

### Florida Arbovirus Surveillance Week 12: March 17-23, 2013

Arbovirus surveillance in Florida includes endemic mosquito-borne viruses West Nile virus (WNV), Eastern equine encephalitis virus (EEEV), St. Louis encephalitis virus (SLEV), and Highlands J virus (HJV) and exotic viruses such as dengue virus (DENV) and California encephalitis group viruses (CEV). Malaria, a non-viral mosquito-borne disease is also included. During the period of March 17-23, 2013 the following arboviral activity was recorded in Florida:

**DENV activity:** No cases of locally acquired dengue were reported this week. No locally acquired dengue cases have been reported in 2013.

**EEEV activity:** No human cases of EEEV infection were reported this week. No sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to EEEV this week. No horse cases of EEEV infection were reported this week. In 2013, positive samples from one human, six equine, and two sentinel chicken have been received from seven counties.

**WNV** activity: No human cases of WNV infection were reported this week. No horse cases of WNV infection were reported this week. One sentinel chicken tested positive this week for antibodies to WNV in Walton County. In 2013, positive samples from twenty-five sentinel chickens have been received from two counties.

**SLEV activity:** No sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to SLEV this week. In 2013, one positive sample has been received from one county.

**HJV activity:** No sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to HJV this week. In 2013, no positive samples have been received.

**Advisories/Alerts**: Miami-Dade County is currently under mosquito-borne illness alert. Levy County is currently under a mosquito-borne illness advisory. No other counties are currently under mosquito-borne illness advisory or alert.

#### 2013 Human Case Summary\*

**EEEV Infection Acquired in Florida:** One human case of EEEV infection with onset in January was reported in 2013 in a Levy County resident.

Imported Dengue: Nineteen cases of dengue with onset in 2013 have been reported in individuals with travel history to a dengue endemic country in the two weeks prior to onset. Countries of origin were: The Caribbean, Columbia (2), Dominican Republic (2), Haiti, Indonesia, Jamaica (3), Philippines, Puerto Rico (7), and Saint Martin. Counties reporting cases were: Brevard, Broward, Clay, Lee, Miami-Dade (6), Orange (5), Osceola, and Palm Beach (3). Three of the cases were reported in non-Florida residents.

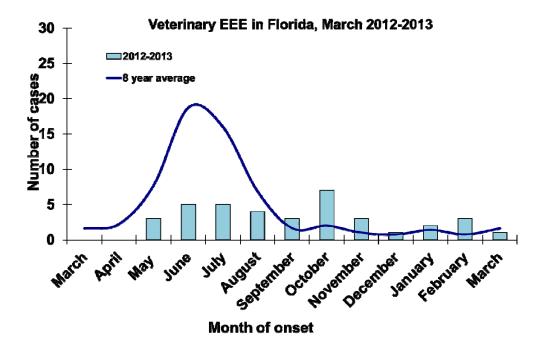
In 2013, seventeen of the nineteen cases of dengue reported in Florida have been serotyped by PCR. Additional serotyping and strain typing are being conducted.

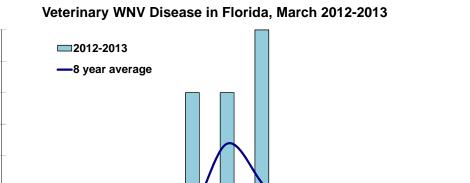
	# of cases per serotype - 2013
DENV-1	11
DENV-2	0
DENV-3	2
DENV-4	4
	17

**Imported Malaria:** Eleven cases of malaria with onset in 2013 have been reported. Countries of origin were: Guinea, Guyana, Haiti (5), Kenya, Nigeria, Sierra Leone, and Solomon Islands. Counties reporting cases were: Hillsborough, Lee, Miami-Dade (5), Palm Beach (2), Seminole, and Orange.

#### **Veterinary Cases**

No horses tested positive for EEEV or WNV this week.





Month of onset December January March

# **Sentinel Chickens**

The table below is for the reporting of confirmatory laboratory results from this week. Some of the samples were collected at earlier dates. The date of collection is recorded for samples collected on that day along with the total number of positives and the corresponding seroconversion rate for the week the sample was collected.

One sentinel chicken tested positive for antibodies to WNV this week in Walton County.

7

6

5

4

3

2

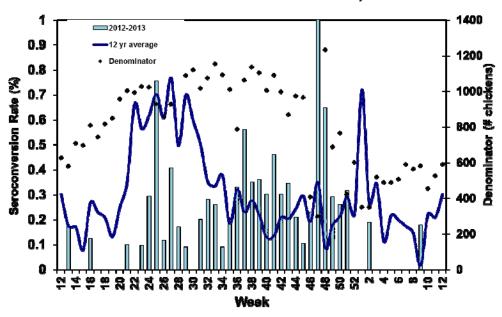
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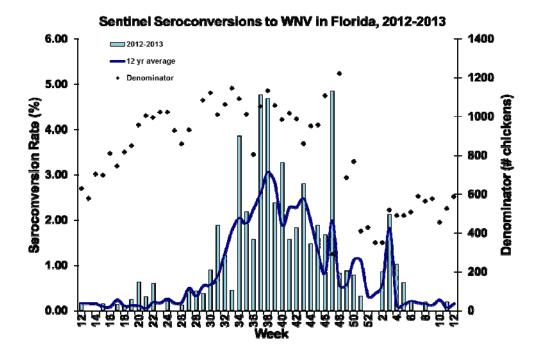
May

