

Florida Arbovirus Surveillance Week 24: June 9 - 15, 2013

Arbovirus surveillance in Florida includes endemic mosquito-borne viruses such as West Nile virus (WNV), Eastern equine encephalitis virus (EEEV), St. Louis encephalitis virus (SLEV), and Highlands J virus (HJV) and exotic viruses such as dengue virus (DENV) and California encephalitis group viruses (CEV). Malaria, a non-viral mosquito-borne disease is also included. During the period of June 9 -15, 2013 the following arboviral activity was recorded in Florida:

DENV activity: No locally acquired dengue cases have been reported in 2013.

EEEV activity: No human cases of EEEV infection were reported this week. Two horses with EEEV infection were reported this week in Gilchrist/Columbia* and Hamilton Counties. Six sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to EEEV this week in Leon, Orange, St. Johns and Walton Counties. In 2013, positive samples from two humans, three birds, nine equines, and 35 sentinel chickens have been received from 17 counties.

WNV activity: No human cases of WNV infection have been reported in 2013. No horse cases of WNV infection were reported this week. Four sentinel chickens tested positive this week for antibodies to WNV in Walton County. In 2013, positive samples from 49 sentinel chickens have been received from four counties.

SLEV activity: No sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to SLEV this week. In 2013, two positive samples have been received from two counties.

HJV activity: One sentinel chicken tested positive for antibodies to HJV this week in Bay. In 2013, 10 positive samples have been received from four counties.

Advisories/Alerts: Hillsborough and Levy counties are currently under a mosquito-borne illness advisory. No other counties are currently under mosquito-borne illness advisory or alert.

2013 Human Case Summary*

EEEV Infection Acquired in Florida: Two human cases of EEEV infection with onset in January (1) and March (1) have been reported in 2013 in Levy (1) and Hillsborough (1) County residents.

Imported Dengue: Forty-one cases of dengue with onset in 2013 have been reported in individuals with travel history to a dengue endemic country in the two weeks prior to onset. Countries of origin were: Angola, Barbados, Bolivia, Brazil (3), The Caribbean, Columbia (3), Costa Rica, Dominican Republic (4), Haiti (2), Honduras, Indonesia, Jamaica (4), Nigeria, Panama, Philippines, Puerto Rico (14), and Saint Martin. Counties reporting cases were: Brevard, Broward (4), Clay, Duval, Indian River, Lee, Miami-Dade (14), Orange (8), Osceola (2), Palm Beach (6), St. Lucie, and Volusia. Five of the cases were reported in non-Florida residents.

In 2013, 26 of the 41 cases of dengue reported in Florida have been serotyped by PCR. Additional serotyping and strain typing are being conducted.

	# of cases per serotype – 2013
DENV-1	18
DENV-2	0
DENV-3	3
DENV-4	5
	26

Imported Malaria: Twenty-two cases of malaria with onset in 2013 have been reported. Countries of origin were: Benin, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Guinea, Ghana (3), Guyana (4), Haiti (5), India, Kenya, Liberia, Nigeria, Sierra Leone (2), and Solomon Islands. Counties reporting cases were: Alachua, Hillsborough (4), Lake, Lee, Miami-Dade (6), Orange (4), Palm Beach (3), Pinellas, and Seminole. One of the cases was reported in a non-Florida resident.

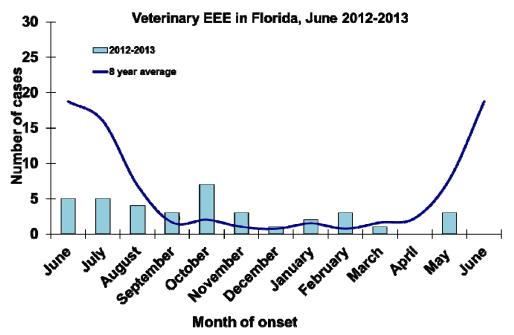
Fifteen cases (68%) were diagnosed with *Plasmodium falciparum*, six (27%) with *Plasmodium vivax*, and one mixed *Plasmodium falciparum*/ *Plasmodium vivax* (5%).

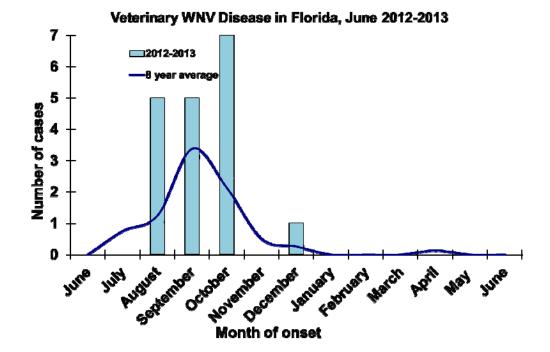
Veterinary Cases

Two horses were reported testing positive for EEEV this week in Gilchrist/Columbia* and Hamilton Counties.

