# FLORIDA INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE

Week 5: January 28th—February 3rd 2007



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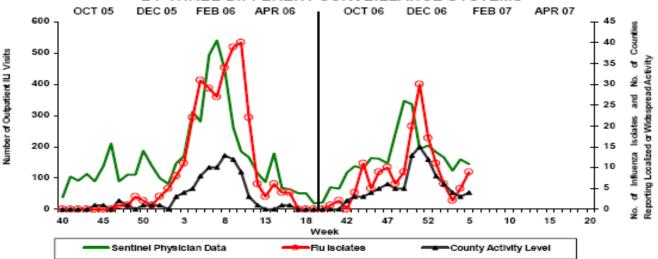
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### I. SUMMARY

This is the eighteenth weekly Florida influenza surveillance report for the 2006-07 season. Influenza surveillance\* in Florida consists of six surveillance components: 1) Florida Sentinel Physician Influenza Surveillance Network (FSPISN); 2) Florida Pneumonia & Influenza Mortality Surveillance System; 3) State laboratory viral surveillance; 4) County influenza activity levels; 5) Notifiable Disease Reports: Influenza-associated deaths in children & post-influenza infection encephalitis: 6) Influenza or ILI outbreaks.

During week 5 statewide influenza activity was localized. The proportion of patient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI) as reported by the Florida Sentinel Physician Influenza Surveillance Network was 1.01 percent and this is below the state threshold for moderate activity of 2.08 percent. Nine of the 23 specimens (39%) tested by Bureau of Laboratories were positive for influenza. No counties reported widespread activity, 4 counties reported localized activity, 27 counties reported sporadic activity and 16 counties reported no activity. Twenty counties did not report. The graph below shows the progression of the 2005-06 & 2006-07 Florida influenza seasons as monitored by three\*\* of five surveillance systems.

# FLORIDA INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE DATA FOR 2005-06 & 2006-07 AS REPORTED BY THREE DIFFERENT SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS\*\*

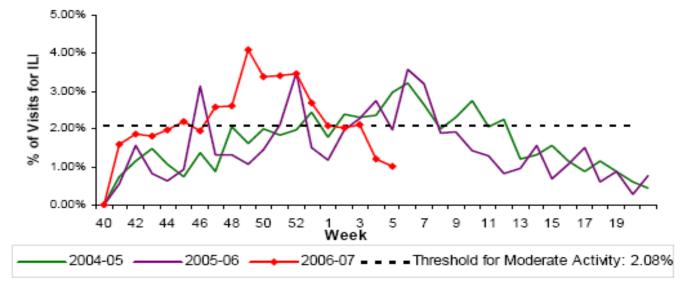


\*The purposes of these surveillance systems are to determine when and where influenza activity is occurring, to identify circulating viruses, to detect changes in the circulating influenza viruses, to track patterns of influenza associated morbidity and mortality and estimate the overall impact of influenza in the state of Florida.

### II. FSPISN INFLUENZA-LIKE ILLNESS STATEWIDE GRAPH

During week 5, 1.01%\* of patient visits to Florida sentinel providers were due to ILI. This percentage is below the 2006—07 statewide threshold for moderate activity of 2.08%\*\*. The percentage of visits ranged from 0.00% in the Southwest region to 2.39% in the Northeast region. For the 2005-06 influenza season the statewide ILI activity percentage was 2.84% for week 5.

Percentage of Visits for Influenza-like Illness Reported by Sentinel Providers Statewide Summary 2006-07, 2005-06, and 2004-05

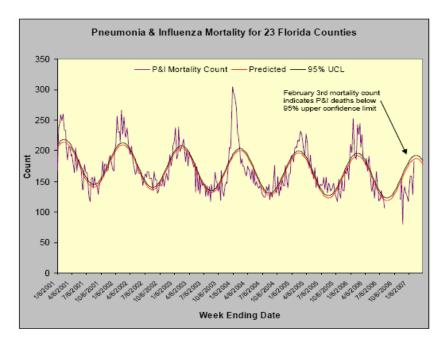


\*FSPISN reporting is incomplete for this week (60%). Numbers may change as more reports are received.

