



# LAFAYETTE COUNTY

## COMMUNITY HEALTH IMPROVEMENT

### PLAN 2018-2023



# Contents

Lafayette County Community Health Improvement Plan 2018-2023 _____	2
At-A-Glance: Lafayette County Community Health Improvement Plan Strategic Priorities, Goals and Strategies _____	2
Overview of Community Health Improvement Planning _____	3
Community Health Needs Assessment and Health Improvement Planning _____	3
The Role of Social Determinants of Health and Health Equity in Community Health Improvement Planning _____	5
Lafayette County Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP) Process _____	7
Methodology _____	7
Key Assessment Findings _____	8
Social Determinants of Health _____	8
Health Status _____	8
Health Behaviors and Conditions that Contribute to Poor Health Outcomes _____	8
Geographic, Racial and Ethnic Disparities _____	9
Health Care Resources and Utilization _____	9
Community Infrastructure and Environment _____	9
Lafayette County CHIP Goals, Strategies and Objectives _____	11
Lafayette County CHIP Alignment with State and National Priorities _____	14
Appendix _____	17
Steering Committee Members _____	18
Lafayette County CHIP Implementation Work Plan _____	19



# Lafayette County Community Health Improvement Plan 2018-2023

## AT-A-GLANCE: LAFAYETTE COUNTY COMMUNITY HEALTH IMPROVEMENT PLAN STRATEGIC PRIORITIES, GOALS AND STRATEGIES

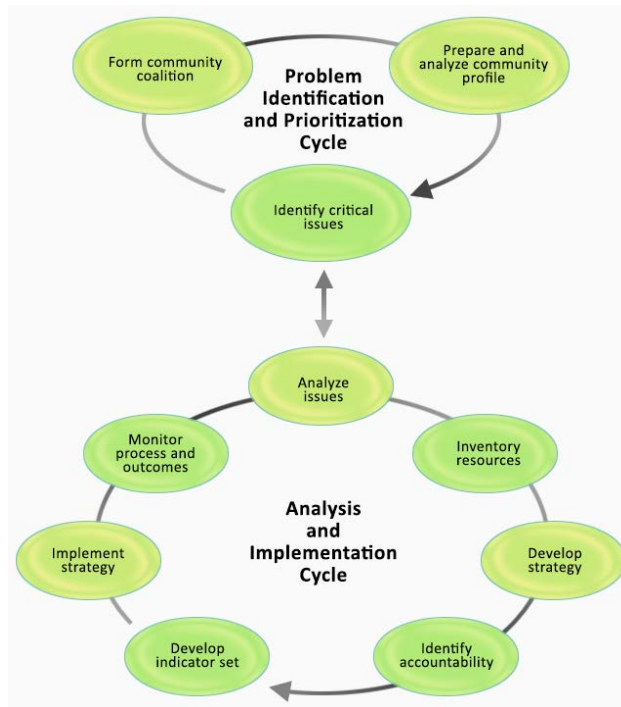
<b>Strategic Priority: Maternal and Child Health</b>
<b>Goal I: Improve the Health of Women and Babies</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Remove barriers to education/information, services and support for women and families
<b>Goal II: Institute Sexual Health Education for Youth and Teens</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Policy change at public schools, awareness/education campaigns
<b>Strategic Priority: Healthy Behaviors</b>
<b>Goal I: Reduce Substance Use</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Improve access to services and resources, provide health education, institute policy change for funding to support expanded services
<b>Goal II: Prevent Unintentional Injuries</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Provide education and awareness campaigns, support enforcement activities
<b>Strategic Priority: Chronic Health Conditions</b>
<b>Goal I: Promote Healthy Weight for Lafayette County Residents</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Institute primary prevention approaches to healthy lifestyles including education and access to services and resources
<b>Goal II: Reduce the Impact of Chronic Diseases</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Provide education on disease management, provide support and resources
<b>Strategic Priority: Access to Health Care Services</b>
<b>Goal I: Improve Access to Health Care Services</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Eliminate barriers to health care services including dental and mental health care, use technology to bring enhanced services to Lafayette
<b>Goal II: Reduce Health Care Costs and Improve Efficient Use of Existing Services</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Improve health literacy
<b>Strategic Priority: Community Engagement</b>
<b>Goal I: Ensure Adequate EMS Services</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Institute policy change, look for opportunities for revenue generation, awareness campaigns
<b>Goal II: Improve Community Commitment to Improving Health in Lafayette</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Plan and implement health-related community events, integrate health equity approaches into collaborative community health activities

