

Emergency Medical Services Controlled Substance Overdose Report

First Quarter 2018 January – March

> Rick Scott Governor

Celeste Philip, MD, MPH Surgeon General and Secretary of Health

Report Overview

In response to the national opioid epidemic, Governor Scott signed HB 249 into law in 2017. This requires the Florida Department of Health (Department) to create a quarterly report that summarizes raw overdose data received by the Department from licensed emergency medical service (EMS) providers. The report is to be provided to the Statewide Drug Policy Advisory Council, the Department of Children and Families, and the Florida Fusion Center. In addition to this quarterly report, the data are immediately made available to county level first responder and public health agencies.

This report is based entirely on information received through the Florida Emergency Medical Services Tracking and Reporting System (EMSTARS) and represents a summary of EMS overdose responses reported into EMSTARS. EMSTARS is a voluntary program and records received by the Department represent 90 percent of the EMS responses throughout Florida.

Although the system is capable of capturing detailed information on the suspected cause of an overdose (i.e., heroin, fentanyl), in most cases this information is not included in the EMS record and therefore not included in the EMSTARS reporting. This is primarily due to the limited ability for EMS to make or to record a specific determination as to the cause of a suspected overdose during an emergency medical response. Differences between data standards, software vendors, and agency configuration may also affect the level of detail provided in EMSTARS records.

The EMSTARS data are characterized as responses because a single patient encounter may involve more than one agency. For example, a patient can receive initial treatment from a non-transport agency and be transported to a hospital by a different agency. When examining the overdose burden on the state EMS system, reviewing the total number of responses helps inform stakeholders on the resources devoted to the opioid epidemic.

Records included in EMSTARS are for patient-incidents where the 911 response involved an evaluation, treatment, and/or transport of a patient for extreme physical illness, decreased level of consciousness, respiratory depression, coma, or death resulting from the consumption or use of any substance that requires medical attention, assistance or treatment, and clinical suspicion for drug overdose, such as respiratory depression, unconsciousness, or altered mental status, without other conditions to explain the clinical condition. EMS personnel issue impressions to describe a patient's condition in the EMS record. Impressions are encoded in International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10 CM) diagnostic categories as listed in the Data Definitions section on the following page. Information on the patient outcome is limited to the information available in the EMS record. Actual diagnoses are issued by a licensed physician in a medical setting, including pronouncement of death. Official cause of death is determined by medical examiners.

Any questions about this report can be directed to:

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Data Definitions

Suspected drug overdose:

Fatal: Primary/Secondary Impression of "T36 - T50, F11 - F16, F18 - F19" and patient death reported

Non-fatal: Primary/Secondary Impression of "T36 - T50, F11 - F16, F18 - F19" and no indication of death

Suspected opioid overdose:

Fatal: Primary/Secondary Impression of "T40.1 - T40.4, T40.60, T40.69, F11" and patient death reported

Non-fatal: Primary/Secondary Impression of "T40.1 - T40.4, T40.60, T40.69, F11" and no indication of death

Administration of opioid-antagonist:

Fatal: Primary/Secondary Impression of "T36 - T50, F11 - F16, F18 - F19" and administration of naloxone and patient death reported

Non-fatal: Primary/Secondary Impression of "T36 - T50, F11 - F16, F18 - F19" and administration of naloxone and no indication of death

Inclusion Criteria

- 1. Type of Service Requested = 911 Response
- 2. Incident/Patient Disposition indicates that the patient was evaluated, treated, and/or transported
- 3. Incident location must be within Florida

Florida Overview

First Quarter 2018 (January – March)

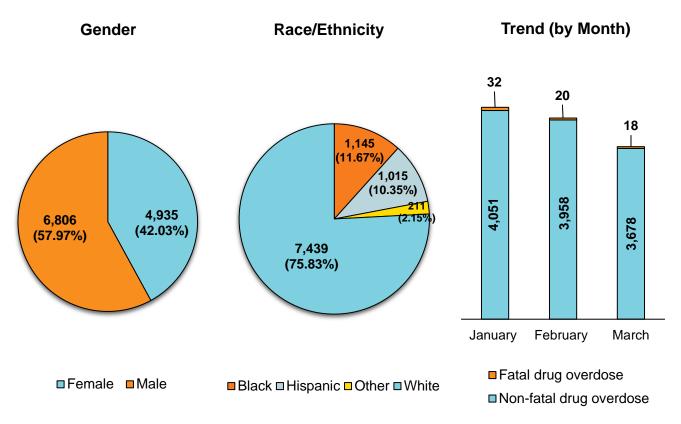
	Non-fatal	Rate	Fatal	Rate
Total number of suspected drug overdose EMS responses	11,687	5.60	70	0.03
Total number of suspected opioid overdose EMS responses	3,359	1.61	53	0.03
EMS responses including administration of an opioid-antagonist	6,494	3.11	238	0.11

Note: Population rate per 10,000 people.

