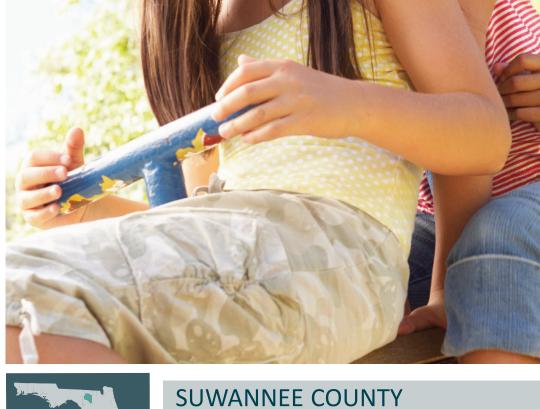


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COMMUNITY HEALTH IMPROVEMENT PLAN







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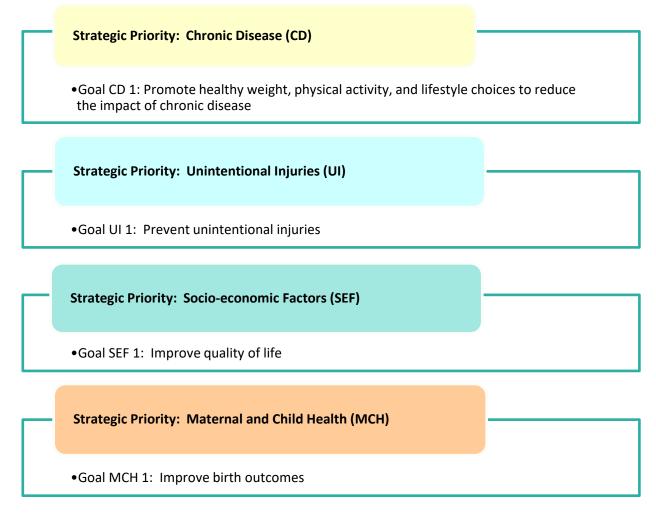
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Executive Summary of the Suwannee County Community Health Improvement Plan 2024-2028

SUWANNEE COUNTY COMMUNITY HEALTH IMPROVEMENT PLAN STRATEGIC PRIORITIES AND GOALS



The Florida Department of Health in Suwannee County and community leaders and partners began the 2023 Community Health Needs Assessment (CHA) process in January 2023. As in the past, Suwannee County community partners used the modified Mobilizing for Action through Planning and Partnerships (MAPP) framework to assure a comprehensive community health assessment would inform the development of the community health improvement plan. Although MAPP 2.0 was released



after the 2023 Suwannee County Community Health Assessment was launched, the Suwannee CHA Steering Committee opted to include the Community Partner Assessment in the 2023 CHA. As such, the 2023 Suwannee CHA followed a modified MAPP and MAPP 2.0 process.

Guided by a diverse, broad, and representative body, called the 2023 Suwannee County CHA Steering Committee, the MAPP process yielded a wealth of data (see companion documents, <u>Suwannee County</u> <u>Community Health Assessment 2023</u> and the <u>Lafayette and Suwannee Counties Community Health</u> <u>Assessment Technical Appendix 2023</u>) that were used to identify strategic priorities for the coming five years of 2024-2028. (Table references are from the <u>Lafayette and Suwannee Counties Community</u> <u>Health Assessment Technical Appendix 2023-2028</u> unless otherwise noted). The strategic priorities include:

Chronic Disease: Chronic diseases such as heart disease, cancer, chronic lower respiratory disease, stroke, and diabetes are the leading causes of death in Suwannee County (Table 61, Technical Appendix) and contribute to lower life expectancy and premature death (Table 20, Technical Appendix). In addition to the assessment data on mortality and life expectancy, secondary data on behaviors and outcomes underscored the importance of addressing prevention and management of chronic diseases. Suwannee County had higher rates of adults who are current smokers and who currently use chewing tobacco, snuff, or snus some days or every day (Table 128, Technical Appendix). Suwannee County youth (ages 11-17) had higher than state rates of current cigar use, cigarettes, smokeless tobacco use, and electronic vapor product use (Table 129 Technical Appendix). More than three-quarters (75.3 percent) of Suwannee County adults are overweight or obese and almost 36.2 percent are reported to be sedentary (Table 130, Technical Appendix). Fewer Suwannee County adults with diabetes ever had diabetes self-management education compared to state rates (Table 149, Technical Appendix).

Concerns for the behaviors and conditions that contribute to chronic diseases surfaced throughout the assessment process. Respondents to the Suwannee County community health assessment survey felt obesity, diabetes, and tobacco use topped the list of most important health issues for the county (Table 10, CHA). Relatedly, consuming unhealthy foods and sugarsweetened beverages, lack of physical activity, and tobacco use including vaping ranked among the behaviors that have the greatest negative impact on health in Suwannee County (Table 11, CHA). Community input during the forces of change discussions pointed to high rates of usage of tobacco and nicotine-delivery devices and products as a factor, or long-standing issue in Suwannee County. Half of the partner agencies and organizations that participated in the community partner assessment reported that tobacco use was an important ongoing focus and



another quarter of partners focus on physical activity with chronic disease in general was also among agency programmatic priorities (Tables 28, 29, CHA).

