

Florida Arbovirus Surveillance Week 44: October 30-November 5, 2022

Arbovirus surveillance in Florida includes endemic mosquito-borne viruses such as West Nile virus (WNV), Eastern equine encephalitis virus (EEEV), and St. Louis encephalitis virus (SLEV), as well as exotic viruses such as dengue virus (DENV), chikungunya virus (CHIKV), Zika virus (ZIKV) and California encephalitis group viruses (CEV). Malaria, a parasitic mosquito-borne disease is also included. During the period of October 30-November 5, 2022, the following arboviral activity was recorded in Florida.

WNV activity: One human case of WNV infection was reported this week in St. Johns County. One horse with WNV infection was reported this week in St. Johns County. Twenty-five sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to WNV this week in Citrus, Lee, Manatee, Martin, Palm Beach, Pinellas, Sarasota, St. Johns, Sumter, Volusia, and Walton counties. No mosquito pools tested positive for WNV this week. In 2022, positive samples from three humans, five horses, 334 sentinel chickens, and eight mosquito pools have been reported from 26 counties.

SLEV activity: No human cases of SLEV infection were reported this week. Ten sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to SLEV this week in Bay, Citrus, Hillsborough, Martin, Sarasota, and St. Johns counties. In 2022, 18 positive samples have been reported from 11 counties.

Flavivirus (WNV or SLEV)* activity: No sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to a flavivirus this week. In 2022, positive samples from 13 sentinel chickens have been reported from 10 counties.

EEEV activity: No human cases of EEEV infection were reported this week. No horses with EEEV infection were reported this week. Two sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to EEEV this week in Hernando and Pasco counties. In 2022, positive samples from 64 sentinel chickens and 11 horses have been reported from 23 counties.

International Travel-Associated Dengue: Twenty-five cases of dengue were reported this week in persons that had international travel. In 2022, 664 travel-associated dengue cases have been reported.

Dengue Cases Acquired in Florida: Two cases of locally acquired dengue were reported this week in Miami-Dade County. In 2022, 38 cases of locally acquired dengue have been reported.

International Travel-Associated Chikungunya Fever Cases: No cases of chikungunya fever were reported this week in persons that had international travel. In 2022, no travel-associated chikungunya fever cases have been reported.

Chikungunya Fever Cases Acquired in Florida: No cases of locally acquired chikungunya fever were reported this week. In 2022, no cases of locally acquired chikungunya fever have been reported.

International Travel-Associated Zika Fever Cases: No cases of Zika fever were reported this week in persons that had international travel. In 2022, no travel-associated Zika fever cases have been reported.

Zika Fever Cases Acquired in Florida: No cases of locally acquired Zika fever were reported this week. In 2022, no cases of locally acquired Zika fever have been reported.

Advisories/Alerts: Broward, Miami-Dade, and Volusia Counties are currently under a mosquito-borne illness alert. Bay, Charlotte, Collier, Hillsborough, Lee, Martin, Osceola, Palm Beach, Pinellas, Sarasota, St. Johns,

and Walton counties are currently under a mosquito-borne illness advisory. No other counties are currently under a mosquito-borne illness advisory or alert.

There are currently multiple travel health notices from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention related to mosquito-borne diseases.

	Dengue						
Africa and the Middle East	Americas	Asia and the Pacific Islands	Africa and the Middle East				
São Tomé and Príncipe	Colombia	Afghanistan	Ghana				
	Cuba	Bangladesh	Kenya				
	Dominican Republic	India	Nigeria				
	El Salvador	Laos					
	Guatemala	Malaysia					
	Honduras	Myanmar (Burma)					
	Nicaragua	Nepal					
	Panama	Pakistan					
	Peru	Philippines					
		Singapore					
		Sri Lanka					
		Vietnam					

Level 1 Travel Health Notice, Level 2 Travel Health Alert: wwwnc.cdc.gov/travel/notices. For a map of arboviral disease activity in the United States visit: wwwn.cdc.gov/arbonet/maps/ADB_Diseases_Map/index.html.