# Overview of Community Health Improvement Planning

## COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT AND HEALTH IMPROVEMENT PLANNING

In the Institute of Medicine’s (IOM) 1997 publication *Improving Health in the Community*, the community health improvement planning process was described as the required framework within which a community takes a comprehensive approach to improving health. That framework includes assessing the community’s health status and needs, determining health resources and gaps, identifying health priorities, and developing and implementing strategies for action. Notably, in this comprehensive approach there are two cycles; that is, an assessment or problem identification and prioritization cycle followed by an implementation cycle. By 2000 the National Association of County and City Health Officials (NACCHO) in conjunction with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention’s (CDC) Public Health Practice Office had developed Mobilizing for Action through Planning and Partnerships (MAPP) as a strategic approach to community health improvement.

**FIGURE 1: COMMUNITY HEALTH IMPROVEMENT PLANNING FRAMEWORK, IOM, 1997**



J.S. Durch, L.A. Bailey, and M.A. Stoto, eds. (1997) *Improving Health in the Community*, Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Retrieved: <https://ctb.ku.edu/en/table-of-contents/overview/models-for-community-health-and-development/chip/main>

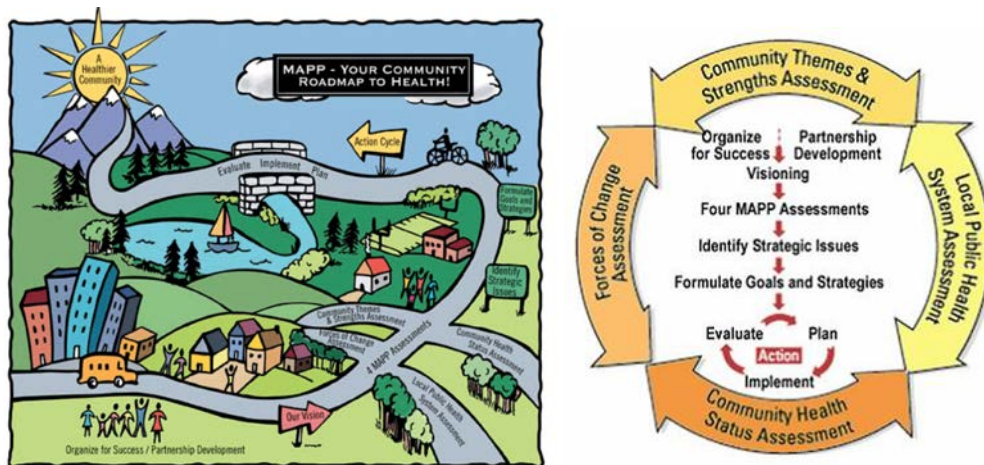
NACCHO and the CDC's vision for implementing MAPP remains today as "Communities achieving improved health and quality of life by mobilizing partnerships and taking strategic action."

At the heart of the MAPP process are the following core MAPP assessments:

- Community Health Status Assessment
- Community Themes and Strengths Assessment
- Forces of Change Assessment
- Local Public Health System Assessment

The findings from four MAPP assessments inform the detection of common themes and issues in order to identify and prioritize the key community health needs. Prioritized strategic community health issues are documented and addressed in the MAPP action cycle phase to complete the comprehensive health improvement planning cycle.

**FIGURE 2: MOBILIZING FOR PLANNING THROUGH PLANNING AND PARTNERSHIPS (MAPP)**



National Association of County and City Health Officials (N.D.). *Community Health Assessment and Improvement Planning*. Retrieved June 21, 2018, <https://www.naccho.org/programs/public-health-infrastructure/performance-improvement/community-health-assessment>

The Public Health Accreditation Board (PHAB), the voluntary accrediting body for public health agencies in the United States, deems community health, community health assessment and health improvement planning as foundational functions and core to the mission of public health. Community health assessment is defined in the PHAB Standards and Measures as a tool “to learn about the community: the health of the population, contributing factors to higher health risks or poorer health outcomes of identified populations, and community resources available to improve the health status.” The community health improvement plan is described as a “long-term, systematic effort to address public health problems on the basis of the results of community health assessment activities and the community health improvement process.” Further, the

community health improvement process “involves an ongoing collaborative, community-wide effort to identify, analyze and address health problems; assess applicable data; develop measurable health objectives and indicators; inventory community assets and resources; identify community perceptions; develop and implement coordinated strategies; identify accountable entities; and cultivate community ownership of the process.” Public Health Accreditation Board (December 2013). *PHAB Standards and Measures*. Retrieved June 21, 2018, <http://www.phaboard.org/wp-content/uploads/SM-Version-1.5-Board-adopted-FINAL-01-24-2014.docx.pdf>

