

Florida Arbovirus Surveillance Week 29: July 13 – July 19, 2014

Arbovirus surveillance in Florida includes endemic mosquito-borne viruses such as West Nile virus (WNV), Eastern equine encephalitis virus (EEEV), St. Louis encephalitis virus (SLEV), and Highlands J virus (HJV) and exotic viruses such as dengue virus (DENV), chikungunya virus (CHIKV) and California encephalitis group viruses (CEV). Malaria, a non-viral mosquito-borne disease is also included. During the period of July 13 – July 19, 2014 the following arboviral activity was recorded in Florida.

WNV activity: No human cases of WNV illness were reported this week. No horses with WNV infection were reported this week. No sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to WNV this week. In 2014, a positive sample from six sentinel chickens has been received from four counties.

EEEV activity: No human cases of EEE were reported this week. Three horses with EEEV infection were reported this week in Alachua, Jefferson and Marion Counties. Fifteen sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to EEEV this week in Alachua, Citrus, Duval, Flagler, Hillsborough, Nassau, Orange, Polk, and Walton Counties. In 2014, positive samples from 100 sentinel chickens, 2 deers and 27 horses have been received from 24 counties.

International Travel-Associated Dengue Fever Cases: One case of dengue fever was reported this week in a person that had international travel: Brevard County. In 2014, 27 travel-associated cases have been reported.

Dengue Fever Cases Acquired in Florida: No cases of locally acquired dengue fever were reported this week. In 2014, a total of one case of locally acquired dengue fever has been reported.

International Travel-Associated Chikungunya Fever Cases: Six cases of chikungunya fever were reported this week in persons that had international travel. In 2014, 87 travel-associated cases have been reported.

Chikungunya Fever Cases Acquired in Florida: Two case of locally acquired chikungunya fever were reported this week in residents of Miami-Dade and Palm Beach Counties. In 2014, a total of two cases of locally acquired chikungunya fever have been reported.

Advisories/Alerts: Alachua, Levy, Marion, Miami-Dade, Palm Beach, Pasco, and Volusia County are currently under a mosquito-borne illness advisory. No other counties are currently under mosquito-borne illness advisory or alert. A CDC Health Alert Network (HAN) health advisory was issued in December for the Caribbean region announcing the first locally acquired cases of chikungunya fever in the Americas. There is a Level 1 (Watch) Travel Health Notice from the CDC for seven countries in the Caribbean related to the continued transmission of chikungunya.

http://wwwnc.cdc.gov/travel/notices/watch/chikungunya-saint-martin

2014 Human Case Summary*

International Travel-Associated Dengue Fever Cases: Twenty-seven cases of dengue with onset in 2014 have been reported in individuals with travel history to a dengue endemic country in the two weeks prior to onset. Countries of origin were: Bolivia, Brazil (2), Caribbean, Costa Rica, Cuba (8), Dominican Republic (4), Guadeloupe, Honduras (2), Puerto Rico (3), Trinidad (2), and Venezuela (2). Counties reporting cases were: Alachua, Brevard, Broward (2), Clay, Hillsborough (3), Marion, Miami-Dade (10), Orange (2), Osceola (3), Pinellas, Seminole, and Volusia. Ten of the cases were reported in non-Florida residents. In 2014, 18 of the 27 cases of dengue reported in Florida have been serotyped by PCR. Additional serotyping and strain typing are being conducted.

	# of cases per serotype - 2014
DENV-1	6
DENV-2	7
DENV-3	1
DENV-4	3
DEN-1&2	1
	18

Dengue Fever Cases Acquired in Florida: In 2014, a total of one case of locally acquired dengue fever has been reported. One case of dengue in a Miami-Dade resident with onset in June, 2014 has been reported as acquired in Miami-Dade County.