2022 Human Case Summary

West Nile Virus Illnesses Acquired in Florida: Three human cases of WNV illness acquired in Florida have been reported in 2022 from Volusia (July, August) and St. Johns (October) counties.

International Travel-Associated Dengue Cases: Six hundred and sixty-four cases with onset in 2022 have been reported in individuals with travel history to a dengue endemic area in the two weeks prior to onset. Counties reporting cases were: Brevard (2), Broward (41), Collier (8), Duval (7), Escambia (2), Flagler, Hendry (2), Hernando (2), Hillsborough (62), Indian River, Lee (23), Leon, Manatee (2), Martin (2), Miami-Dade (445), Monroe (3), Orange (6), Osceola (2), Palm Beach (20), Pasco (2), Pinellas (7), Polk (8), Santa Rosa, Sarasota (4), St. Johns, St. Lucie (6), Suwannee, and Volusia (2). Seven cases were reported in non-Florida residents. Seven cases met the criteria for severe dengue (dengue shock syndrome [DSS] or dengue hemorrhagic fever [DHF]). Those at greater risk for DSS and DHF include persons with previous dengue infection, pregnant women, infants, the elderly, and those with co-morbidities. However, severe illness can also occur in those without any of these risk factors. In 2022, 581 cases of dengue reported in Florida have been serotyped by PCR. Please see the table below for a breakdown of case by country of origin and serotype.

Country of Exposure	DENV-1	DENV-2	DENV-3	DENV-4	DENV-1/ DENV-2	DENV-1/ DENV-3	DENV-2/ DENV-3	Unknown	Total
Brazil	5							2	7
Caribbean			1						1
Colombia	2								2
Costa Rica	1							1	2
Cuba	37	79	387	30	2	3	1	73	612
Cuba/Central America	1							1	2
Dominican Republic	1	6						1	8
El Salvador	1			1					2
Guatemala	2	1						1	4
Guyana			1						1
Haiti	1								1
Honduras				1				1	2
India		2							2

Jamaica			1						1
Maldives		1							1
Mexico	4	2							6
Nicaragua				1				1	2
Pakistan	2								2
Panama	1							1	2
Puerto Rico	2								2
Sri Lanka			1					1	2
Total	60	91	391	33	2	3	1	83	664

Dengue Cases Acquired in Florida: In 2022, 38 cases of locally acquired dengue have been reported in Collier, Broward (2), Miami-Dade (34), and Volusia counties, with onsets in June, July (5), August (17), September (9), and October (6). One case was reported in a non-Florida resident. Thirty-four of the cases have been serotyped by PCR. Serotypes reported were DENV-3 (33) and DENV-2.

International Travel-Associated Malaria Cases: Forty-six cases of malaria with onset in 2022 have been reported. Countries of origin were: Brazil (3), Cameroon (3), Central African Republic, Côte D'Ivoire, Ethiopia (2), Equatorial Guinea (2), Ghana (4), Guinea (2), India, Kenya, multiple countries (3), Nicaragua (3), Nigeria (11), Pakistan (2), Sierra Leone (2), Sudan, Uganda (2), Venezuela, and Zambia. Counties reporting cases were: Brevard, Broward (7), Duval (5), Flagler (3), Hillsborough (4), Lee (4), Leon, Miami-Dade (6), Orange (5), Palm Beach (4), Pasco, Pinellas (2), Santa Rosa, and St. Johns (2). Five cases were reported in non-Florida residents.

Twenty-seven cases (59%) were diagnosed with *Plasmodium falciparum*. Sixteen cases (35%) were diagnosed with *Plasmodium vivax*. Three cases (6%) were diagnosed with *Plasmodium malariae*.

Veterinary Cases**

**Veterinary cases are reported by date of onset. Only mammalian veterinary cases are included in the graphs.

One horse with WNV infection was reported this week in St. Johns County.