- Unintentional Injuries: As the term implies, unintentional injuries are unplanned and occur without the intent to cause harm. Many unintentional injuries are caused by motor vehicle crashes, falls, drownings, burns, and sports and recreational activities. As in Florida and the United States, unintentional injuries are the leading cause of death for youth in Suwannee County. Distracted driving and violence were identified among the behaviors with greatest negative impact by community survey respondents (Table 11, CHA). A quarter (25.0 percent) of community partner agencies and organizations listed injury and violence prevention among their current focus areas (Table 29, CHA). Through assessment discussions, Suwannee County community partners identified five causes of unintentional injury of most concern; drownings, motor vehicle injuries, animal bites, farm and agricultural industry injuries, and slips and falls. Also voiced as contributing to concerns about unintentional injuries were increased road traffic on rural roads and highways, use of parks and recreational facilities, and the popularity of local water ways with tourists.
- Socio-economic Factors: The community health assessment process identified socio- economic factors, or non-medical factors that influence health outcomes, as persistent challenges for Suwannee County. These include housing, food insecurity, barriers to dental care, and rural infrastructure gaps in internet access. Secondary data examined in the health status assessment pointed to food insecurity rates higher than state rates (Table 41, Technical Appendix) and 18.2 percent of Suwannee County households receiving cash public assistance or food stamps, exceeding the state rate (Table 50, Technical Appendix). A higher percentage of Suwannee County kindergarteners (68.6 percent), elementary school students (64.7 percent), and middle school students (56.0 percent) gualified for free or reduced lunch in 2021 than state counterparts (Table 47, Technical Appendix). In 2020-2021 there were nine (9) dentists located in Suwannee County (Table 160, Technical Appendix). This lack of adequate access to routine dental care often manifests in avoidable emergency department (ED) visits for dental problems. In 2021 Suwannee County's preventable ED visit rate was two times higher than the state rate (Table 161, Technical Appendix). Primary, or new, data collected through the community survey showed that more than half (55.2 percent) of respondents felt access to health care including primary, specialty, dental, and mental health services was the most important factor that contributes to a healthy community (Table 9, CHA). About 29.1 percent of survey respondents said dental care was among the services most difficult to obtain in Suwannee County. This was underscored by 46.3 percent of respondents reporting that they



did not get needed dental care in the past 12 months with cost (68.0 percent) and insurance issues (57.8 percent) as common barriers (Table 12, CHA). Forces of change assessment discussions included an emphasis on the current lack of broadband internet access in much of rural Suwannee County. Fortunately, opportunities to fund fiber optic network expansion are coming to fruition bringing real prospects for telehealth service enhancements. Other unfavorable trends mentioned in discussions included rising food insecurity, inflation, and small farm closures. According to partner agencies and organizations via the community partner assessment, many address socio-economic factors including economic stability (75.0 percent of respondents), education access (62.5 percent), healthcare access and quality (50.0 percent), neighborhood and built environment (37.5 percent), and social and community context (50.0 percent) (Table 28, CHA). Human trafficking is an emerging issue that is included among the Suwannee County CHIP objectives in order to begin community education and awareness of the growing problem.

Maternal and Child Health: Pregnant women and women who recently gave birth are a particularly vulnerable and integral component of society, such that understanding their health and well-being is fundamental to any community health assessment. While Suwannee County's birth rate of 9.6 per 1,000 population (2019-2021) was somewhat lower than the state rate, there are still concerns for mothers and infants (Table 121, Technical Appendix). Infant deaths are rare occurrences resulting in small numbers which require caution in their interpretation. For all races, Suwannee County recorded nine (9) infant deaths from 2019-2021, resulting in a rate of 6.9 deaths per 1,000 total live births (5.9 deaths per 1,000, Florida) (Table 122, Technical Appendix). For the same time period, the infant mortality rate for White Suwannee County births at 7.2 deaths per 1,000 live births was noticeably higher than the state rate of 4.3 deaths. The low birthweight (less than five pounds eight ounces) birth rates for Suwannee County (all races) at 9.4 percent of births and Suwannee County White births were both higher than for the state (Table 123, Technical Appendix). Only 59.8 percent of births to Suwannee County mothers of all races were reported to have received first trimester care (2019-2021). This percentage was noticeably lower than the state rate while 65.0 percent of Suwannee County Black births received first trimester care, exceeding both the county and state rates (Table 124, Technical Appendix). The Special Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) offers nutrition education, breastfeeding and other support to women, infants and children up to the age of five. In Suwannee County 49.8 percent of births were to WIC program participants (2019-2021), signaling an opportunity to assist many more mothers and children (Table 127, Technical Appendix). Community survey respondents included poor



eating habits, tobacco, drug and alcohol use, and not getting immunizations among behaviors that negatively impact health for the general public that includes pregnant women, infants, and children (Table 11, CHA). Assessment discussions on the forces of change brought to light challenges Suwannee County families have with rising social anxiety disorders and mental health problems, more grandparents parenting their grandchildren, and rising inflation impacting the affordability of food and housing. Community partner agencies and organizations listed pregnant people, premature babies, infants, vulnerable families, older adults and homeless persons among their priority populations. More than a third (37.5 percent) of partner agencies and organizations address family and maternal health while 25.0 percent focus on immunizations, WIC, and food benefits (Tables 27, 29, CHA).



