluation just like you have a plan for your activities – can be combined or separate.	Cathy/Chris (Volusia) Cathy/Betty (Tallahassee, Sarasota)	
Evaluation 3:15-3:45	Data collection for both evaluating and monitoring can be done in various ways: • Surveys or questionnaires • Focus groups or interviews • Check sheets • Observations • Pre/post tests	Janasata,	
	 Review Martin county example. Tell story about project and how strategies were constantly modified based on observations. Discuss lessons learned (observing various activities children were engaging instead of active vs. inactive Why was it important to capture the weather conditions? Time of 		

Time	Topic/Activity	Presenter	Handouts
	day? Teacher engagement?		
	 Group Activity Discuss DeSoto county project. What are some other ways of evaluating progress toward success? What would we measure? How would we monitor progress on strategy/activities? 		
	Presentation (cont'd) 1) What was the impact? 2) If data is trending adversely, determine if strategies or activities require changes. If so, document the changes so you know when and what changes were made. 3) If data is moving in a positive direction, sustain the progress. 4) Communicate to stakeholders.		
3:45 – 3:55 p.m.	Workshop Evaluation	JoAnn	Evaluations
4:00 p.m.	Adjourn		