International Travel-Associated Chikungunya Fever Cases: Eighty-seven cases of chikungunya with onset in 2014 have been reported in individuals with travel history to a chikungunya endemic country or area experiencing an outbreak in the two weeks prior to onset. Countries of origin were: Dominica, Dominican Republic (18), Haiti (65), Martinique (2), and Puerto Rico. Counties reporting cases were: Alachua, Brevard, Broward (21), Charlotte, Clay (2), Duval (2), Flagler, Hillsborough (5), Lake, Lee, Leon (2), Miami-Dade (10), Okaloosa, Orange (8), Osceola (4), Palm Beach (13), Pasco, Pinellas (2), Polk (5), Santa Rosa, Sarasota, Seminole, St. Lucie, and Volusia. Ten of the cases were reported in non-Florida residents.

Chikungunya Fever Cases Acquired in Florida: In 2014, a total of two cases of locally acquired chikungunya fever have been reported. One case of chikungunya fever in a Miami-Dade resident with onset in June, 2014 has been reported as acquired in Miami-Dade County. One case of chikungunya fever in a Palm Beach resident with onset in July, 2014 has been reported as acquired in Palm Beach County.

International Travel-Associated Malaria Cases: Twenty-eight cases of malaria with onset in 2014 have been reported. Countries of origin were: Angola, Cameroon, Dominican Republic, Equatorial New Guinea (2), Ghana, Guatemala, Guyana (2), Haiti, India (2), Ivory Coast (2), Kenya, Nigeria, Peru, Sierra Leone (5), Sudan, Uganda (2), and multiple sub-Saharan African countries (3). Counties reporting cases were: Broward (5), Duval, Escambia, Hernando, Hillsborough (5), Miami-Dade (5), Okaloosa, Orange (3), Osceola, Palm Beach, Pasco, Pinellas (2), and Santa Rosa. Four of the cases were reported in non-Florida residents.

Nineteen cases (68%) were diagnosed with *Plasmodium falciparum*. Six cases (21%) were diagnosed with *Plasmodium vivax*. Two case (7%) was diagnosed with *Plasmodium malariae*. One case (4%) was diagnosed with *Plasmodium ovale*.

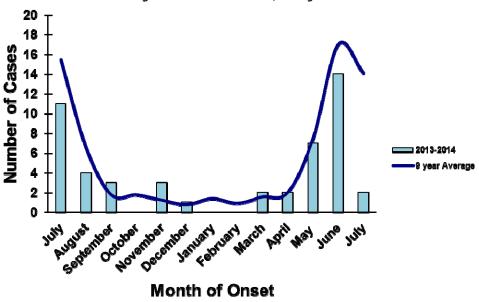
Veterinary Cases*

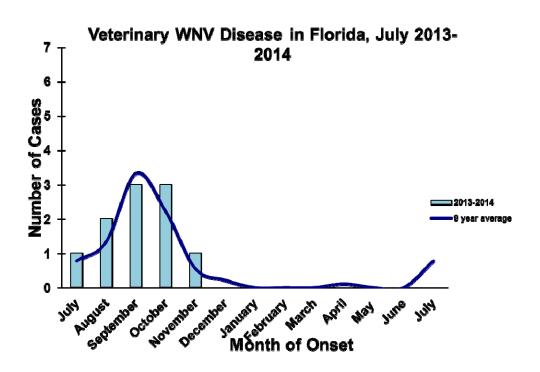
*Veterinary cases are reported by date of onset

Three horses with EEEV infection were reported this week in Alachua, Jefferson and Marion Counties.