Suspected drug overdose (including both fatal and non-fatal):

Age group	<1	1-4	5-9	10-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+
Frequency	15	110	22	138	1,619	2,863	2,136	1,773	1,733	1,324
Rate	0.66	1.20	0.19	1.18	6.48	10.52	8.55	6.35	6.28	3.20

Note: Population rate per 10,000 people.



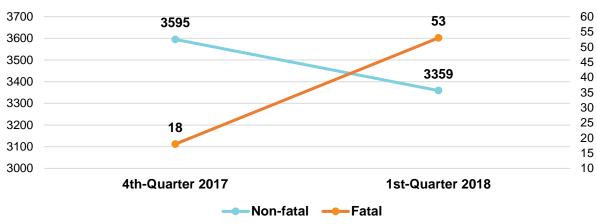
Note: Counts for gender and race/ethnicity are for only the total number of records that include that information; for gender, 99.86% of the total records are presented in the chart; for race/ethnicity, 83.44% of the total records are presented in the chart.

Florida Trend (by Quarter)

Total number of suspected drug overdose EMS responses

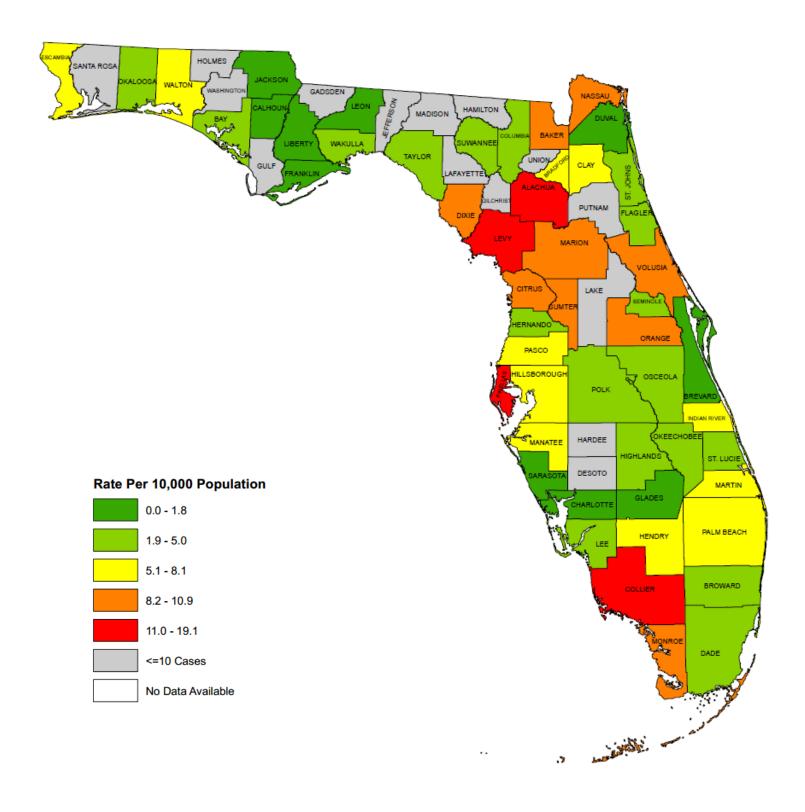


Total number of suspected opioid overdose EMS responses

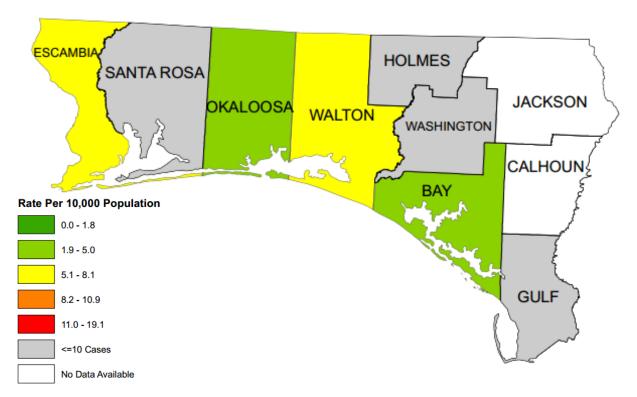




Total Drug Overdose (Fatal and Non-Fatal)First Quarter 2018 (January – March)