Overview of Community Health Improvement Planning

COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT AND HEALTH IMPROVEMENT PLANNING

In the Institute of Medicine's (IOM) 1997 publication *Improving Health in the Community*, the community health improvement planning process was described as the required framework within which a community takes a comprehensive approach to improving health. That framework includes assessing the community's health status and needs, determining health resources and gaps, identifying health priorities, and developing and implementing strategies for action. Notably, in this comprehensive approach there are two cycles; that is, an assessment or problem identification and prioritization cycle followed by an implementation cycle. By 2000 the National Association of County and City Health Officials (NACCHO) in conjunction with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) Public Health Practice Office had developed Mobilizing for Action through Planning and Partnerships (MAPP) as a strategic approach to community health improvement. MAPP 2.0 was released in 2022 reflecting the updated (2020) Ten Essential Public Health Services and innovations in community engagement, data collection and reporting, and community capacity assessment.

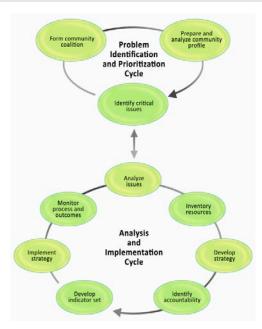


FIGURE 1: COMMUNITY HEALTH IMPROVEMENT PLANNING FRAMEWORK, IOM, 1997

Source: J.S. Durch, L.A. Bailey, and M.A. Stoto, eds. (1997) Improving Health in the Community, Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Retrieved: November 3, 2023, <u>https://ctb.ku.edu/en/table-of-contents/overview/models-for-community-health-and-development/chip/main</u>

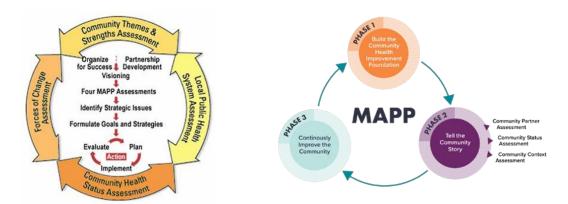


NACCHO and the CDC's vision for implementing MAPP remains today as "Communities achieving improved health and quality of life by mobilizing partnerships and taking strategic action." At the heart of the Suwannee County MAPP process were the following core classic MAPP assessments, with the inclusion of the MAPP 2.0 Community Partner Assessment:

- Community Health Status Assessment
- Community Themes and Strengths Assessment
- Forces of Change Assessment
- Community Partner Assessment

The findings from these four MAPP assessments informed the recognition of common themes and issues in order to identify and prioritize the key community health needs. Prioritized strategic community health issues were documented and addressed in the MAPP action cycle phase to complete the comprehensive health improvement planning cycle.

FIGURE 2: MOBILIZING FOR ACTION THROUGH PLANNING AND PARTNERSHIPS (MAPP)



Source: National Association of County and City Health Officials (N.D.). *Community Health Assessment and Improvement Planning*. Retrieved November 3, 2023, <u>https://www.naccho.org/programs/public-health-infrastructure/performance-improvement/community-health-assessment</u>

The Public Health Accreditation Board (PHAB), the voluntary accrediting body for public health agencies in the United States, deems community health, community health assessment and health improvement planning as foundational functions and core to the mission of public health. Community health assessment is defined in the PHAB Standards and Measures as a tool "to learn about the community: the health of the population, contributing factors to higher health risks or poorer health outcomes of identified populations, and community resources available to improve the health status." The community health improvement planning process "involves an ongoing, collaborative, community-



wide effort to identify, analyze, and address health problems; assesses applicable data; develop measurable health objectives and indicators; inventory community assets and resources; identify community perceptions; develop and implement coordinated strategies; identify accountable entities; and cultivate community ownership of the process." Public Health Accreditation Board (October 2022). *PHAB Acronyms and Glossary of Terms.* Retrieved April 3, 2023, <u>Acronyms-and-Glossary-of-Terms.pdf</u> (phaboard.org)

ROLE OF SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC FACTORS IN COMMUNITY HEALTH IMPROVEMENT PLANNING



FIGURE 3: SOCIAL, ECONOMIC, AND OTHER FACTORS THAT DETERMINE HEALTH

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Retrieved November 3, 2023, https://www.cdc.gov/publichealthgateway/sdoh/index.html