County	Onset Date	Species	Virus	Status	County YTD
Alachua	7/4/2014	Equine	EEEV	Euthanized	3 EEEV
Jefferson	7/7/2014	Equine	EEEV	Euthanized	1 EEEV
Marion	6/26/2014	Equine	EEEV	Dead	5 EEEV

Veterinary EEE in Florida, July 2013-2014





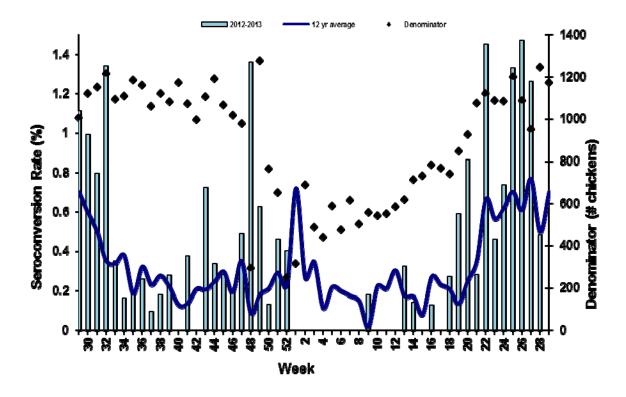
Sentinel Chickens

The table below is for the reporting of confirmatory laboratory results from this week. Some of the samples were collected at earlier dates. The date of collection is recorded for samples collected on that day along with the total number of positives and the corresponding seroconversion rate for the week the sample was collected.

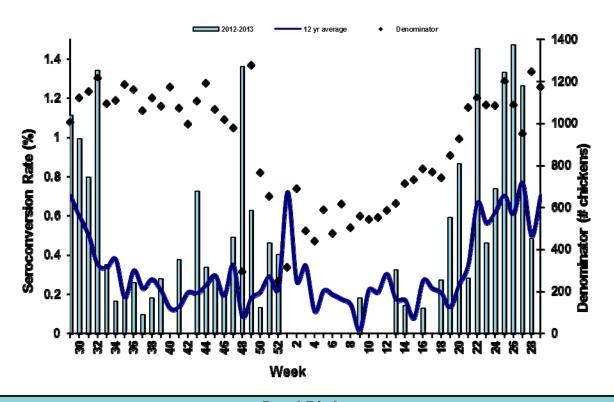
Fifteen sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to EEEV this week in Alachua, Citrus, Duval, Flagler, Hillsborough, Nassau, Orange, Polk, and Walton Counties. One sentinel chicken tested positive for antibodies to HJV this week in Walton County.

				Seroconversion Rates (%) County Totals			ty Totals		
County	Collection Date	Flavi	SLEV	WNV	Alpha	EEEV	HJV	Collection Week	YTD
Alachua	06/30/01				5.88	5.88		1 EEEV	
	07/07/14				11.11	11.11		2 EEEV	5 EEEV
Citrus	06/30/14				2.78	2.78		2 EEEV	
	07/07/14				1.41	1.41		1 EEEV	10 EEEV, 2 HJV, 1 WNV
Duval	06/30/14				3.03	3.03		1 EEEV	3 EEEV
Flagler	06/30/14				18.18	18.18		2 EEEV	
	07/07/14				9.09	9.09		1 EEEV	11 EEEV
Hillsborough	07/01/14				1.16	1.16		1 EEEV	2 EEEV, 2 SLEV, 1 WNV
Nassau	06/27/14				5.71	5.71		2 EEEV	6 EEEV
Oronas	6/25/2014;								
Orange	6/26/2014				2.56	2.56		3 EEEV	
	07/07/14				0.85	0.85		1 EEEV	9 EEEV, 3 HJV
Polk	07/07/14				16.67	16.67		1 EEEV	5 EEEV
Walton	06/30/14				0.99		0.99	1 HJV, 1 WNV	
	07/07/14				1.04	1.04		1 EEEV	18 EEEV, 5 HJV, 3 WNV