Region 1



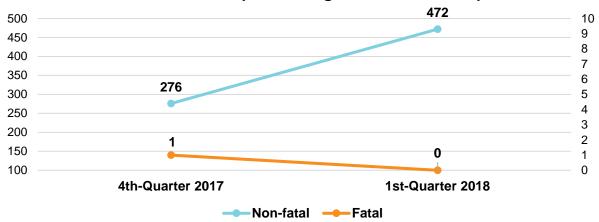
	Drug Overdose			Opioid Overdose			Opioid-antagonist		
Geographic Area	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal
Bay	76	4.20		30	1.66		88	4.86	1
Escambia	254	8.08		100	3.18		97	3.08	5
Gulf	7			1			3		
Holmes	1				•				
Okaloosa	87	4.42		32	1.63		64	3.25	4
Santa Rosa	2				•		2		
Walton	40	5.92		14	2.07		25	3.70	
Washington	5						1		
Total	472	4.44		177	1.67	•	280	2.63	10

Note: 1. Population rate per 10,000 people.

2. Rate is not presented when frequency is less than or equal to 10.

Region 1 Trend (by Quarter)

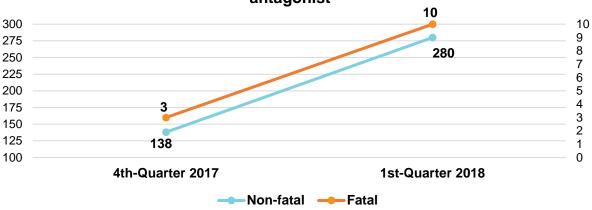
Total number of suspected drug overdose EMS responses



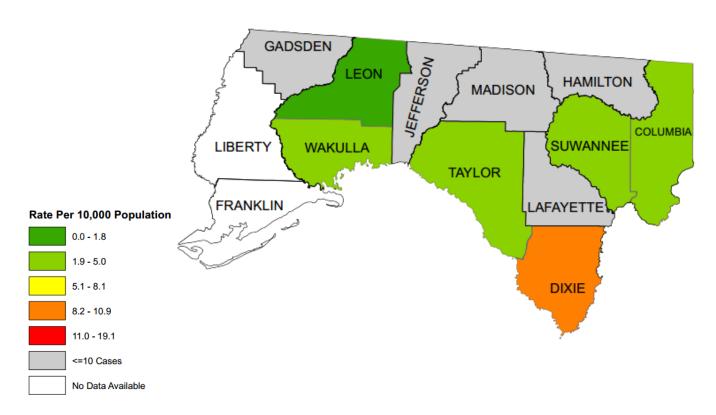
Total number of suspected opioid overdose EMS responses



EMS responses including administration of an opioidantagonist



Region 2

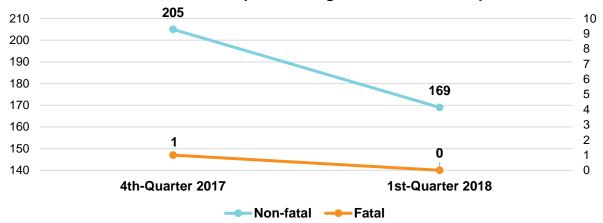


	Drug Overdose			Opioid Overdose			Opioid-antagonist		
Geographic Area	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal
Columbia	16	2.29		10			18	2.57	
Dixie	18	10.50	-	12	7.00		13	7.59	
Gadsden	10		-	1			7		
Hamilton	9			2			9		1
Jefferson	8		-	1			1		
Lafayette	2			1			1		
Leon	54	1.83	-	11	0.37	-	39	1.32	1
Madison	6		-	2			3		-
Suwannee	19	4.23	-	3			26	5.78	1
Taylor	11	4.95	-	4			7		
Wakulla	16	4.91		5			9		1
Total	169	2.77		52	0.85		133	2.18	4