\*\*The 2006—07 threshold for moderate activity is calculated from the previous 3 years of FSPISN data. Only weeks with 10% or greater of laboratory specimens testing positive are included in the calculation. The threshold is only specific to 2006—07 data.

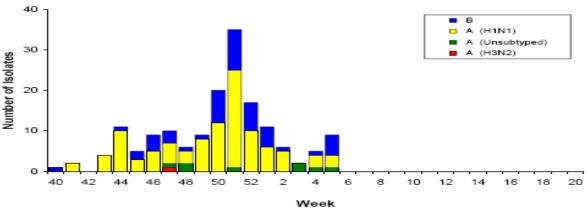
### III. THE FLORIDA PNEUMONIA & INFLUENZA MORTALITY SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM

The P&I Mortality Surveillance System resumes reporting in week 5 after several weeks of correcting reporting errors. During week 5, the total count of pneumonia and influenza (P&I) deaths reported from 23 counties was below the epidemic threshold count of 192 (95% UCL). There were 183 actual pneumonia and influenza deaths reported. This indicates there were no deaths in excess of the expected count for week 5 and observed mortality does not indicate that Florida has surpassed the epidemic threshold for this week.

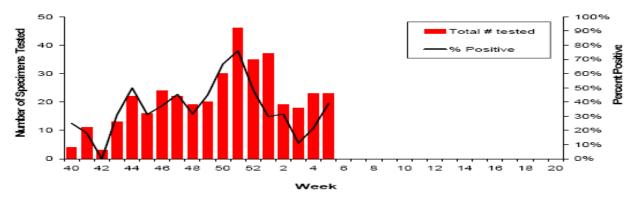


Since October 1, 2006, Florida Department of Health Laboratories have tested a total of 385 specimens for influenza viruses and 157 (41%) were positive. Among the 157 influenza viruses, 108 (69%) were influenza A viruses and 48 (31%) were influenza B viruses. One hundred and forty-nine of the 157 influenza viruses have been subtyped. Of the Influenza A viruses, 103 were A H1N1, 1 was A H3N2 and 4 was A unsubtyped. Of the 48 influenza B viruses, 40 have been subtyped as influenza B Malaysia, 8 as influenza B Shanghai. Laboratory information is preliminary and may change as additional results are received.

FDOH State Laboratory Influenza Virus Isolates 2006-07



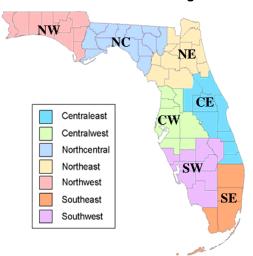
Number of Influenza Specimens Tested by FDOH State Laboratories, 2006-07



2006 – 07 Influenza Laboratory Isolates by Week and County																									
Week	(	Alachua	Bay	Broward	Clay	Duval	Escambia	Flagler	Franklin	Miami-Dade	Hardee	Hillsborough	Indian River	Leon	Levy	Monroe	Orange	Osceola	Palm Beach	Pinellas	Polk	St. Lucie	St. Johns	Santa Rosa	Volusia
48	Α			1						1				1					1		1				
	В	1																							
49	Α			2																	6				
	В																								1
50	Α						1			1		5									3		1	1	
	В		4				1				1										2				
51	Α				1	3		1	1	1	1	2		2			1		1		6	1		1	
	В					1	2				2			1							1			1	
52	Α					4						1		1							3		1		
iΓ	В									2		1		1							2			1	
1	Α									1											4			1	
iΓ	В									1		1		1											
2	Α											2		1		1		1							
	В																						1		
3	Α						1													1					
	В																								
4	Α												2								2				
	В																						1		
5	Α					2								1										1	
	В									1			1		2								1		