According to the World Health Organization and depicted above by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), the social determinants of health (SDOH) include the "conditions in the environments in which people are born, live, learn, work, play and age that shape and affect a wide range of health, functioning, and quality of life outcomes and risks". (About Social Determinants of Health," World Health Organization, accessed November 3, 2023.



http://www.who.int/social_determinants/sdh_definition/en/). The determinants include factors such as socioeconomic status, education, neighborhood and physical environment, employment, and social networks as well as access to health care. Addressing factors that impact health is important for improving health and reducing health disparities. Research suggests that health behaviors such as smoking and diet and exercise, are the most important determinants of premature death. There is growing recognition that social and economic factors shape an individual's ability to engage in healthy behaviors. Evidence shows that stress negatively affects health across the lifespan and that environmental factors may have multi-generational impacts.

The five-tier health impact pyramid depicts the potential impacts of different types of public health interventions. Efforts that address social and economic factors are at the base of the pyramid, indicating their higher potential for positive impact. Interventions at the pyramid base tend to be effective because of their broad societal reach. CHIP interventions are targeted at all levels to attain the best and most sustainable health benefits.



FIGURE 4: HEALTH IMPACT PYRAMID

Source: Frieden, T.R. (2010). A framework for public health action: The health impact pyramid. *American Journal of Public Health*, 100(4):590-595. Retrieved November 3, 2023 <u>https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2836340/</u>



Suwannee County Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP) Process

METHODOLOGY

Development of the Suwannee County CHIP is a continuation of the community health assessment process using the modified MAPP model. Community health assessment work began in January 2023 and concluded in June 2023. The four phases of MAPP that constituted the community health assessment process are briefly described below. In September 2023 Suwannee County partners launched into planning for the CHIP process.

MAPP PHASE 1: ORGANIZING FOR SUCCESS AND PARTNERSHIP DEVELOPMENT

To assure a successful community health assessment (CHA) and health improvement planning process, the Florida Department of Health in Suwannee County engaged partners to plan a process that built upon existing relationships, used resources wisely, and demonstrated a commitment to making positive, collective impact on health and quality of life in Suwannee County. A listing of the Suwannee County CHA Steering Committee members other partners, and their affiliations can be found in the <u>Suwannee County Community Health Assessment 2023</u> report.

MAPP PHASE 2: VISIONING

At the January 4, 2023, kick-off meeting of the Suwannee County Community Health Assessment, Steering Committee members participated in a visioning exercise to define health, identify the characteristics of a healthy Suwannee County, envision the community health system in the next three to five years, and visualize the needed resources, assets, and attributes to support such a system. Through a facilitated process, Steering Committee members brainstormed several questions:

- What characteristics, factors, and attributes are needed to create and support a healthy Suwannee County?
- What does having a healthy community mean?
- What are the policies, environments, actions, and behaviors needed to support a healthy community?

Additional visioning results and the community's full definition of health and a healthy community are included in the appendix.



disease transportation^{tobacco-free} mental care abuse business access health food_{services} dental shelter opportunities community care active walkable leadership information substance language access benefits

FIGURE 5: VISIONING WORD CLOUD, SUWANNEE COUNTY, 2023

Source: Suwannee County visioning discussion, January 4, 2023. Prepared by WellFlorida Council, using WordItOut.com, 2023.

MAPP PHASE 3: FOUR MAPP ASSESSMENTS

Each of the four assessments in the MAPP 2.0 process gathered data to form a comprehensive picture of health status, health behaviors, and health resources in Suwannee County. Key findings and highlights from each of the assessments are summarized below.

Forces of Change:

On April 6, 2023 Suwannee County community partners identified forces and related opportunities and threats, either current or in the future, that could affect or influence health and quality of life in the county, region, state, and nation. Through a facilitated discussion they identified trends, factors, and events along with the opportunities and threats associated with each. Discussions considered social, economic, political, technological, environmental, scientific, legal, and ethical factors, trends, and events. The most commonly mentioned forces of change identified are listed below.

- Factors
 - o Many faith-based organizations in the county
 - High tobacco use, vaping, and use of nicotine-delivery devices
 - o Persistent barriers to health care access
 - o Recurring unused scholarships for high school students



- o Popularity of Spirit of Suwannee Music Park
- o Strong parks and recreation system
- Waterways and other natural resources
- Trends
 - o Increasingly high corridor for human trafficking
 - o Rising rates of grandparents raising grandchildren
 - o Rise in social anxiety disorders among youth and young adults
 - o Increase in mental health problems, notably depression and anxiety
 - o Homeschooling trend growing
 - o Population growth in all age groups and socio-economic levels
 - Changes in values towards employment
 - o Increase in food insecurity
 - o Growing need for vocational training and education
 - o Increased traffic
 - o Rising inflation
 - More small farms closing
 - o Change in weather patterns
- Events
 - o Hospital closure
 - Urgent care facilities opening
 - o End of public health emergency declaration (COVID-19 pandemic)
 - o Broadband fiber optic internet expansion
 - o Improvements to Suwannee County infrastructure
 - o Board of County Commissions election
 - o State elections and redistricting