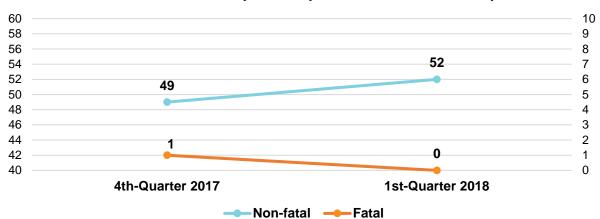
Note: 1. Population rate per 10,000 people.
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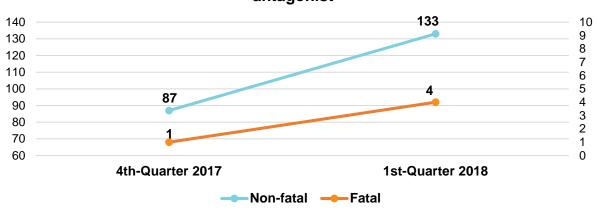
Region 2 Trend (by Quarter)

Total number of suspected drug overdose EMS responses

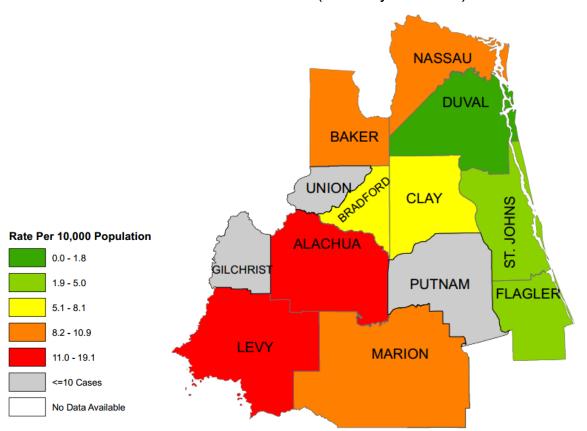


Total number of suspected opioid overdose EMS responses





Region 3



	Drug Overdose			Opioid	Overdo	se	Opioid-antagonist			
Geographic Area	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	
Alachua	396	15.14		35	1.34		73	2.79	3	
Baker	27	9.90		5			9			
Bradford	21	7.45	1	6		1	9		2	
Clay	137	6.36		11	0.51		13	0.60		
Duval	90	0.94		65	0.68		88	0.92		
Flagler	44	4.03	1	4		1	22	2.01	4	
Gilchrist	9			4			4		1	
Levy	61	14.83	1	16	3.89	1	26	6.32	3	
Marion	388	10.85	2	27	0.76		252	7.05	1	
Nassau	71	8.75		33	4.07		56	6.90	3	
Putnam	6			1			2			
St. Johns	81	3.42		1			79	3.33	1	
Union	10			4			7			
Total	1,341	5.54	5	212	0.88	3	640	2.64	18	

Note: 1. Population rate per 10,000 people. 2. Rate is not presented when frequency is less than or equal to 10.

Region 3 Trend (by Quarter)