County	Onset Date	Species	Virus	Status	County YTD
Gilchrist/Columbia*	5/29/13	Equine	EEEV	Euthanized	2 EEEV
Hamilton	5/30/13	Equine	EEEV	Euthanized	1 EEEV

*The equine listed as Gilchrist/Columbia had exposure in both counties during the 2 weeks prior to onset.





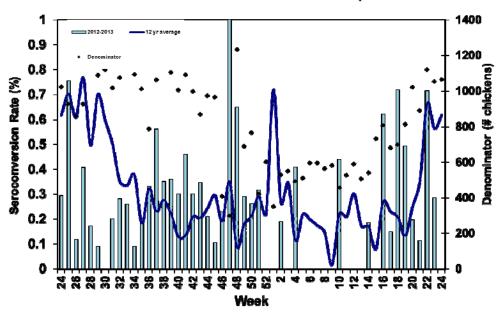
Sentinel Chickens

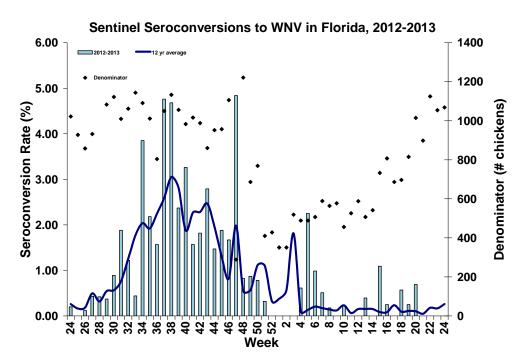
The table below is for the reporting of confirmatory laboratory results from this week. Some of the samples were collected at earlier dates. The date of collection is recorded for samples collected on that day along with the total number of positives and the corresponding seroconversion rate for the week the sample was collected.

Four sentinel chickens tested positive this week for antibodies to WNV in Walton County. Six sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to EEEV this week in Leon, Orange, St. Johns and Walton Counties. One sentinel chicken tested positive for antibodies to HJV this week in Bay County.

	Collection	Seroc	onversi	on Rates	n Rates (%) Coun		ty Totals	
County	Date	SLEV	WNV	EEEV	HJV	Collection Week	YTD	
Bay	5/28/2013				6.25	1 HJV	1 WNV, 1 EEEV 2 HJV	
Leon	6/3/2013			2.38		1 EEEV	1 EEEV	
Orange	5/30/2013			1.09		2 EEEV	3 EEEV	
St. John	6/3/2013			1.71		2 EEEV	6 EEEV	
Walton	5/13, 5/14/13		6.86			7 WNV, 2 EEEV, 5 HJV		
	5/28/2013			5.49		5 EEEV	44 WNV,21 EEEV,5 HJV	

Sentinel Seroconversions to EEEV in Florida, 2012-2013





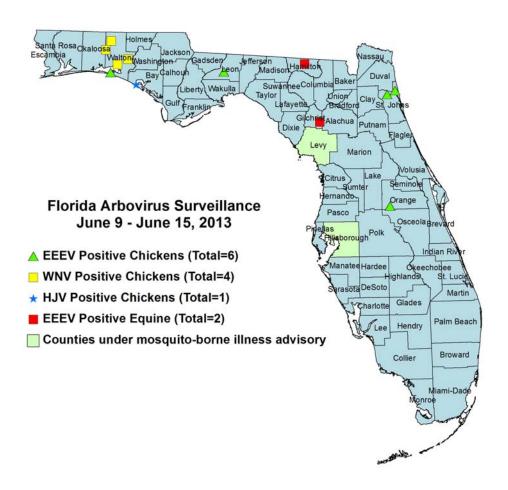
Dead Birds

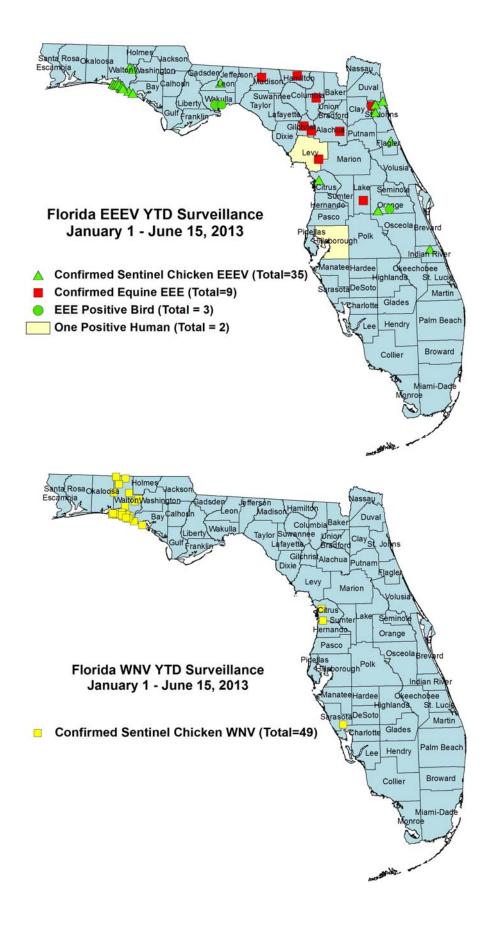
The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) collects reports of dead birds, which can be an indication of arbovirus circulation in an area. This week, 7 reports representing 7 dead birds, including 1 crow, 2 raptor were received from 6 counties.