Number of cases

		Seroconversion Rates (%)				County Totals	
County	Collection Date	SLEV WNV	EEEV	HJV	Collection Week	YTD	
Walton	3/11/2013	1.75			1 WNV	22 WNV, 2 EEEV	_







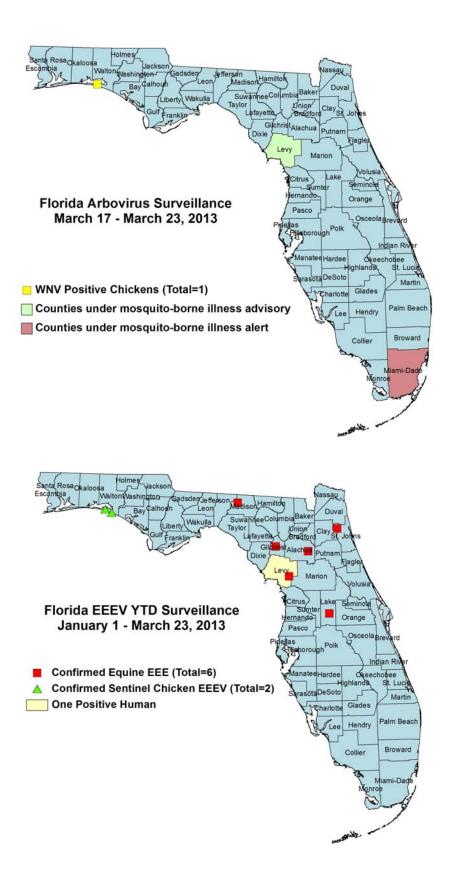
# **Dead Birds**

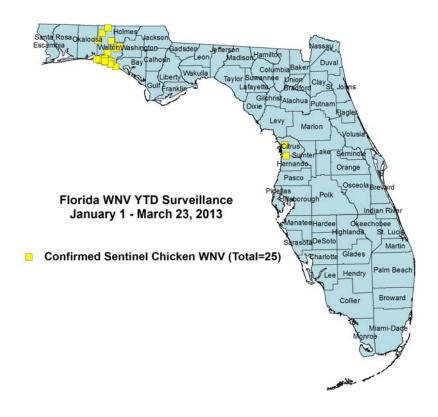
The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) collects reports of dead birds, which can be an indication of arbovirus circulation in an area. This week, 64 reports representing 192 dead birds, including 1 crow and 1 dove were received from 12 counties.

In 2013, 208 reports representing a total of 688 dead birds (1 crow, 0 jays, 51 raptors, 4 dove) were received from 34 of Florida's 67 counties. Please note that FWC collects reports of birds that have died from a variety of causes, not only arboviruses. Dead birds should be reported to <a href="https://www.myfwc.com/bird/">www.myfwc.com/bird/</a>

County	<b>Total Dead Birds</b>	Crows	Jays	Raptors	Dove
Brevard	157	1	0	0	0
Broward	1	0	0	0	1
Flagler	17	0	0	0	0
Hendry	3	0	0	0	0
Indian River	1	0	0	0	0
Okaloosa	2	0	0	0	0
Palm Beach	1	0	0	0	0
Pinellas	1	0	0	0	0
Sarasota	1	0	0	0	0
St. Johns	5	0	0	0	0
St. Lucie	1	0	0	0	0
Volusia	2	0	0	0	0

# **Maps**





2013 Arbovirus Activity by County	
County	Arbovirus Activity
Alachua	EEEV: 1 horse (2/13)
Citrus	WNV: 3 sentinels (1/21, 1/28)
	SLEV: 1 sentinel (1/21)
Gilchrist	EEEV: 1 horse (2/6)
Lake	EEEV: 1 horse (1/30)
Levy	EEEV: 1 human (January); 1 horse (1/7)
Madison	EEEV : 1 horse (2/16)
St. Johns	EEEV : 1 horse (3/1)
Walton	EEEV : 2 sentinel (1/7, 2/26)
	WNV: 22 sentinels (1/7, 1/14, 1/15,1/23, 1/28, 2/4, 2/20, 3/11)

#### **Acknowledgements and Data Sources**

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For more surveillance information, please see the DOH website at: http://www.doh.state.fl.us/Environment/medicine/arboviral/index.html

For arbovirus surveillance information for the United States, please see the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention website at:

http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dvbid/westnile/surv&control.htm

\*Case tallies included in the weekly Florida arbovirus surveillance report include confirmed and probable cases for EEE, WNV infection, SLE, dengue, and malaria. In addition, dengue and malaria tallies may also include suspect cases. Case definitions being used in Florida are consistent with national criteria provided by the

Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE) and may be viewed at: <a href="http://www.doh.state.fl.us/Disease">http://www.doh.state.fl.us/Disease</a> <a href="http://creativecommons.org/creative

Case tallies reported by CDC do not include suspect cases and cases are reported by patient state of residence rather than where the exposure occurred.

Data is provided by county health departments, Department of Health Laboratories, Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, mosquito control agencies, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, medical providers and veterinarians. Equine cases are provided by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.