### THE ROLE OF SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH AND HEALTH EQUITY IN COMMUNITY HEALTH IMPROVEMENT PLANNING

FIGURE 3: SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH (SDOH)



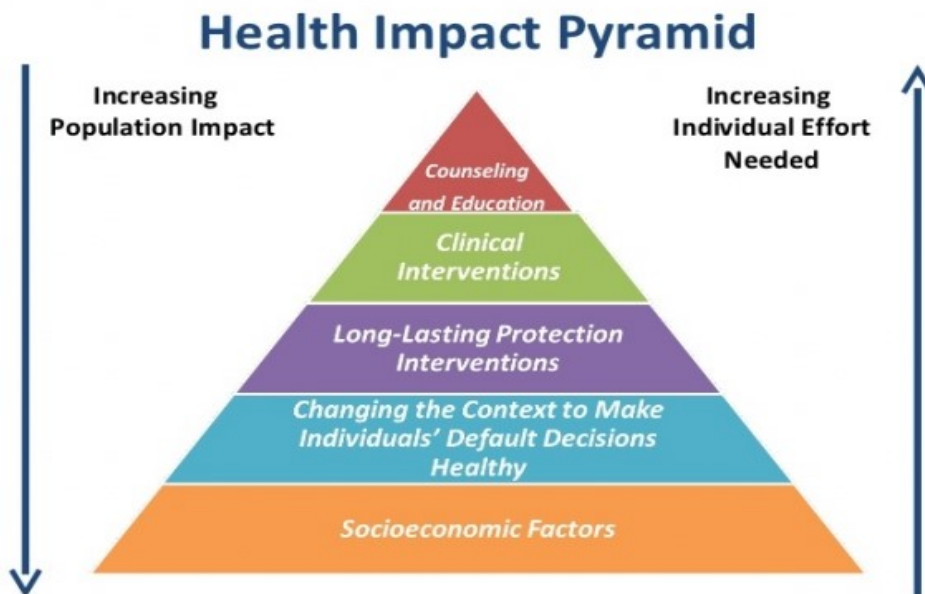
Healthy People 2020: Social Determinants of Health, Office of Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Retrieved June 21, 2018, <https://www.healthypeople.gov/2020/topics-objectives/topic/social-determinants-of-health>

According to the World Health Organization and depicted above by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), the social determinants of health (SDOH) include the “conditions in the environments in which people are born, live, learn, work, play and age that shape and affect a wide range of health,

functioning, and quality of life outcomes and risks”. (About Social Determinants of Health,” World Health Organization, [http://www.who.int/social\\_determinants/sdh\\_definition/en/](http://www.who.int/social_determinants/sdh_definition/en/) accessed June 21, 2018). The SDOH include factors such as socioeconomic status, education, neighborhood and physical environment, employment and social networks as well as access to health care. Addressing social determinants of health is important for improving health and reducing health disparities. Research suggests that health behaviors such as smoking and diet and exercise, are the most important determinants of premature death. There is growing recognition that social and economic factors shape individuals’ ability to engage in healthy behaviors. Evidence shows that stress negatively affects health across the lifespan and that environmental factors may have multi-generational impacts. Addressing social determinants of health is not only important for improving overall health, but also for reducing health disparities that are often rooted in social and economic disadvantages.

The five tier health impact pyramid depicts the potential impacts of different types of public health interventions. Efforts that address the SDOH are at the base of the pyramid, indicating their higher potential for positive impact. Interventions at the pyramid base tend to be effective because of their broad societal reach. CHIP interventions are targeted at all levels to attain the best and most sustainable health benefits.

**FIGURE 4: HEALTH IMPACT PYRAMID**



Frieden, T.R. (2010). A framework for public health action: The health impact pyramid. *American Journal of Public Health*, 100(4):590-595. Retrieved June 21, 2018, <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2836340/>

# Lafayette County Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP) Process

## METHODOLOGY

Development of the Lafayette County CHIP is a continuation of the community health assessment process using the MAPP model. Community health assessment work began in August 2017, wrapped up in January 2018 and soon after launched into the CHIP process, or MAPP phases 4 through 6, i.e., identifying strategic issues, formulating goals and strategies and implementation. Led by the Florida Department of Health in Lafayette County and members of the Lafayette Health Improvement Partnership (LHIP), the strong commitment to better understand the health status and health needs of the community followed by impactful action and accountability are the hallmarks of the Lafayette CHIP process. Enhancements to the 2018 CHIP include an emphasis on the social determinants of health and health equity with concerted efforts to involve, include and understand diverse perspectives; inclusion of policy and environmental change strategies; and direct involvement of key community partners and citizens in identifying, formulating and implementing solutions. LHIP members are responsible for developing the CHIP, identifying and including community partner agencies and citizens for inclusion in implementation efforts, and assuring accountability to the community for health improvement actions. A list of LHIP members can be found in the Appendix.