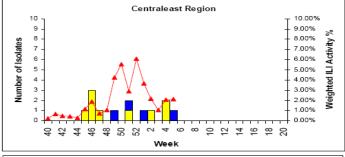
# V. LABORATORY AND INFLUENZA-LIKE ILLNESS (ILI) SURVEILLANCE BY REGION

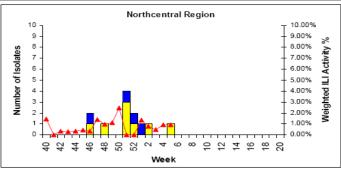
# Influenza Surveillance Regions

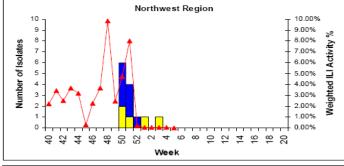


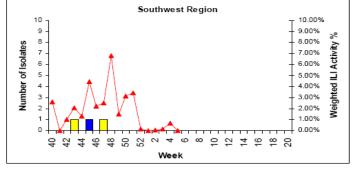
The table below shows the weighted ILI activity by region as reported by Florida sentinel physicians for the 2005-06 & 2006-07 seasons. The graphs below include ILI activity as reported by sentinel physicians and FDOH laboratory data.

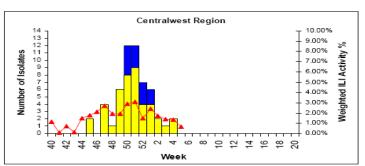
Week 5: FSPISN Weighted ILI Activity, by Region 2005-06 & 2006-07 Seasons							
REGION	2006-07 ILI %	2005-06 ILI %					
Centraleast	2.13%	4.17%					
Centralwest	0.66%	2.83%					
Northcentral	0.93%	9.01%					
Northeast	2.39%	1.99%					
Northwest	0.02%	1.96%					
Southeast	0.51%	2.44%					
Southwest	0.00%	0.39%					

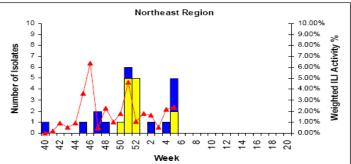


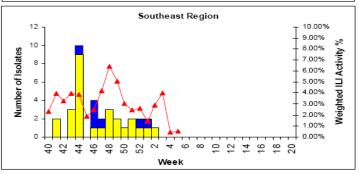






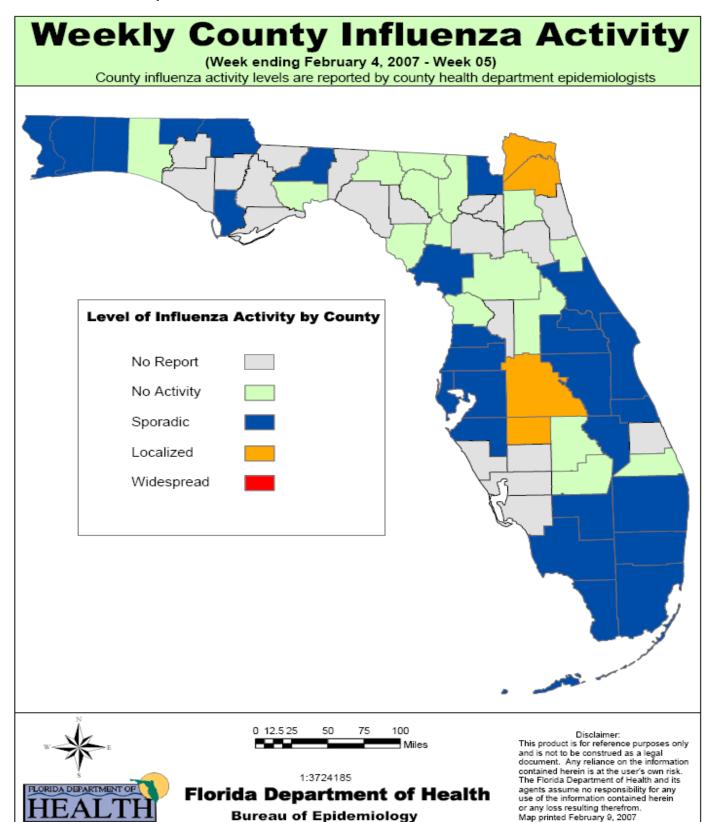








During week 5, no counties reported widespread activity. Localized activity was reported by 4 counties (Duval, Hardee, Nassau, and Polk). Twenty-seven counties reported sporadic activity (Baker, Brevard, Broward, Collier, Dade, Escambia, Gulf, Hendry, Hernando, Hillsborough, Holmes, Indian River, Jackson, Leon, Levy, Manatee, Monroe, Okaloosa, Okeechibee, Orange, Osceola, Palm Beach, Pasco, Pinellas, Santa Rosa, Seminole, and Volusia) Sixteen counties reported no activity. Twenty counties did not report.



