HEALTH OFFICIALS ISSUE MOSQUITO-BORNE ILLNESSES ADVISORY

Contact:
G. Steve Huard
Public Information Officer
Florida Department of Health in Sarasota
Gerald.huard@flhealth.gov
(941) 861-2852, desk
(941) 302-1058, cell

Sarasota - The Florida Department of Health in Sarasota County (DOH-Sarasota) today advised residents there has been an increase in West Nile Virus activity in areas of Sarasota County.

Sentinel chickens in Sarasota County have tested positive for West Nile Virus indicating an increase in West Nile Virus activity in the area.

The sentinel chickens that tested positive for West Nile Virus were collected in unincorporated areas of Sarasota County near North Port. Sarasota County Mosquito Management Services has already conducted mosquito control treatments in the area.

No human cases of West Nile virus have been reported in Sarasota County at this time. Sarasota County Mosquito Management Services and DOH-Sarasota continue surveillance and prevention efforts.

West Nile Virus affects the central nervous system and can cause serious illness. However, about 80 percent of people who become infected with the virus will not show any symptoms.

DOH-Sarasota reminds residents and visitors to avoid being bitten by mosquitoes and to take basic precautions to help limit exposure.

To protect yourself from mosquitoes, you should remember to “Drain and Cover”:

**DRAIN** standing water to stop mosquitoes from multiplying.
- **Drain** water from garbage cans, house gutters, buckets, pool covers, coolers, toys, flower pots or any other containers where sprinkler or rain water has collected.
- **Discard** old tires, drums, bottles, cans, pots and pans, broken appliances and other items that aren't being used.
- **Empty and clean** birdbaths and pet's water bowls at least once or twice a week.
- **Protect** boats and vehicles from rain with tarps that don't accumulate water.
- **Maintain** swimming pools in good condition and appropriately chlorinated. Empty plastic swimming pools when not in use.

**COVER** skin with clothing or repellent.
• **Clothing** - Wear shoes, socks, and long pants and long-sleeves. This type of protection may be necessary for people who must work in areas where mosquitoes are present.

• **Repellent** - Apply mosquito repellent to bare skin and clothing.
  - Always use repellents according to the label. Repellents with DEET, picaridin, oil of lemon eucalyptus, para-menthane-diol, 2-undecanone and IR3535 are effective.
  - Use mosquito netting to protect children younger than 2 months old.

**Tips on Repellent Use**
- Always read label directions carefully for the approved usage before you apply a repellent. Some repellents are not suitable for children.
- Products with concentrations of up to 30 percent DEET (N, N-diethyl-m-toluamide) are generally recommended. Other U.S. Environmental Protection Agency-approved repellents contain picaridin, oil of lemon eucalyptus, para-menthane-diol, 2-undecanone or IR3535. These products are generally available at local pharmacies. Look for active ingredients to be listed on the product label.
- Apply insect repellent to exposed skin, or onto clothing, but not under clothing.
- In protecting children, read label instructions to be sure the repellent is age-appropriate. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), mosquito repellents containing oil of lemon eucalyptus or para-menthane-diol should not be used on children under the age of three years. DEET is not recommended on children younger than two months old.
- Avoid applying repellents to the hands of children. Adults should apply repellent first to their own hands and then transfer it to the child’s skin and clothing.
- If additional protection is necessary, apply a permethrin repellent directly to your clothing. Again, always follow the manufacturer’s directions.

**COVER doors and windows with screens to keep mosquitoes out of your house.**
- Repair broken screening on windows, doors, porches, and patios.

For more information on what repellent is right for you, consider using the Environmental Protection Agency’s search tool to help you choose skin-applied repellent products: [http://cfpub.epa.gov/oppref/insect/#searchform](http://cfpub.epa.gov/oppref/insect/#searchform).

The Department continues to conduct statewide surveillance for mosquito-borne illnesses, including West Nile virus infections, Eastern equine encephalitis, St. Louis encephalitis, malaria, chikungunya and dengue. Residents of Florida are encouraged to report dead birds via the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission's site - [http://legacy.myfwc.com/bird/default.asp](http://legacy.myfwc.com/bird/default.asp).


For more information about Sarasota County Mosquito Management Services please visit [https://www.scgov.net/government/health-and-human-services/mosquito-management-services](https://www.scgov.net/government/health-and-human-services/mosquito-management-services), or call (941) 861-5000.
About the Florida Department of Health

The department works to protect, promote, and improve the health of all people in Florida through integrated state, county, and community efforts. For more information about the Florida Department of Health in Sarasota County please visit us at www.sarasotahealth.org.

Follow us on Twitter at @HealthyFla and on Facebook. For more information about the Florida Department of Health please visit www.FloridaHealth.gov.