Veterinary EEEV Disease in Florida, November 2021-2022

Sentinel Chickens

The table below is for the reporting of confirmatory laboratory results from this week. Some of the samples were collected at earlier dates. The date of collection is recorded for samples collected on that day along with the total number of positives and the corresponding seroconversion rate for the week the sample was collected.

Twenty-five sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to WNV this week in Citrus, Lee, Manatee, Martin, Palm Beach, Pinellas, Sarasota, St. Johns, Sumter, Volusia, and Walton counties. Ten sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to SLEV this week in Bay, Citrus, Hillsborough, Martin, Sarasota, and St. Johns counties. Two sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to EEEV this week in Hernando and Pasco counties.

				Seroconversion Rates (%)		Cour	nty Totals		
County	Collection Date	Flavi	SLEV	WNV	Alpha	EEEV	HJV	Collection Week	YTD
Вау	10/24/2022	5.56	5.56					1 SLEV	28 WNV, 1 EEEV, 1 SLEV, 1 Flavivirus
Citrus	8/30/2022 10/18/2022 10/24/2022	1.39 1.54 1.52	1.52	1.39 1.54				1 WNV 1 WNV 1 SLEV	7 WNV, 11 EEEV, 2 SLEV, 1 Flavivirus
Hernando	10/24/2022				2.86	2.86		1 EEEV	2 WNV, 1 EEEV
Hillsborough	10/26/2022	3.23	3.23					1 SLEV	13 WNV, 1 EEEV, 1 SLEV
Lee	8/22/2022 10/17/2022	8.75 1.96		8.75 1.96				7 WNV 1 WNV	59 WNV, 1 Flavivirus
Manatee	8/30/2022 10/19/2022	5.17 4.35		5.17 4.35				3 WNV 1 WNV	33 WNV, 1 EEEV
Martin	10/14/2022 10/21/2022	5.41 12.90	12.9	5.41				2 WNV 4 SLEV	8 WNV, 4 SLEV
Palm Beach	8/29/2022	19.35		16.13				5 WNV, 1 SLEV	13 WNV, 1 SLEV
Pasco	10/23/2022				1.89	1.89		1 EEEV	1 WNV, 3 EEEV
Pinellas	10/17/2022	2.27		2.27				1 WNV	19 WNV, 1 EEEV
Sarasota	8/16/2022 10/17/2022-10/21/22	11.67 7.41	3.70	11.67 3.70				7 WNV 1 WNV, 1 SLEV	44 WNV, 3 SLEV, 1 Flavivirus
St. Johns	10/17/2022 10/24/2022	6.52 4.35	4.35	6.52				3 WNV 2 SLEV	11 WNV, 2 SLEV, 3 Flavivirus
Sumter	10/24/2022	4.17		4.17				1 WNV	4 WNV, 1 SLEV
Volusia	10/17/2022	4.08		4.08				2 WNV	19 WNV, 2 EEEV, 1 SLEV, 1 HJV
Walton	9/12/2022 10/17/2022 10/24/2022	1.15 3.30 2.17		1.15 3.30 2.17				1 WNV 3 WNV 1 WNV	33 WNV, 14 EEEV, 1 SLEV, 2 HJV, 2 Flavivirus



Sentinel Seroconversions to WNV in Florida, 2021–2022





	Mosquito Pools					
No mosquito po	ools tested positive for V	WNV or EEEV this we	ek.			
County	Collection Date	Result	Species	County YTD		
		Dead Bird	Is			

The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) collects reports of dead birds, which can be an indication of arbovirus circulation in an area. This week, 38 reports representing a total of 199 dead birds, including two raptors, were received from 13 counties.

In 2022, 1411 reports representing a total of 4464 dead birds (112 crows, 36 jays, 194 raptors, 155 doves) were received from 58 of Florida's 67 counties.