### COUNTY INFLUENZA ACTIVITY LEVEL DEFINITIONS

### 0 = No Activity:

Overall clinical activity remains low with no laboratory confirmed cases<sup>†</sup> in the county.

#### 1 = Sporadic:

- a. Isolated cases of laboratory confirmed influenza<sup>†</sup> in the county.
- And/or b. An ILI<sup>§</sup> outbreak in a single setting<sup>‡</sup> in the county. (No detection of decreased ILI<sup>§</sup> activity by surveillance systems\*)

#### 2=Localized:

a. An increase of ILI<sup>§</sup> activity detected by a single surveillance system\* within the county. And/or (An increase in ILI§ activity has not been detected by *multiple* ILI surveillance systems.) b. Two or more outbreaks (ILI§ or lab confirmed) detected in a single setting in the county.

Recent (within past three weeks) laboratory evidence<sup>†</sup> of influenza activity in the county.

#### 3=Widespread:

- a. An increase in ILI<sup>§</sup> activity detected in ≥2 surveillance systems in the county.
- And/or b. Two or more outbreaks ((ILI§ or laboratory confirmed†) detected in *multiple* settings‡ in the county.

**No Report:** (No report was received from the county at the time of publication)

- Laboratory confirmed case = case confirmed by rapid diagnostic test, antigen detection, culture, or PCR.
- § ILI = Influenza-like illness, fever 3100°F AND sore throat and/or cough *in the absence* of another known cause.
- \*ILI surveillance system activity can be assessed using a variety of surveillance systems including sentinel providers. school/workplace absenteeism, long-term care facility (LTCF) surveillance, correctional institution surveillance, hospital emergency department surveillance and laboratory surveillance.
- <sup>‡</sup>Settings include institutional settings (LTCFs, hospitals, prisons, schools, companies) & the community.

# VII. REPORTS OF INFLUENZA OR INFLUENZA-LIKE ILLNESS (ILI) OUTBREAKS

Posted on EpiCom February 2, 2007: The Volusia CHD Epidemiology unit reported an ILI outbreak at a long term care facility. Specimens are being sent to the state laboratory for testing.

Posted on EpiCom January 12, 2007: The Hamilton CHD Epidemiology unit reported several inmates with influenza-like illness at the Hamilton Correctional Facility. State laboratory testing confirmed influenza A.

Posted on EpiCom December 22, 2006: The Seminole CHD Epidemiology unit reported an increase in positive laboratory results from local hospitals. Public Health prevention measures resulted in a flu clinic.

Posted on EpiCom December 18, 2006: The Escambia CHD Epidemiology unit reported influenza-like illness in students in 28 Escambia County schools with onset of symptoms from 11/27 to 12/15.

Posted on EpiCom November 7, 2006: Miami-Dade and Broward CHD Epidemiology units reported an increase of influenza activity in children in Southeast Florida as detected from mid October.

A description of reported influenza or ILI outbreaks in community or institutional settings can be viewed via EpiCom at: https://www.epicom.fl.net Influenza and ILI outbreaks should be reported via EpiCom.

# VIII. NOTIFIABLE DISEASE REPORTS: INFLUENZA-ASSOCIATED DEATHS AMONG CHILDREN (<18 YEARS) & POST-INFLUENZA INFECTION ENCEPHALITIS

As of the week ending January 20, 2007, 1 influenza-associated deaths among those <18 years of age and/ or post influenza infection encephalitis was reported in the state of Florida.

Reportable Disease	# of Cases 06-07 Influenza Season
Influenza-associated deaths among those <18 years of age	1
Post-influenza infection encephalitis	0

Influenza-associated deaths among those < 18 years of age and/or post-influenza infection encephalitis are reportable; case report forms can be accessed at: http://www.doh.state.fl.us/disease\_ctrl/epi/topicscrforms.htm.