Community Themes and Strengths:

Suwannee County residents' opinions, perspectives, and concerns about health-related topics were collected through the community themes and strengths assessment. The goal of this primary data collection activity was to better understand the health and quality of life issues that are important to the community and what barriers and obstacles prevent or impede access to health and social services. An electronic community survey collected input from adult Suwannee County residents. There were 134 completed community surveys included in the analysis. A convenience sampling method was used to collect survey data and results are not generalizable to the general population. More than 40.0 percent of community survey respondents ranked substance/drug misuse as the most important health



issue to be addressed, followed by access to primary care, obesity, mental health problems, and access to sufficient, nutritious food. Relatedly, drug misuse was ranked as the behavior with the greatest negative impact on health in Suwannee County, with 66.4 percent of responses while lack of personal responsibility (29.1 percent) and eating unhealthy foods and drinking sugar-sweetened beverages (25.4 percent) ranked second and third, respectively. Other highlights from the analysis of the community survey are provided below (Tables 9-14, CHA). For detailed results, please refer to <u>Suwannee County</u> <u>Community Health Assessment 2023</u> report.

Top ranked most important health issues to address in Suwannee County included:

- Substance use/drug abuse (40.3 percent)
- Access to primary/family care (28.4 percent)
- Obesity (28.4 percent)
- Mental health problems (21.6 percent)

Behaviors with the greatest negative impact in Suwannee County included:

- Drug abuse (use of substances such as cocaine, methamphetamines, opioids, ecstasy, heroin, LSD, bath salts, etc.) (66.4 percent)
- Lack of personal responsibility (29.1 percent)
- Eating unhealthy foods/drinking sugar-sweetened beverages (25.4 percent)
- Lack of physical activity (21.6 percent)
- Alcohol abuse (19.4 percent)

Health care services that were rated as the most difficult to obtain in Suwannee County included:

- Specialty care (68.7 percent)
- In-patient hospital care (56 percent)
- Imaging (CT scan, mammograms, MRI,X-Rays, etc.) (55.2 percent)
- Mental/behavioral health care (40.3 percent)
- Alternative medicine and therapy (35.1 percent)

Barriers to accessing dental, primary and mental health care experienced by survey respondents in the past 12 months most commonly cited were:

- Cost (68.8 percent dental care, 31.1 percent primary care, 40.0 percent mental health care)
- Insurance-related issues (57.8 percent dental care, 31.1 percent primary care, 46.7 percent mental health care)



• Appointment availability (37.5 percent dental care, 46.7 percent primary care, 33.3 percent mental health care)

Community Health Status:

A comprehensive review of secondary data for Suwannee County examined demographic and socioeconomic indicators, mortality and morbidity, health care access and utilization, and geographic and racial and ethnic disparities. The <u>Suwannee County Community Health Assessment 2023</u> report and <u>Lafayette and Suwannee Counties Community Health Assessment Technical Appendix 2023</u> were developed as part of this assessment and serve as community resources for planning and decision making. The key findings that emerged from the overall community health status review are highlighted below.

Social and Economic Factors of Health

As described earlier, these factors have been shown to have impacts on overall health. In addition, these factors can cause health disparities that are often rooted in social and economic disadvantages. Data show Suwannee County has continuing challenges with related issues as listed below (table references are from the Lafayette and Suwannee Counties Community Health Assessment Technical Appendix 2023 unless otherwise noted).

- Poverty (\$47,218) median household income, all races, Suwannee County, \$61,777, Florida (Table 30, Technical Appendix); \$24,302 per capita income, all races Suwannee County, \$35,216
 Florida (Table 32, Technical Appendix); 36.1 percent Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed (ALICE) households Suwannee County, 32.0 percent Florida (Table 29, Technical Appendix).
- Limited employment opportunities [4.5 percent unemployment Suwannee County, 4.6 percent Florida (Table 36, Technical Appendix)]
- Education levels [23.2 percent college degree as the highest level of school completed Suwannee County, 42.8 percent Florida (Table 38, Technical Appendix]
- Food insecurity [12.8 percent (all ages) Suwannee County, 10.6 percent Florida; 18.7 percent (children) Suwannee County, 15.7 percent Florida (Table 41, 2020)]
- Health care service access [28.4 total physicians/100,000 Suwannee County, 314.0/100,000 Florida; 19.6 dentists/100,000 Suwannee County, 55.7/100,000 Florida (Tables 158, 160, Technical Appendix)



Health Status

Disease and death rates are the most direct measures of health and well-being in a community. In Suwannee County, as in Florida and the rest of the United States, premature disease and death are primarily attributable to chronic health issues. That is, medical conditions that develop throughout the life course and typically require careful management for prolonged periods of time. The age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population for the leading causes of death for all races in Suwannee County for 2021 that were higher than state rates are listed below as well as the infant mortality rate for which Suwannee County exceeded the state rate for 2019-2021 (Tables 64, 69, 122, Technical Appendix)