To refine and reconfirm the strategic issues and potential strategies that emerged from the community health needs assessment process, at their April 10<sup>th</sup> meeting the LHIP reviewed the data and key findings from the four MAPP assessments; specifically, these included community health status data, local public health system capacity, community themes and strengths findings from the community survey, and forces of change issues. Please see below for a brief review of these key findings and refer to two companion documents, the Lafayette County Community Health Needs Assessment 2018 and Lafayette County Technical Appendix for extensive data reporting. After the LHIP's review, discussion, and identification of common themes, members participated in a facilitated consensus workshop process to identify the final strategic priorities. Towards developing an implementation-ready CHIP, the LHIP set a timeline of activities including a sequence of online work via surveys and email correspondence, proposed conference calls and in-person meetings.

LHIP members conducted three in-person work sessions (April 10, May 21 and July 12) to formulate a plan to address the five strategic priorities with goals, strategies, objectives and accountability measures. In addition to in-person deliberations and consensus-building, the LHIP members utilized an online survey application to develop goal statements, identify strategies, and construct objectives. WellFlorida Council provided technical and administrative assistance as well as facilitation for the LHIP work sessions.

At the May 21 and July 12 workshops, LHIP members dissected the proposed goal statements, enhanced and added strategies and refined the objectives collected via the online survey. Discussions were enriched by referring to findings and data in the Community Health Assessment and Technical Appendix documents,



supplemental information provided by subject matter experts, and prioritization by consensus. In selecting the final goals and objectives, LHIP members considered the magnitude of the health problems, the immediacy of the need, impact on vulnerable and priority populations, the potential contribution to elimination of health disparities, and the likelihood that the identified issues could be substantially and positively impacted through collaborative local efforts.

## KEY ASSESSMENT FINDINGS

Data and findings from the community health assessment informed the selection of the strategic priorities in this Lafayette CHIP. Through the completion of the four MAPP assessments, multiple data sets from a variety of sources, including both primary and secondary data, generated a wealth of data. These data were reviewed, analyzed and discussed to identify common themes across assessments, persistent health problems, health and quality of life issues that have worsened, and timely opportunities. The key findings that emerged are highlighted below.

### SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH

As described above, the SDOH have been shown to have impacts on overall health. In addition, the SDOH can reduce health disparities that are often rooted in social and economic disadvantages. Data show Lafayette County has continuing challenges with the following SDOH-related issues:

- Generational poverty
- Limited employment opportunities
- Lack of affordable housing
- Low health literacy

### HEALTH STATUS

Disease and death rates are the most direct measures of health and well-being in a community. In Lafayette County, as in Florida and the rest of the United States, premature disease and death are primarily attributable to chronic health issues. That is, medical conditions that develop throughout the life course and typically require careful management for prolonged periods of time. While Lafayette County is similar to Florida in many health indicators, some differences exist. In Lafayette County, the leading causes of death rates that are higher than state rates include the first four conditions listed below.

- Cancer
- Diabetes
- Unintentional injuries
- Influenza and Pneumonia
- Infant mortality

### HEALTH BEHAVIORS AND CONDITIONS THAT CONTRIBUTE TO POOR HEALTH OUTCOMES

Health behavior data pointed to serious challenges facing Lafayette County residents. The issues listed below require multi-faceted approaches to improve existing health problems with simultaneous primary

prevention strategies to help ensure healthy futures for all segments of the population. The chronic conditions that were considered as priority health issues include the following:

- Teen pregnancy
- Mental health problems
- Oral health issues
- Overweight and obesity
- Late entry into prenatal care
- Drug and substance abuse
- Tobacco use
- Poor nutrition and food choices

#### GEOGRAPHIC, RACIAL AND ETHNIC DISPARITIES

Some disparities were found in the course of Lafayette County's community health assessment process and these preventable differences were given serious consideration and importance in CHIP discussions. Areas of particular concern include:

- **Poverty rate differences between Whites and Blacks**
- Differences in mortality rates from Cancer and Heart Disease for Whites, from Heart Disease, Diabetes and HIV for Blacks, and Unintentional Injuries for Hispanics
- Low Birth Weight births among Blacks and lagging first trimester care rates among Whites and Hispanics

#### HEALTH CARE RESOURCES AND UTILIZATION

Although health insurance and access to health care do not necessarily prevent illness, early intervention and long-term management resources can help to maintain quality of life and minimize premature death and disability. Rural communities like Lafayette County face many barriers in accessing health care services. Utilization and health professional shortage data illuminated the depth of access to care issues in Lafayette County. The major issues fall into the four groups as listed below.