Sentinel Seroconversions to EEEV in Florida, 2013-2014



Sentinel Seroconversions to EEEV in Florida, 2013-2014



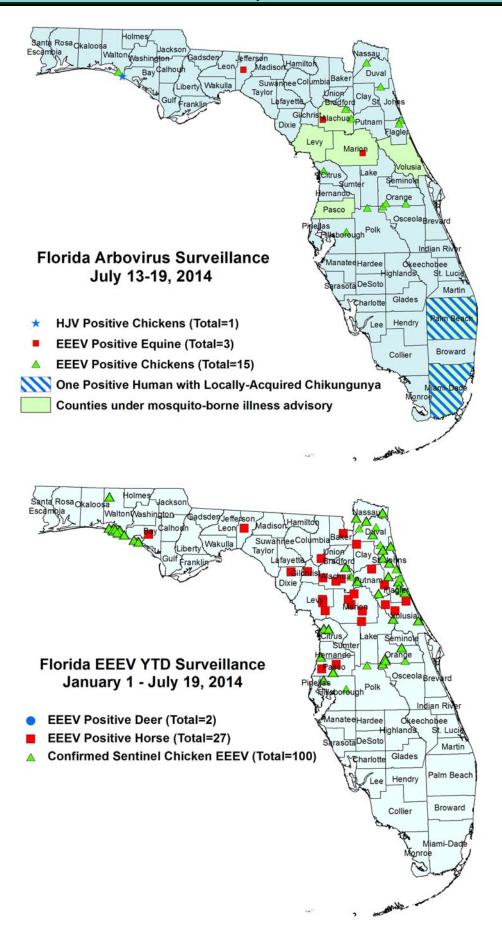
Dead Birds

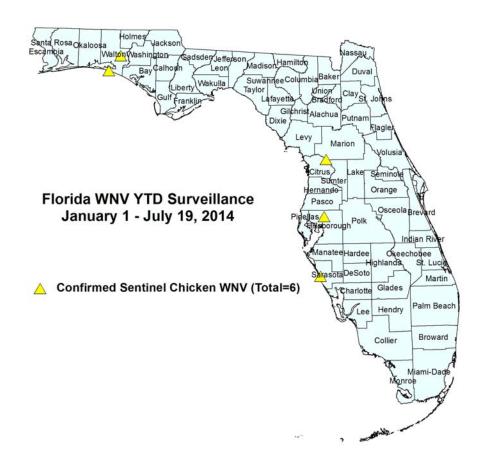
The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) collects reports of dead birds, which can be an indication of arbovirus circulation in an area. This week, 5 reports representing 7 dead birds, including 2 jays were received from 3 counties.

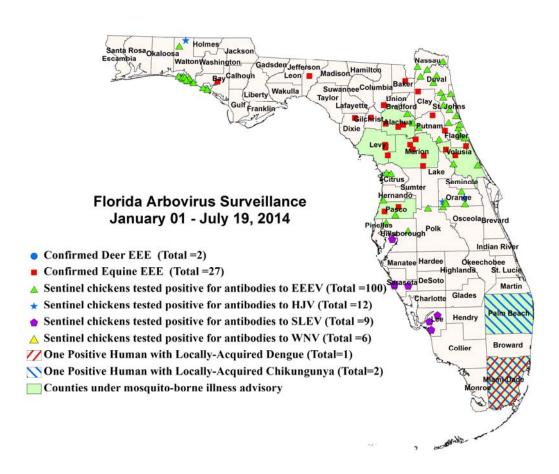
In 2014, 250 reports representing a total of 734 dead birds (25 crows, 3 jay, 47 raptors, and 26 doves) were received from 43 of Florida's 67 counties. Please note that FWC collects reports of birds that have died from a variety of causes, not only arboviruses. Dead birds should be reported to www.myfwc.com/bird/

County	Total Dead Birds	Crows	Jays	Raptors	Dove
Escambia	3	0	2	0	0
Polk	3	0	0	0	0
Okaloosa	1	0	0	0	0