- COVID-19 (237.7 deaths/100,000 Suwannee County, 108.8 deaths/100,000 Florida)
- Cancer (183.1 deaths/100,000 Suwannee County, 137.7 deaths/100,000 Florida)
- Heart Disease (175.5 deaths/100,000 Suwannee County, 144.1 deaths/100,000 Florida)
- Unintentional Injuries (74.9 deaths/100,000 Suwannee County, 72.8 deaths/100,000 Florida)
- Stroke (40.9 deaths/100,000 Suwannee County, 43.7 deaths/100,000 Florida)
- Infant mortality (6.9 deaths/1,000 live births Suwannee County, 5.9 deaths/1,000 live births Florida (note: there were nine (9) total infant deaths in 2019-2021)

Health Behaviors and Conditions that Contribute to Poor Health Outcomes

Health behavior data pointed to challenges facing Suwannee County residents. The issues listed below require multi-faceted approaches to improve persistent health problems with simultaneous primary prevention strategies to help ensure healthy futures for everyone. The chronic conditions and behaviors that were considered as priority health issues include the following (table references are from Lafayette and Suwannee Counties Community Health Assessment Technical Appendix 2023 unless otherwise noted):

- Mental health problems [19.9 percent adults with depressive disorder Suwannee County, 19.9 percent Florida; 26.0 percent adults whose poor physical or mental health kept them from doing usual activities of daily living on 14 or more of the past 30 days Suwannee County, 18.3 percent Florida (Table 107)]
- Tobacco use among adults including e-cigarettes and smokeless tobacco products [25.4 percent adults who are current smokers Suwannee County, 14.8 percent Florida (Table 128)]
- Tobacco use including electronic vapor products among youth (ages 11-17 years) [12.1 percent youth who currently use electronic vapor products Suwannee County, 10.6 percent Florida; 2.5 percent currently use smokeless tobacco Suwannee County, 1.0 percent Florida (Table 129)]



- Overweight and obesity [75.3 percent adults who are overweight or obese Suwannee County, 64.6 percent Florida; 37.6 percent adults who are obese Suwannee County, 27.0 percent Florida (Table 130, Technical Appendix)]
- Late entry into prenatal care [59.8 percent of births that received first trimester care, all races, Suwannee County, 69.3 percent Florida (Table 124, Technical Appendix)]

Geographic, Racial and Ethnic Disparities

Some disparities were found in the course of Suwannee County's community health assessment. These preventable differences were given serious consideration and importance in CHIP discussions. Areas of particular concern include the following:

Differences in poverty rates were seen for children, adults and between Whites, Blacks and • Hispanics by geography, age, and sex. All the following rates are for 2017-2021. About 15.2 percent of Suwannee County individuals overall were in poverty in the past 12 months (13.1 percent for Florida), and 22.6 percent of Suwannee County children (0 to 17 years of age) were in poverty (18.2 percent for Florida). In Live Oak (zip code 32064) 26.3 percent of individuals overall were reported to be in poverty along with 63.1 percent of children in McAlpin (zip code 32062) (Table 22, Technical Appendix). The rates of Suwannee County residents ages 18-64 years living below 100 percent poverty (14.2 percent) and between 100 to 199 percent poverty (25.1 percent) were higher than state rates (12.2 and 17.6 percent, respectively, 2017-2021). Suwannee County children had higher than state rates for below 100 percent poverty (22.6 percent compared with 18.2 percent) and for between 100 to 199 percent poverty at 28.6 percent compared with 24.2 percent for the state. Suwannee County senior citizens aged 65 years and older had higher than state rates for between 100 to 199 percent poverty at 28.7 percent compared with 18.8 percent for the state (Table 24, Technical Appendix). When examined by sex, poverty rates were twice as high among females in Suwannee County (20.6 percent) as compared with males (10.2 percent) and both rates were higher than state rates (14.1 percent and 12.0 percent, respectively) (Table 25, Technical Appendix).

Poverty affects people of color disproportionately throughout the state of Florida and in Suwannee County. In 2017-2021, 13.4 percent of White Suwannee County residents lived in poverty compared with 11.1 percent of White Florida residents. About 32.6 percent of Black Suwannee County residents lived in poverty, compared with 20.5 percent in Florida. Hispanics living in Suwannee County were reported to have experienced poverty at higher percentages than all races and Whites for both their Suwannee County and Florida counterparts. Data showed that 19.5 percent of Suwannee County Hispanics lived in poverty compared with 15.9 percent in Florida (Table 26, Technical Appendix).