- **Inappropriate use of Emergency Departments for routine primary, mental health, and dental care**
- Lack of healthcare providers and services, specialty care physicians, and dentists
- Lack of affordable health insurance with sufficient coverage
- **Limited Emergency Medical Services (EMS) and all volunteer fire services**

#### COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE AND ENVIRONMENT

Threats to the natural environment in Lafayette County emerged as pressing concerns including the degradation of natural resources, encroachment on agricultural land and impacts from natural disasters. Also in the forefront of community concerns are Lafayette County residents' lack of full understanding, sense of urgency, and engagement in addressing local health issues. Issues include:

- Challenges in mobilizing partners and the community to address health problems

- 
- Need for better monitoring and communications about health and health status in Lafayette County
  - Need for better community health education and health information dissemination
  - Elections at state and local levels
  - Threats to natural resources, the environment, rural setting and agricultural economy

# Lafayette County CHIP Goals, Strategies and Objectives

The Lafayette County 2018-2023 CHIP focuses on five strategic priority areas. For each priority issue two goals have been set and will be addressed by a variety of strategies. Objectives provide the basis for performance and outcome tracking, measuring and reporting. Each goal area has its own work plan with activities, baseline and target data, accountability measures, and progress reporting mechanisms (see Appendix for the work plan template; also see the separate companion work plan document that is updated regularly).

Strategic Priority: Maternal and Child Health
<b>Goal I: Improve the health of women and babies</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Remove barriers to education/information, services and support for women and families
<b>Objectives:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reduce teen pregnancy rate among girls 13-19 <b>5%</b> by December 31, 2021</li> <li>• By December 31, 2021 increase the percentage of women who receive prenatal care in their first trimester by <b>5%</b></li> </ul>
<b>Goal II: Institute Sexual Health Education for Youth and Teens</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Policy change at public schools, awareness/education campaigns
<b>Objectives:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>A task force on teen sexual health and comprehensive sex education will be formed and hold its first meeting by December 31, 2018</b></li> <li>• <b>By December 31, 2019 an educational and advertising campaign, targeting middle and high school students, featuring radio ads, community bulletin boards, and print ads in local media will be launched to outline key factors in responsible parenting and sexual behaviors</b></li> </ul>
Strategic Priority: Health Behaviors
<b>Goal I: Reduce Substance Use</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Improve access to services and resources, provide health education, institute policy change for funding to support expanded services
<b>Objectives:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By January 31, 2019 increase access to mental health services Lafayette County</b></li> <li>• <b>By June 30, 2019 partner with local law enforcement to provide education on drug and substance abuse to middle school/teen students of Lafayette County Schools</b></li> </ul>
<b>Goal II: Prevent Unintentional Injuries</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Provide education and awareness campaigns, support enforcement activities
<b>Objectives:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Provide 2 farm equipment safety seminars by May 31, 2020</li> <li>• By June 30, 2019 develop and implement an educational and skills development campaign on safe driving for adults and high school students (grades 9-12)</li> </ul>

<b>Strategic Priority: Chronic Health Conditions</b>
<b>Goal I: Promote Healthy Weight for Lafayette County Residents</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Institute primary prevention approaches to healthy lifestyles including education and access to services and resources
<b>Objectives:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Decrease the percentage of adult obesity by <b>3%</b> by December 31, 2021</li> <li>• By December 31, 2021 increase recreational activities for residents of Lafayette County as evidenced by             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ <b>Hosting at least 3 healthy hikes</b></li> <li>○ <b>Offering monthly/bimonthly healthy events like fun runs, park obstacle courses for children and adults</b></li> </ul> </li> <li>• Maintain a full-time health educator for chronic disease prevention at FDOH in Lafayette County beginning December 31, 2023</li> <li>• <b>Increase time spent in providing health education to Lafayette County residents by December 31, 2019.</b> measure?</li> </ul>
<b>Goal II: Reduce the Impact of Chronic Diseases</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Provide education on disease management, provide support and resources
<b>Objectives:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Increase availability of counseling services and health education classes for health risks by <b>3%</b> by December 31, 2020</li> <li>• By December 31, 2023 decrease by <b>5%</b> the percentage of adults who have ever had a heart attack, angina, or coronary heart disease, or stroke (<b>BRFSS - baseline = 18.2</b>)</li> <li>• By December 31, 2023 decrease the percentage of adults who have ever been told they had diabetes by <b>5%</b> (<b>BRFSS - baseline = 21</b>)</li> <li>• <b>Chronic disease health educator to set up community lunch and learns at least 3 times a year by December 31, 2019</b></li> </ul>
<b>Strategic Priority: Access to Health Care Services</b>
<b>Goal I: Improve Access to Health Care Services</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Eliminate barriers to health care services including dental and mental health care, use technology to bring enhanced services to Lafayette
<b>Objectives:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Implement a dental screening and sealant program for students in Grade 2 at Lafayette County elementary schools by December 31, 2023.</li> <li>• Bring mobile dental clinics that are no or low cost for Lafayette County adults by December 31, 2021</li> <li>• By December 31, 2023 increase the percentage of adults who have seen a primary care provider in the past 12 months by <b>5%</b></li> <li>• <b>By December 31, 2019 increase the percentage of patient visits to mobile health clinics by 5%</b> baseline?</li> <li>• <b>Increase dental clinic days at DOH to 2 per week by October 31, 2018</b></li> </ul>