2022

County	Total Dead Birds	Crows	Jays	Raptors	Doves
Alachua	5	0	0	1	0
Bay	3	0	0	0	0
Broward	16	0	0	0	0
Charlotte	2	0	0	0	0
Duval	20	0	0	0	0
Indian River	5	0	0	0	0
Lake	2	0	0	1	0
Lee	10	0	0	0	0
Palm Beach	93	0	0	0	0
Polk	1	0	0	0	0
St. Johns	1	0	0	0	0
Volusia	3	0	0	0	0
Wakulla	38	0	0	0	0

Maps





2022 Arbovirus Activity by County

County	Humans	Equines	Sentinel Chickens	Other
Alachua			1 WNV (9/13) 2 EEEV (5/31, 9/13)	
Вау			28 WNV (3/21, 7/5, 7/18, 7/25, 8/1, 8/8, 8/22, 8/30, 9/6, 9/12, 9/19, 9/26) 1 EEEV (7/25) 1 SLEV (10/24) 1 Flavivirus (9/6)	
Bradford		1 EEEV (6/22)		
Brevard			1 WNV (8/5) 2 EEEV (4/7, 7/1)	
Broward	2 dengue (October)			
Charlotte			16 WNV (7/1, 7/15, 7/29, 8/5, 8/12, 8/19, 9/9) 1 Flavivirus (9/9)	

County	Humans	Equines	Sentinel Chickens	Other
			7 WNV (1/4, 1/11, 7/19, 8/30,	
			10/18)	
Citrus			11 EEEV (1/11,1/18, 4/19, 5/17,	
Oldus			5/23, 6/1, 6/14, 6/21, 6/28, 7/6)	
			2 SLEV (9/6, 10/24)	
Collier	1 dengue (July)	1 WNV (8/21)	1 Flavivirus (1/25)	
Columbia		1 EEEV (5/9)		
Duval			3 WNV (8/29, 9/19, 10/4)	
Gulf		1 EEEV (7/25)		
Hernando			2 WNV (8/15)	
Hernanuo			1 EEEV (10/24)	
			13 WNV (8/2, 8/10, 8/24, 9/7, 9/13,	
Hillsborough		1 WNV (10/23)	9/21) 1 EEEV (3/23)	
_		2 EEEV (8/28, 9/2)	1 SLEV (10/26)	
Indian River			1 EEEV (4/28)	
			59 WNV (6/27, 7/5, 7/11, 7/18,	
			7/25, 7/26, 8/8, 8/9, 8/15, 8/16,	3 WNV mosquito
Lee			8/22, 8/23, 8/29, 9/5, 9/6, 9/12,	pools (Cx.
200			9/13, 9/19, 9/20, 10/3, 10/10,	nigripalpus
			10/17) 1 Flavivirus (9/13)	[8/2,8/9, 9/5])
			3 WNV (7/27, 8/8, 8/15)	
Leon			5 EEEV (7/27, 8/1, 8/29, 9/20)	
Levy		1 EEEV (6/16)		
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	33 WNV (7/26, 8/9, 8/24, 8/30, 9/6,	
Manatee		1 WNV (9/1)	9/13, 9/21, 9/26, 10/5, 10/19)	
			1 EEEV (7/13)	
Marion		1 EEEV (7/7)		
Martin			8 WNV (9/23, 10/7, 10/14) 4 SLEV (10/21)	
	34 dengue (June,			
Miami-Dade	July (4), August (17),			
wiami-Dade	September (8),			
	October (4))			
			10 WNV (8/11, 9/2, 9/23, 9/24, 10/1)	
Nassau			2 EEEV (7/29, 8/6)	
			1 Flavivirus (10/8)	
			1 WNV (9/6)	
			17 EEEV (1/3, 3/28, 4/11, 4/25,	
Orange			5/16, 5/31, 6/6, 6/20, 6/27, 7/5,	
			7/11, 7/25, 8/1, 10/17)	
Osceola		2 EEEV (5/24, 5/26)	1 HJV (5/31)	
			13 WNV (8/15, 8/29, 9/13, 9/20,	
Palm Beach			9/26, 10/3)	
			1 SLEV (8/29)	
Pasco			1 WNV (7/25)	
			3 EEEV (4/11, 8/29, 10/23)	
Dinelles			19 WNV (7/25, 8/1, 8/8, 9/6, 9/12,	
Pinellas			9/19, 9/26, 10/17) 1 EEEV (3/7)	
Polk		1 EEEV (6/19)	1 WNV (9/26)	
		$1 \square \square \vee (0/19)$	1 VVINV (3/20)	