- Differences in mortality rates among Suwannee County Whites, Blacks, and Hispanics were found (Tables 67, 68, Technical Appendix). For 2019-2021, Suwannee County Blacks had higher age-adjusted mortality rates compared with Whites due to:
 - Heart disease at 261 deaths per 100,000 population as compared with 166.4 deaths
 - o Stroke at 59.3 deaths per 100,000 population as compared with 41.6 deaths
 - Diabetes at 63.3 deaths per 100,000 population as compared with 23.7 deaths
 - Essential hypertension at 25.7 deaths per 100,000 population compared with 19.4 deaths

For the same period Suwannee County Whites had higher age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 population than Blacks due to:

- o Cancer at 180.6 deaths per 100,000 population as compared with 109.5 deaths
- Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease (CLRD) at 64.1 deaths compared with 34.5 deaths
- Influenza and pneumonia at 16.8 deaths per 100,000 population as compared with 8.5 deaths
- Unintentional injuries at 81.4 deaths per 100,000 population as compared with 22.5 deaths; During 2019-2021 Hispanic Suwannee County residents had higher age-adjusted mortality rates than the county overall. However, lower death rates were noted for Hispanics compared to all races for specific causes of death such as heart disease, cancer, CLRD, unintentional injury, diabetes, hypertension, and COVID-19. Higher age-adjusted death rates were found for stroke at 54.2 deaths per 100,000 population among Hispanics versus 42.4 deaths among all races (Table 67, Technical Appendix).

Comparing Suwannee County Hispanic mortality rates with those of all races in the county for 2019-2021, higher age-adjusted death rates per 100,000 populations were found for Hispanics due to:

- Stroke at 54.2 deaths per 100,000 population compared with 42.4 deaths
- Disparities were noted in first trimester care rates among pregnant women in Suwannee County. In 2019-2021, 59.8 percent of all births to Suwannee County mothers of all races received first trimester care compared to 69.3 percent for the state. Also lower than state rates were found for first trimester care for Suwannee County Whites (60.4 percent) and Hispanics (50.3 percent). Black Suwannee County mothers received first trimester care at a higher rate



(65.0 percent) than White and Hispanic Suwannee County mothers (see above) and Black mothers across the state (62.1 percent) (Table 124, Technical Appendix).

Health Care Resources and Utilization

Although health insurance and access to health care do not necessarily prevent illness, early intervention and long-term management resources can help to maintain quality of life and minimize premature death and disability. Rural areas such as Suwannee County face many barriers in accessing health care services. Utilization and health professional shortage data illuminated the depth of access to care issues in Suwannee County. The major issues related to health care resources, access, and utilization fall into the groups listed below.

- Inappropriate use of Emergency Departments for dental problems [13.5 preventable dental emergency department visits per 1,000 population Suwannee County, 6.0 visits Florida (2021);
 1.1 preventable dental hospitalizations per 1,000 population Suwannee County, 0.8 hospitalizations Florida (Tables 161, 162, Technical Appendix)]
- Lack of health care providers and services, specialty care physicians, and dentists [28.4 total physicians per 100,000 Suwannee County, 314.0 total physicians per 100,000 Florida; 19.6 dentists per 100,000 Suwannee County, 55.7 dentists per 100,000 Florida (2020-2021) (Tables 158, 160 Technical Appendix)]
- Rising costs of health care and prescription drugs [percent of hospital discharges by payor sources for Suwannee County residents at 51.7 percent for Medicare, 19.9 percent Medicaid, 17.5 percent private insurance; hospital discharges covered by Medicare and Medicaid at 44.6 percent and 18.5 percent, respectively were higher for Suwannee County compared with the state (2021) (Tables 165-167, Technical Appendix)]
- Lack of affordable health insurance with sufficient coverage [an average of 87.0 percent civilian population, all ages insured (2017-2021), Suwannee County; an average of 87.4 percent Florida (Table 155, Technical Appendix); percent uninsured by age groups, under 65 years of age Suwannee County at 17.0 percent, Florida 15.5 percent; ages 18-64 Suwannee County at 20.6 percent, Florida 18.4 percent (Table 154, Technical Appendix)]

Community Partner Assessment:

As part of this modified MAPP-based assessment, Suwannee County community partners participated in the new MAPP 2.0 community partner assessment to better understand the interests and capacities of health improvement planning collaborators. Using an electronic survey of community partner organizations and agencies and the discussion of its results, Suwannee County partners inventoried



their assets, skills, gaps, and challenges. The results point to capacities and shared interests for improving community health. According to survey results, 62.5 percent of partners are working to improve mental and behavioral health, half are addressing tobacco use and substance abuse, and more than a third (37.5 percent) of partners are focused on family and maternal health issues (Table 29, CHA). Resource sharing and pooling (87.5 percent), effective program delivery (62.5 percent), and launching community-wide initiatives (37.5 percent) were the top interests in participating in collaborative community health assessment and health improvement planning (Table 23, CHA). Suwannee County partners indicated they bring resources such as staff support, community engagement and relationships, policy and advocacy skills, social media capabilities, and physical space and technology to support meetings (Table 24, CHA). Other highlights from the analysis of the partner survey are provided below (Tables 18-39, CHA). For a full description of the process and findings, please see the Community Partner Assessment section in the <u>Suwannee County Community Health</u> <u>Assessment 2023-2028</u>.