<b>Goal II: Reduce Health Care Costs and Improve Efficient Use of Existing Services</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Improve health literacy
<b>Objectives:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reduce avoidable Emergency Department visits by Lafayette County residents by <b>2%</b> by December 31, 2022.</li> <li>• Provide a health literacy/healthy lifestyles program/training to adults in Lafayette County by December 31, 2021.</li> </ul>
<b>Strategic Priority: Community Engagement</b>
<b>Goal I: Ensure Adequate EMS Services</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Institute policy change, look for opportunities for revenue generation, conduct awareness campaigns
<b>Objectives:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Secure staff in order to place into service a second ambulance in Lafayette County by December 31, 2023</li> <li>• Increase public awareness of transportation services offered by Lafayette County by December 31, 2022</li> <li>• Increase usage of public transportation services by <b>2%</b> by December 31, 2022</li> </ul>
<b>Goal II: Improve Community Commitment to Improving Health in Lafayette County</b>
<b>Strategies:</b> Plan and implement health-related community events, integrate health equity approaches into collaborative community health activities
<b>Objectives:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Explore implementation of Friday Night Done Right events by January 31, 2020</b></li> <li>• By December 31, 2020 increase number of community participants in outreach activities offered by Lafayette County community partner organizations</li> <li>• Increase the number of new community partners who participate in outreach events by December 31, 2019</li> <li>• <b>Increase participation of faith-based organizations in LHIP by 1 organization by November 30, 2018</b></li> </ul>

## Lafayette County CHIP Alignment with State and National Priorities

The strategic priorities, goals, strategies and objectives in the Lafayette County CHIP align with several state and national initiatives. These include the Florida Department of Health’s State Health Improvement Plan for 2017-2021, Healthy People 2020, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) Surgeon General’s Office National Prevention Strategy 2017, and HHS Office of Minority Health National Stakeholder Strategy for Achieving Health Equity. These shared priorities present opportunities for collaboration and collective impact in improving health outcomes and quality of life for Lafayette County residents.

<p><b>Lafayette County CHIP Objectives</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>HP 2020 = Healthy People 2020</b> (bold = exact match of objectives)</li> <li>• <b>Florida SHIP = Florida State Health Improvement Plan, 2017 – 2021</b></li> <li>• <b>NPS = National Prevention Strategy</b></li> <li>• <b>NSS Health Equity: National Stakeholder Strategy for Achieving Healthy Equity</b></li> </ul>
<p><b>Strategic Priority: Maternal and Child Health</b></p>	
<p>Reduce teen pregnancy rate among girls 13-19 5% by December 31, 2021</p>	<p><b>HP2020: FP 8, FP 8.1, FP 8.2, FP 9 (9.1-9.4), FP 10 (10.1-10.4), FP 11 (11.1-11.4), HIV 17 (17.1-17.2), ECBP 2.7</b>  <b>NPS: Reproductive and Sexual Health</b></p>
<p>By December 31, 2021 increase the percentage of women who receive prenatal care in their first trimester</p>	<p><b>HP 2020: MICH-10 (10.1-10.2)</b>  <b>NPS: Reproductive and Sexual Health</b></p>
<p>A task force on teen sexual health and comprehensive sex education will be formed and hold its first meeting by December 31, 2018</p>	<p><b>HP 2020: FP 12 (12.1-12.4)</b>  <b>NPS: Reproductive and Sexual Health</b></p>
<p>By December 31, 2019 an educational and advertising campaign, targeting middle and high school students, featuring radio ads, community bulletin boards, and print ads in local media will be launched to outline key factors in responsible parenting and sexual behaviors</p>	<p><b>HP 2020: HC/HIT 13, EMC 4, EMC 4.3, ECBP 2, ECBP 3, ECBP 3.3</b>  <b>NPS: Reproductive and Sexual Health</b></p>
<p><b>Strategic Priority: Health Behaviors</b></p>	
<p>By January 31, 2019 increase access to mental health services Lafayette County</p>	<p><b>HP 2020: MHMD 5, MHMD 6, MHMD 9, MHMD 9.1, MHMD 9.2, MHMD 11, ECBP 10.3</b>  <b>Florida SHIP HE 3.5.1, HE 3.5.2</b>  <b>NPS: Mental and Emotional Well-Being</b></p>