In 2013, 458 reports representing a total of 1522 dead birds (12 crow, 7 jays, 84 raptors, 15 doves) were received from 44 of Florida's 67 counties. Please note that FWC collects reports of birds that have died from a variety of causes, not only arboviruses. Dead birds should be reported to www.myfwc.com/bird/

County	Total Dead Birds	Crows	Jays	Raptors	Dove
Brevard	1	0	0	1	0
Broward	1	0	0	0	0
Hillsborough	1	0	0	0	0
Palm Beach	2	1	0	0	0
Polk	1	0	0	1	0
Seminole	1	0	0	0	0

Maps





	2013 Arbovirus Activity by County
County	Arbovirus Activity
Alachua	EEEV: 1 horse (2/13)
Bay	EEEV: 1 sentinel (5/21)
	WNV: 1 sentinel (5/7)
	HJV: 2 sentinels (5/7, 5/28)
Citrus	EEEV: 1 sentinel (4/15)
	WNV: 3 sentinels (1/21, 1/28)
	SLEV: 1 sentinel (1/21)
-	HJV: 2 sentinels (3/25, 4/2)
Columbia	EEEV: 1 horse (5/4)
Flagler	EEEV: 1 sentinel (4/22)
Gilchrist	EEEV: 1 horse (2/6)
Hamilton	EEEV: 1 horse (5/30)
Hillsborough	EEEV: 1 human (March)
Indian River	EEEV: 1 sentinel (5/9)
Lake	EEEV: 1 horse (1/30)
Leon	EEEV: 1 sentinel (6/3)
Levy	EEEV: 1 human (January); 1 horse (1/7)
Madison	EEEV: 1 horse (2/16)
Orange	EEEV: 3 sentinels (5/2, 5/30); 1 bird (1/1)
Sarasota	WNV : 1 sentinel (5/3)
	SLEV: 1 sentinel (4/5)
Seminole	HJV: 1 sentinel (5/7)
St. Johns	EEEV: 1 horse (3/1); 6 sentinels (4/8, 5/6, 5/28, 6/3)
Wakulla	EEEV: 2 birds (4/8)
Walton	EEEV: 21 sentinels (1/7, 2/26, 3/25, 4/15, 4/29. 4/30, 5/6, 5/13, 5/28)
	WNV: 44 sentinels (1/7, 1/14, 1/15,1/23, 1/28, 2/4, 2/20, 3/11, 4/8, 4/9, 4/15, 4/29, 4/30, 5/7,
	5/13, 5/14)
	HJV : 5 sentinels (5/13)

The equine listed as Gilchrist/Columbia for 5/29/13 had exposure in both counties during the 2 weeks prior to onset. Is not listed in the table above.

Acknowledgements and Data Sources

Contributors: Stephanie Moody-Geissler, MPH, Shaiasia Itwaru-Womack, Danielle Stanek, DVM, and Carina Blackmore, DVM, Ph.D., DOH Bureau of Epidemiology; Holly Hughes, Ph.D. and Valerie Mock, DOH Bureau of Public Health Laboratories.

For more surveillance information, please see the DOH website at:

http://www.doh.state.fl.us/Environment/medicine/arboviral/index.html

For arbovirus surveillance information for the United States, please see the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention website at:

http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dvbid/westnile/surv&control.htm

*Case tallies included in the weekly Florida arbovirus surveillance report include confirmed and probable cases for EEE, WNV infection, SLE, dengue, and malaria. In addition, dengue and malaria tallies may also include suspect cases. Case definitions being used in Florida are consistent with national criteria provided by the Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE) and may be viewed at:

http://www.doh.state.fl.us/Disease_ctrl/epi/surv/CaseDefinitions/2012CaseDef_FINAL.pdf

Case tallies reported by CDC do not include suspect cases and cases are reported by patient state of residence rather than where the exposure occurred.

Data is provided by county health departments, Department of Health Laboratories, Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, mosquito control agencies, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission,

Consumer Services.		

medical providers and veterinarians. Equine cases are provided by the Department of Agriculture and