Maps







2014 Arbovirus Activity by County

County	Arbovirus Activity
Alachua	EEE: 3 horses (6/17, 6/20, 7/4); 5 sentinels (6/9, 6/30, 7/7)
Вау	EEE: 1 horse (6/15); 6 sentinels (4/28, 5/6, 5/13, 5/22, 5/30) HJV: 1 sentinel (2/18)
Baker	EEEV: 1 horse (3/13)
Citrus	EEEV: 10 sentinels (3/24, 3/31, 5/12, 5/26, 6/2, 6/30, 7/7) HJV: 2 sentinels (2/17, 2/24) WNV: 1 sentinel (1/2)
Clay	EEEV: 1 horse (5/2)
Columbia	EEEV: 1 horse (6/25)
Dixie	EEEV: 1 horse (5/22)
Duval	EEEV: 3 sentinels (6/16, 6/19, 6/30)
Flagler	EEEV: 1 horse (4/21); 11 sentinels (4/14, 4/28, 5/5, 5/27, 6/2, 6/16, 6/23, 6/30, 7/7)
Gilchrist	EEEV: 2 horses (5/18, 6/23)
Hernando	EEEV: 1 sentinel (6/9)
Hillsborough	EEEV: 2 sentinels (5/13, 7/1) SLEV: 2 sentinels (1/7, 2/18) WNV: 1 sentinel (3/18)
Jefferson	EEEV: 1 horse (7/7)
Lafayette	EEEV: 2 deer (6/24)
Lee	SLEV: 4 sentinels (1/13, 1/14, 2/11, 3/25)
Levy	EEEV: 2 horses (6/7, 6/21)
Marion	EEEV: 4 horses (4/12, 5/31, 6/19, 6/26)
Miami-Dade	Chikungunya: 1 human (June) Dengue: 1 human (June)
Nassau	EEEV: 6 sentinels (5/27, 5/31, 6/13, 6/20, 6/23, 6/27)
Orange	EEEV: 9 sentinels (5/29, 6/5, 6/16, 6/19, 6/23, 6/25, 6/26, 7/7) HJV: 3 sentinels (1/2, 2/17)
Palm Beach	Chikungunya: 1 human (July)
Pasco	EEEV: 2 horses (5/31, 6/25); 2 sentinels (5/27, 6/10)
Polk	EEEV: 5 sentinels (6/23, 6/30, 7/7)
Putnam	EEEV: 1 horse (6/17); 3 sentinels (5/27, 6/17, 6/24)
Sarasota	SLEV: 3 sentinels (2/6, 2/14, 2/28) WNV: 1 sentinel (4/25)
St. Johns	EEEV: 16 sentinels (5/5, 5/12, 5/27, 6/16, 6/23, 6/30)
Volusia	EEEV: 3 horses (3/19, 5/19, 5/24); 3 sentinels (5/27, 6/9)
Walton	EEEV: 18 sentinels (2/24, 5/12, 5/19, 5/27, 6/3, 6/9, 6/16, 6/23, 6/30, 7/7) HJV: 5 sentinels (3/10, 3/24, 5/12, 5/19, 6/16) WNV: 3 sentinels (3/10, 3/17, 6/9)
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Acknowledgements and Data Sources

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For more surveillance information, please see the DOH website at:

http://www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/mosquito-borne-diseases/surveillance.html

For arbovirus surveillance information for the United States, please see the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention website at: http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dvbid/westnile/surv&control.htm

**Case tallies included in the weekly Florida arbovirus surveillance report include confirmed and probable cases for EEE, WNV infection, SLE, dengue, and malaria by date of onset. Suspect cases are not included. Activity is mapped by county of exposure rather than county of residence. Case definitions being used in Florida are consistent with national criteria provided by the Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE) and may be viewed at: http://www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/disease-reporting-and-management/disease-reporting-and-surveillance/index.html

Case tallies reported by CDC do not include suspect cases and cases are reported by patient state of residence rather than where the exposure occurred. Data is provided by county health departments, Department of Health Bureau of Public Health Laboratories, Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, mosquito control agencies, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, medical providers and veterinarians. Equine cases are provided by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.