By June 30, 2019 partner with local law enforcement to provide education on drug and substance abuse to middle school/teen students of Lafayette County Schools	<p><b>HP 2020:</b> EMC 4, ECBP 2.6, ECBP 10.5</p> <p><b>NPS:</b> Preventing Drug Abuse and Excessive Alcohol Use</p>
Provide 2 farm equipment safety seminars by May 31, 2020	<p><b>HP 2020:</b> ECBP2, ECBP 2.2</p> <p><b>NPS:</b> Injury and Violence Free Living</p>
By June 30, 2019 develop and implement an educational and skills development campaign on safe driving for adults and high school students (grades 9-12)	<p><b>HP 2020:</b> SA 1</p> <p><b>Florida SHIP</b> ISV 1.1.1, ISV 1.1.2, ISV 1.2.1, ISV 1.2.2</p> <p><b>NPS:</b> Injury and Violence Free Living</p>
<b>Strategic Priority: Chronic Health Conditions</b>	
Decrease the percentage of adult obesity by 3% by December 31, 2021	<p><b>HP 2020:</b> NWS 9, NWS 8, NWS 11, NWS 11.5, PA 2.2</p> <p><b>Florida SHIP</b> HW 1.1.5</p> <p><b>NPS:</b> Healthy Eating and Active Living</p>
<p>By December 31, 2021 increase recreational activities for residents of Lafayette County as evidenced by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hosting at least 3 healthy hikes</li> <li>• Offering monthly/bimonthly healthy events like fun runs, park obstacle courses for children and adults</li> </ul>	<p><b>HP 2020:</b> PA 1, PA 2, PA 2.1, PA 2.2, PA 2.3, PA 2.4, PA 10, PA 15, PA 15.1,</p> <p><b>NPS:</b> Active Living</p>
Maintain a full-time health educator for chronic disease prevention at FDOH in Lafayette County beginning December 31, 2023	<p><b>HP 2020:</b> MHMD 5</p> <p><b>NPS:</b> Healthy Eating and Active Living</p>
Increase time spent in providing health education to Lafayette County residents by December 31, 2019.	<b>HP 2020:</b> HC/HIT 13
Increase availability of counseling services and health education classes for health risks by 3% by December 31, 2020	<p><b>HP 2020:</b> NWS 6, NWS 6.1, NWS 7</p> <p><b>Florida SHIP</b> MCH 3.2.1</p> <p><b>NPS:</b> Mental and Emotional Well-Being</p>
By December 31, 2023 decrease by 5% the percentage of adults who have ever had a heart attack, angina, or coronary heart disease, or stroke (BRFSS – baseline = 18.2)	<p><b>HP 2020:</b> HDS 2, HDS 3, NWS 17</p> <p><b>Florida SHIP</b> 1.3.4</p>
By December 31, 2023 decrease the percentage of adults who have ever been told they had diabetes by 5% (BRFSS – baseline = 21)	<b>HP 2020:</b> D 1, D 16 (16.1-16.3), NWS 6, NWS 6.1, NWS 7