County	Humans	Equines	Sentinel Chickens	Other
Sarasota		1 WNV (8/28)	44 WNV (7/15, 7/22, 7/26, 7/29, 8/2, 8/5, 8/9, 8/15, 8/16, 8/19, 8/26, 8/30, 9/2, 9/7, 9/9, 9/13, 9/16, 9/20, 9/23, 10/17) 3 SLEV (8/26, 9/9, 10/21) 1 Flavivirus (6/7)	5 WNV mosquito pools (<i>Cx.</i> <i>quinquefasciatus</i> [7/20, 7/27, 9/8,9/12])
Seminole			2 WNV (8/22, 9/19) 1 SLEV (8/22) 1 Flavivirus (9/6)	
St. Johns	1 WNV (October)	1 EEEV (7/5) 1 WNV (10/25)	11 WNV (7/25, 8/8, 8/15, 8/29, 9/6, 9/19, 10/17) 2 SLEV (10/24) 3 Flavivirus (9/6, 9/12)	
St. Lucie			2 WNV (9/27, 10/5) 1 Flavivirus (10/7)	
Sumter			4 WNV (8/8, 8/15, 9/12, 10/24) 1 SLEV (9/6)	
Volusia	2 WNV (July, August) 1 dengue (September)		19 WNV (7/11, 7/25, 8/8, 8/15, 9/6, 9/12, 9/26, 10/3, 10/10, 10/17) 2 EEEV (2/21, 6/27) 1 SLEV (9/6) 1 HJV (5/23)	
Walton			33 WNV (7/25, 8/8, 8/15, 8/22, 8/29, 8/31, 9/6, 9/12, 9/19, 10/10, 10/17, 10/24) 14 EEEV (4/4, 5/9, 6/13, 6/20, 6/27, 7/5, 7/11, 7/13, 7/25, 8/1, 10/10, 10/18) 1 SLEV (3/21) 2 HJV (6/20, 7/25) 2 Flavivirus (3/21, 8/22)	

*Thirteen chickens in 2022 have tested positive for flavivirus antibodies and require additional specialized testing to distinguish between WNV and SLEV antibodies. Testing is currently delayed due to supply chain issues. The final determination of these birds will be updated as more information becomes available. In Florida, both WNV and SLEV have similar disease vectors and epidemiology. Seroconversion rates for flavivirus are included in the table.

Acknowledgements and Data Sources

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For more surveillance information, please see the DOH website at: www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-andconditions/mosquito-borne-diseases/surveillance.html

For arbovirus surveillance information for the United States, please see the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention website at: www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dvbid/westnile/surv&control.htm

Case tallies included in the weekly Florida arbovirus surveillance report include confirmed and probable cases for EEE, WNV infection, SLE, dengue, chikungunya, and malaria by date of onset. Suspect cases are not included. Activity is mapped by county of exposure rather than county of residence. Case definitions being used in Florida are consistent with national criteria provided by the Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE) and may be viewed at: www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/disease-reporting-and-management/disease-reporting-and-

surveillance/index.html. Case tallies reported by CDC do not include suspect cases and cases are reported by patient state of residence rather than where the exposure occurred. Data is provided by county health departments, Department of Health Bureau of Public Health Laboratories, Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, mosquito control agencies, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, medical providers and veterinarians. Equine cases are provided by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.