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2/9/2007

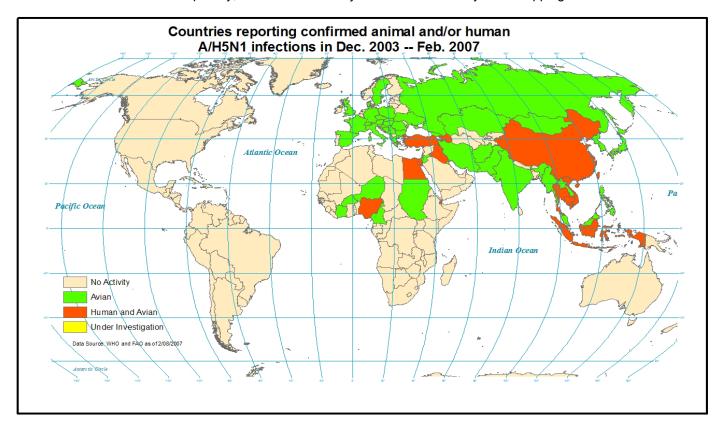
Since the recent outbreak activity began at the end of December 2003, there have been a total of 272 confirmed human cases and 166 deaths\*. Cases and deaths occurred in the following nations: Azerbaijan 8 cases and 5 deaths; Cambodia 6 cases and 6 deaths; China 22 cases and 14 deaths; Djibouti 1 case 0 deaths; Egypt 20 cases and 12 deaths; Indonesia 81 cases and 63 deaths; Iraq 3 case and 2 deaths; Nigeria 1 case and 1 death; Thailand 25 cases and 17 deaths; Turkey 12 cases and 4 deaths; and, Vietnam 93 cases and 42 deaths. Since the last update on 2/2/07 there have been two new cases and two deaths in Egypt, and 1 case and 1 death each in Indonesia and Nigeria. The cases and deaths in Egypt and Indonesia were reported to have been in contact with sick or dead poultry. The Nigerian case and death is the first human infection to be reported in the country, although sporadic outbreaks in poultry have been reported since February 2006. Investigators have initiated contact tracing procedures and are looking for specific exposures. Changes in the WHO case definition for human infection with avian influenza H5N1 can be found here: <a href="http://www.who.int/csr/disease/avian">http://www.who.int/csr/disease/avian</a> influenza/guidelines/case definition2006 08 29/en/index.html

For a complete analysis and summary of WHO confirmed human cases of H5N1 from 12/1/2003 to 4/30/2005, please visit:

#### http://www.who.int/csr/disease/avian influenza/guidelines/wer8126/en/index.html

There have no reports of avian influenza spreading to new countries in the last few months. The complete list of countries reporting confirmed outbreaks of H5N1 in bird species since late December 2003, with the most recent outbreaks listed first, include Sudan, Spain, Djibouti, Ivory Coast, Czech Republic, Palestinian Autonomous Territories, United Kingdom, Burkina Faso, Jordan, Sweden, Israel, Afghanistan, Cameroon, Myanmar, Albania, Serbia and Montenegro, Hungary, Poland, Switzerland, Niger, Slovakia, France, Austria, Malaysia, Azerbaijan, India, Slovenia, Bosnia Herzegovina, Germany, Nigeria, Egypt, Bulgaria, Italy, Greece, Iran, Croatia, Cyprus, Ukraine, Turkey, Romania, Indonesia, China, Russia, Thailand, Vietnam, Kuwait (only one flamingo), Kazakhstan, Mongolia, Cambodia, Korea (Rep. of), and Japan. Countries with confirmed H5 (neuraminidase not determined yet) infection in birds include the Philippines, Iraq, and Laos.

The current phase of alert as defined by the WHO global influenza preparedness plan is phase 3, which states that human infections with a new subtype are occurring, but no human-to-human spread, or at most rare instances of spread to a close contact. At the present time the WHO is not recommending restrictions on travel to areas affected by H5N1 avian influenza, but is suggesting that travelers to these areas avoid contact with live animal markets and poultry farms, and any free-ranging or caged poultry. Evidence suggests that the primary route of infection at this time is associated with direct contact with infected poultry, or surfaces and objects contaminated by their droppings.



<sup>\*</sup>All confirmed results are from official sources – WHO, CDC, FAO. Information on suspect cases comes from a variety of sources including Epi-X, Promed, and the official sources mentioned above.