	<b>Florida SHIP</b> CD1.1.2, CD 1.3.3
Chronic disease health educator to set up community lunch and learns at least 3 times a year by December 31, 2019	<b>NPS:</b> Healthy Eating and Active Living, Tobacco Free Living, Preventing Drug Abuse and Excessive Alcohol Use
<b>Strategic Priority: Access to Health Care Services</b>	
Implement a dental screening and sealant program for students in Grade 2 at Lafayette County elementary schools by December 31, 2023	<b>HP 2020:</b> OH 9.1, OH 12.1, OH 1, OH 2.1, AHS 1.2
Bring mobile dental clinics that are no or low cost for Lafayette County adults by December 31, 2021	<b>HP 2020:</b> AHS 6, <b>AHS 6.3,</b>
By December 31, 2023 increase the percentage of adults who have seen a primary care provider in the past 12 months by 5%	<b>HP 2020:</b> PA 11 <b>NSS Health Equity:</b> Goal 3 Health System and Life Experience
By December 31, 2019 increase the percentage of patient visits to mobile health clinics by 5%	<b>HP 2020:</b> AHS 3, AHS 5 <b>Florida SHIP</b> HE 3.3.1 <b>NSS Health Equity:</b> Goal 3 Health System and Life Experience
Increase dental clinic days at DOH to 2 per week by October 31, 2018	<b>HP 2020:</b> OH 3, OH 7, OH 8, OH 10, OH 14, OH 17, AHS 6.1, AHS 6.3
<b>Strategic Priority: Community Engagement</b>	
Secure staff in order to place into service a second ambulance in Lafayette County by December 31, 2023	
Increase public awareness of transportation services offered by Lafayette County by December 31, 2022	<b>HP 2020:</b> PA 15.3
Increase usage of public transportation services by 2% by December 31, 2022	<b>HP 2020:</b> PA 15.3, EH 2.3
Explore implementation of Friday Night Done Right events by January 31, 2020	<b>NPS:</b> Preventing Drug Abuse and Excessive Alcohol Use
By December 31, 2020 increase number of community participants in outreach activities offered by Lafayette County community partner organizations	<b>HP 2020:</b> ECBP 10
Increase the number of new community partners who participate in outreach events by December 31, 2019	<b>HP 2020:</b> ECBP 10 <b>Florida SHIP,</b> Goal HE 2 <b>NSS Health Equity:</b> Goal 1
Increase participation of faith-based organizations in LHIP by 1 organization by November 30, 2018	

---

# Appendix

This Appendix includes the following sections:

- Lafayette Health Improvement Partnership (LHIP) Members
- Lafayette County CHIP Implementation Work Plan template

---

## STEERING COMMITTEE MEMBERS

- Children’s Home Society of Florida – Jennifer Anchors
- Community Members – Samantha Land and Fran VanElla
- Elder Options – Bianca Blackshear, Lauren Dean, Velma Chandler
- Florida Department of Children and Families - Cindy Bishop
- Florida Department of Corrections - Julie Eveslage, Kelly Stephenson
- Florida Department of Health, Child Protection Team – Stephanie Cox
- Haven Hospice – Debbie French
- Homewood Lodge Assisted Living Facility – Ashley Morgan
- Lafayette County Board of County Commission – Anthony Adams, Earnest Jones, Lance Lamb, Thomas Pridgeon, Lisa Walker, Donnie Hamlin (Retired)
- Lafayette County Chamber of Commerce – Leeta Hawkins
- Lafayette County Clerk of Court – Steve Land
- Lafayette County Extension Office – Eva Bolton, Jana Hart
- Lafayette County Property Appraiser – Tim Walker
- Lafayette County School Board – Darren Driver, Jeff Walker, Robby Edwards
- Lafayette County Supervisor of Elections – Travis Hart
- Lafayette County Youth Advocacy – Mary Taylor
- Lafayette Health Care Nursing Home – Rich Wisdahl
- Lutheran Services of Florida Health Systems - Lesley Hersey
- Meridian Behavioral Health Care – Anita Scarborough, Debra Wright, Nancy Collins, Natasha Fredericks Klein, Pamela Hester, Sharon Simons
- North Florida Community College – Takiyah Randolph, John Walt Boatright
- North Florida Medical Centers – A. Harris
- Oakridge Assisted Living Facility - Heather Lock
- Rural Women’s Health Project – Fran Ricardo
- St. Lukes Episcopal Church - Father George Hinchliffe
- Suwannee River Economic Council - Frances Terry, Janis Owens, Matt Pearson
- Three Rivers Library – Cheryl Pulliam
- UF IFAS, Public Health Coordinator - Mike Swain
- United Way - Nancy Roberts


LAFAYETTE COUNTY CHIP IMPLEMENTATION WORK PLAN

**CHIP Workplan**

Strategic Issue Area: \_\_\_\_\_

Goal: \_\_\_\_\_ Objective: \_\_\_\_\_

Why this is important to our community:

OBJECTIVE	BASELINE	CURRENT DATA	PERFORMANCE MEASURE	LEAD
			Source:	
STRATEGY	ACTIVITY	TARGET DATE	STATUS	NOTES:
				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Explanation of where we are at and what is currently being worked on.</li> </ul>

\*Status indicators are as followed:

-  Little to no movement
-  Some progress
-  Reached or surpassed