

Weeks 33- 34: August 10 - 23, 2014



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The Florida Department of Health (DOH) uses many different surveillance systems to measure influenza activity. A summary of all these systems can be found on our website at <u>http://www.floridahealth.gov/</u> floridaflu.

Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (MERS):

- In weeks 18 and 19, respectively, the first and second MERS cases were identified in Indiana and Florida travelers returning from the Middle East. More information can be found here: <u>http://www.flhealth.gov/</u> mers and here: <u>http://www.cdc.gov/CORONAVIRUS/MERS/INDEX.HTML</u>.
- There is no evidence that the Indiana and Florida cases were epidemiologically linked to one another. There is no evidence of sustained community wide transmission of MERS. The MERS situation in the U.S. represents a very low risk to the general public in this country.

National Influenza:

- Influenza virus continues to circulate at low levels nationally.
- The predominantly circulating strain in recent weeks has been influenza B, which is typical for this time of year.
- The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention continue to recommend vaccination as long as influenza viruses are circulating.
 - Nationally (including Florida), almost all circulating influenza is a good match for the vaccine.

State Influenza:

- Emergency department (ED) and urgent care center (UCC) influenza-like illness (ILI) visits have remained low, which is typical for this time of year; current data suggest that the influenza season peaked during weeks 52-7.
- In weeks 33 and 34, 19 specimens were submitted to Bureau of Public Health Laboratories (BPHL) for influenza testing. Three specimens tested PCR positive: all for influenza A (H3).
- In week 33, the preliminary estimated number of deaths due to pneumonia or influenza in Florida is lower than the seasonal baseline, based on previous years' data. Estimated deaths due to pneumonia and influenza are identified using preliminary death certificate data viewed in ESSENCE-FL.

TABLE 1: Summary of Florida ILI Activity for Week 34

August 27, 2014 Posted on the Bureau of Epidemiology website:

http://www.floridahealth.gov/ floridaflu

Florida

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Measure	Difference from previous week	Current week 34	Previous week 33
Percent of total visits to participating outpatient ILINet providers for ILI	▲ 0.1	0.7%	0.4%
Percent of emergency department and urgent care center visits (from ESSENCE-FL) due to ILI	▲ 0.1	1.3%	1.2%
Percent of laboratory specimens that were positive for influenza (out of total number tested)	▼ 14.3	0.0%	14.3%
Number of ILI outbreaks reported in EpiCom	No Change	0	0

NREVSS Respiratory Virus Surveillance

The National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) collects data from laboratories around the country on a weekly basis. NREVSS monitors temporal and geographic patterns of six common respiratory viruses. Five Florida facilities reported in week 34.

FIGURE 1 shows the percentage of positive tests for six respiratory viruses reported by NREVSS-participating laboratories in Florida.

The six respiratory viruses summarized in Figure 1 are:

- Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)
- Parainfluenza 1-3
- Adenovirus
- Human metapneumo virus (HMPV)
- Rhinovirus
- Influenza



ESSENCE-FL Syndromic Surveillance Summary-Statewide

ESSENCE-FL collects data daily from 213 EDs and UCCs. These data are processed into 11 different syndrome categories based on the patient's chief complaint. One of the categories is ILI, which is composed of chief complaints that include the words "influenza" or "flu," or complaints that contain fever plus cough or sore throat.

FIGURE 2 shows ESSENCE-FL data on ILI visits to EDs and UCCs as a percentage of all visits.

Overall activity for ILI reported in ESSENCE-FL is at expected levels for this time of year.



ESSENCE-FL Pneumonia and Influenza Mortality

Over the past two years, the FDOH Bureau of Vital Statistics and county health departments (CHDs) have been rolling out an electronic death record system for Florida. ESSENCE-FL now displays electronic vital statistics death record data from all 67 Florida counties. For pneumonia and influenza surveillance, death record literals are queried in ESSENCE-FL using a free-text query that searches for references to pneumonia and influenza on death certificates. Any mention of pneumonia or influenza in the death certificate literals, with certain exceptions, is counted as a pneumonia and influenza death. Current season pneumonia and influenza death numbers are preliminary estimates, and may change as more data are received. *The most recent data available are displayed here. ESSENCE-FL vital statistics death records data are currently considered to be complete through week 33, 2014.*

FIGURE 3 shows pneumonia and influenza deaths for all Florida counties by age group, Week 40, 2011 - Week 34, 2014, as reported into ESSENCE-FL.

For week 33 (ending August 16, 2014), there were:

- 141 preliminary estimated pneumonia and influenza deaths reported.
- Upper bound of 95% confidence interval for prediction: 196 deaths.
- No excess deaths.



Death records data reported into ESSENCE-FL are currently considered to be complete through week 33, 2014.

Influenza and ILI Outbreaks



In weeks 33 and 34, no influenza or ILI outbreaks were reported in to EpiCom.