Total number of suspected drug overdose EMS responses

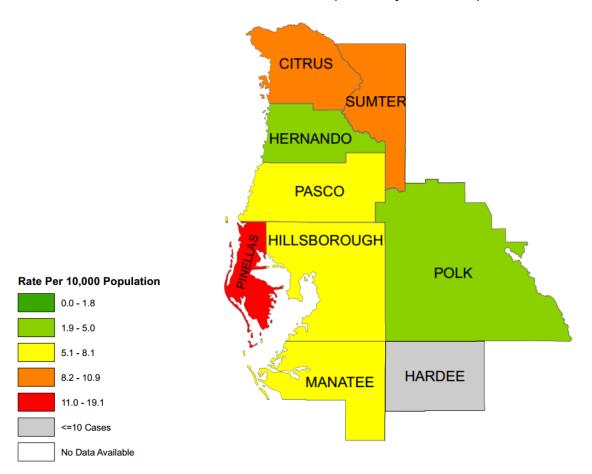


Total number of suspected opioid overdose EMS responses





Region 4



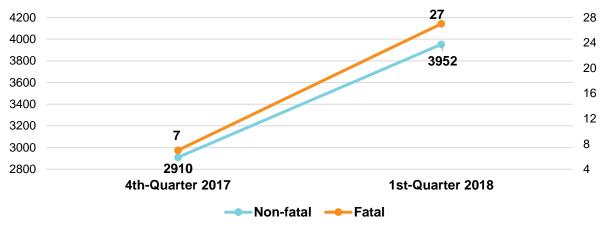
	Drug	Opioid	Overdo	se	Opioid-antagonist				
Geographic Area	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal
Citrus	136	9.30	1	38	2.60	1	57	3.90	4
Hardee	7			3			8		
Hernando	40	2.15	-	10			56	3.01	
Hillsborough	927	6.54	5	301	2.12	5	552	3.90	32
Manatee	232	6.19	-	102	2.72		96	2.56	1
Pasco	372	7.20	3	25	0.48		243	4.70	3
Pinellas	1,820	18.88	18	720	7.47	17	908	9.42	72
Polk	289	4.27		72	1.06		467	6.90	12
Sumter	129	9.95	-	6			67	5.17	3
Total	3,952	8.90	27	1,277	2.88	23	2,454	5.53	127

Note: 1. Population rate per 10,000 people.

2. Rate is not presented when frequency is less than or equal to 10

Region 4 Trend (by Quarter)

Total number of suspected drug overdose EMS responses

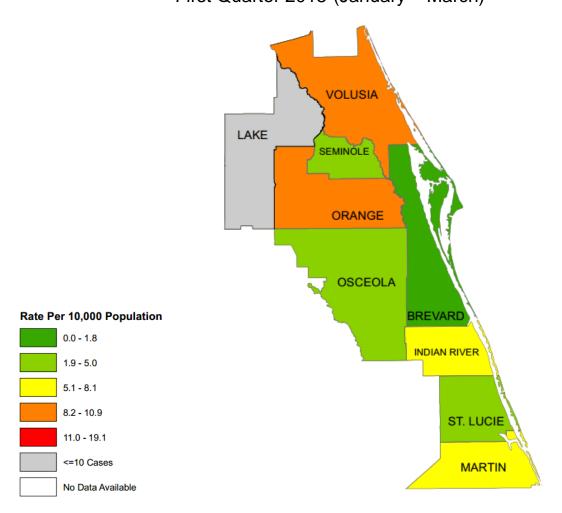


Total number of suspected opioid overdose EMS responses





Region 5
First Quarter 2018 (January – March)



	Drug Overdose			Opioid Overdose			Opioid-antagonist		
Geographic Area	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal
Brevard	46	0.79	1	1			40	0.69	2
Indian River	91	5.97		35	2.30		51	3.35	1
Lake	9		1	1			6		1
Martin	102	6.62		20	1.30		41	2.66	
Orange	1,112	8.24	14	375	2.78	8	704	5.22	41
Osceola	70	1.99		13	0.37		26	0.74	
Seminole	144	3.11	1	62	1.34	1	96	2.07	1
St. Lucie	146	4.76		41	1.34		53	1.73	
Volusia	509	9.59	•	13	0.24		21	0.40	2
Total	2,229	5.27	17	561	1.33	9	1,038	2.45	48

Note: 1. Population rate per 10,000 people. 2. Rate is not presented when frequency is less than or equal to 10.

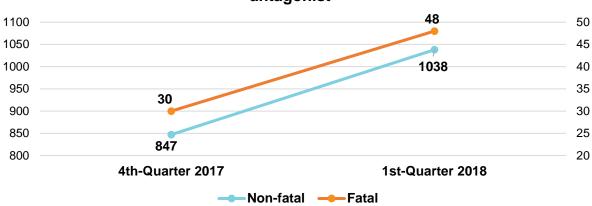
Region 5 Trend (by Quarter)

Total number of suspected drug overdose EMS responses

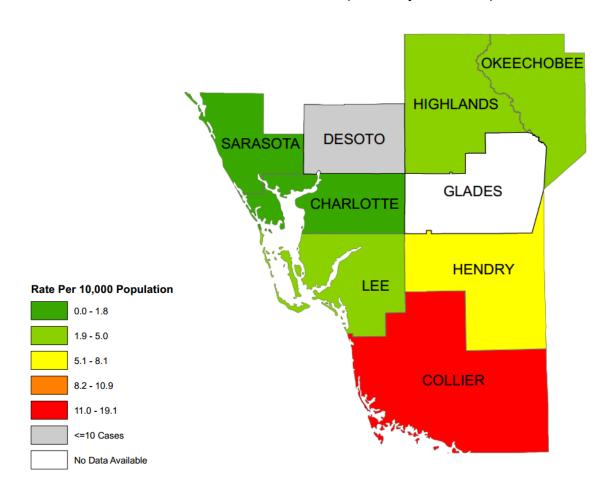


Total number of suspected opioid overdose EMS responses





Region 6 First Quarter 2018 (January – March)

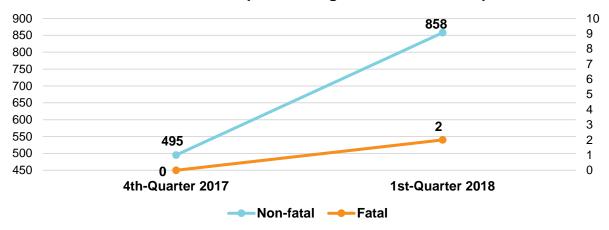


	Drug Overdose			Opioid Overdose			Opioid-antagonist		
Geographic Area	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal
Charlotte	14	0.79					34	1.93	6
Collier	512	13.99	1	54	1.48		75	2.05	
Desoto	7		-	3			8		
Hendry	23	5.91	1	6		1	13	3.34	4
Highlands	48	4.63	-	11	1.06		41	3.96	1
Lee	208	2.90		5			158	2.20	1
Okeechobee	16	3.84	-	6			13	3.12	-
Sarasota	30	0.73	-	10			11	0.27	-
Total	858	4.50	2	95	0.50	1	353	1.85	12

Note: 1. Population rate per 10,000 people.
2. Rate is not presented when frequency is less than or equal to 10.

Region 6 Trend (by Quarter)

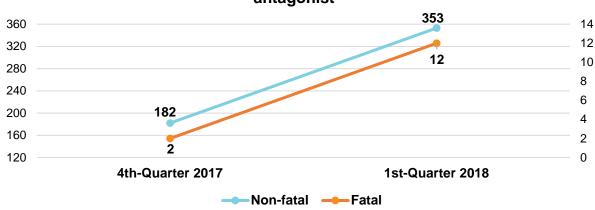
Total number of suspected drug overdose EMS responses



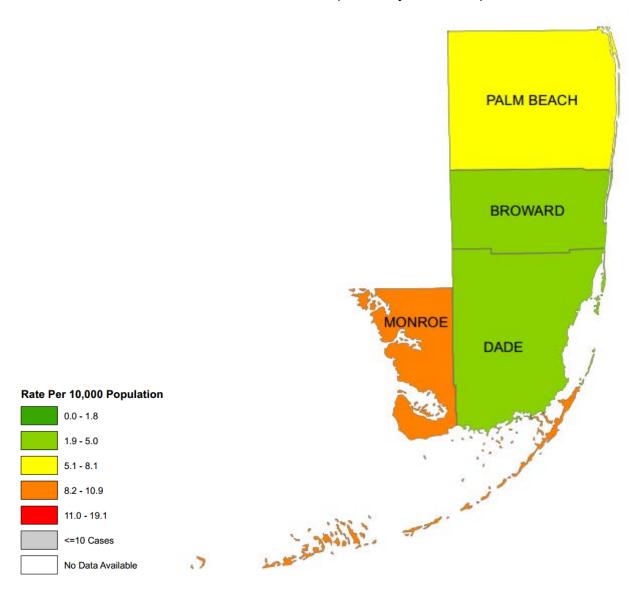
Total number of suspected opioid overdose EMS responses



EMS responses including administration of an opioidantagonist



Region 7



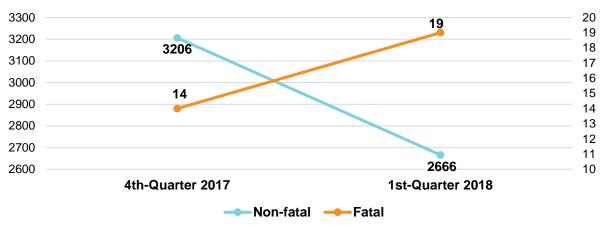
	Drug	Overdo	Opioid Overdose			Opioid-antagonist			
Geographic Area	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal
Broward	557	2.92		127	0.67		346	1.82	2
Miami-Dade	967	3.46	3	103	0.37	1	573	2.05	11
Monroe	81	10.49		12	1.55		37	4.79	1
Palm Beach	1,061	7.42	16	743	5.20	16	640	4.47	5
Total	2,666	4.29	19	985	1.59	17	1,596	2.57	19

Note: 1. Population rate per 10,000 people.

2. Rate is not presented when frequency is less than or equal to 10.

Region 7 Trend (by Quarter)

Total number of suspected drug overdose EMS responses



Total number of suspected opioid overdose EMS responses