Priority populations addressed by Suwannee County community partners (Table 27, CHA):

- Families
 - Vulnerable families with infants
 - Low-income families and individuals
- Pregnant people and premature babies
- Homeless persons and families
- Older adults
- Infants, children, and teens

Health topics of focus by Suwannee County community partners included (Table 29, CHA):

- Mental or behavioral health (62.5 percent of responding partner agencies)
- Tobacco use and substance misuse prevention (50.0 percent)
- Family and maternal health (37.5 percent)
- Immunizations and screenings (25.0 percent)
- Injury and violence prevention (25.0 percent)
- Health care access and utilization (25.0 percent)
- Women, Infants, Children (WIC) program and food benefits (25.0 percent)
- Physical activity (25.0 percent)

Community partner assessment highlights (Tables 18-39, CHA):

Gaps



- Limited data sharing
- Limited experience in conducting assessments
- o Capacity in policy development is limited
- Strengths
 - Shared dedication to serving all populations including those who are vulnerable
 - Interest in community health assessment and health improvement planning partnership and process
 - o Willingness to share resources and expertise for assessment and planning
 - o Common focus on several health topics

MAPP PHASE 4: IDENTIFYING STRATEGIC ISSUES

An essential component of bridging the community health needs assessment with the development of a community health improvement plan includes identifying strategic issues, formulating goals and strategies, and implementation. These steps are also referred to as MAPP phases four through six. On June 15, 2023, the Suwannee County CHA Steering Committee identified strategic priorities. The process included a data review from the community health status assessment, community themes and strengths findings from the community survey, forces of change issues discussion, and the community partner assessment. The steering committee discussed the characteristics of strategic priorities to assure a common understanding of issue scope, scale, and purpose. Prioritization criteria included issue importance, urgency, impact, feasibility, and resource availability. Table 1 below lists the characteristics of each criterion. First participants reviewed, discussed, identified common themes, and picked their top five strategic priority issues. All attendees then participated in a facilitated consensus discussion and multi-voting to identify the final strategic priorities. On September 26, 2023 the Suwannee County community partners transitioned from the assessment phase to the community health improvement plan development phase of MAPP.



TABLE 1: CRITERIA FOR RANKING STRATEGIC PRIORITY ISSUES, SUWANNEE COUNTY, 2023

Importance and Urgency	Impact	Feasibility	Resource Availability
 Issue severity Burden to large or priority populations Of great community concern Focus on equity 	 Potential effectiveness Cross cutting or targeted reach Ability to demonstrate progress 	 Community capacity Political will Acceptability to the community 	 Financial costs Staffing Stakeholder support Time

Source: Adapted from National Association of County and City Health Officials (N.D.). *Community Health Assessment and Improvement Planning*. Retrieved November 3, 2023, <u>https://www.naccho.org/programs/public-health-infrastructure/performance-improvement/community-health-assessment/mapp/phase-4-identify-strategic-issues</u>

Strategic Priority Issue Areas Identified

- Socio-economic Factors
 - Homelessness, housing, and shelters
 - o Food insecurity, with a focus on sustainability of current programs
 - o Mental health, with a focus on linkage to care
 - o Dental health, with a focus on access to care
 - o Broadband fiber optic network expansion that includes education on use
 - Chronic Disease
 - o Obesity
 - o Physical activity
 - o Tobacco use
 - Self-management education
- Unintentional Injury
 - o Drownings
 - o Motor vehicle injuries
 - o Animal bites



- Farm and agricultural industry injuries
- o Falls and slips
- Maternal and Child Health
 - o Low birthweight births
 - o Breastfeeding rates
 - o Late entry into prenatal care
 - Access to care, given the limited obstetric providers and facilities:
 - Parenting education including youth social and behavioral issues and support for grandparents raising grandchildren

MAPP PHASE 5: FORMULATE GOALS AND STRATEGIES

The purpose of this phase is for community partners to develop goals, identify strategies, write measurable objectives, and build action plans for each of the strategic priority areas. At its September 18, 2023 meeting, the Suwannee County community partners began this work. After reviewing the data and key findings from the four MAPP assessments, the group reconfirmed and refined the strategic priority issue statements and began work on writing objectives and action plans. With remote work ongoing, community partners reconvened on November 3, 2023 when they refined and finished writing action plans. Subject matter experts contributed evidence-based and promising practices which were considered and included as appropriate. To ensure the ability to monitor and report on progress, all objectives include a timeframe, baseline and target performance measure, and data source. Action plans note milestone activities, identify a lead entity, specify performance measures for the activity, list resources needed, and have a tracking and status indicator.

MAPP PHASE 6: ACTION CYCLE

The action cycle includes implementation and evaluation as well as opportunities to incorporate continuous quality improvement strategies. The Suwannee County CHIP action cycle is not only guided by the goals, strategies and objectives set through the MAPP process, but the action plans developed for CHIP objectives. Progress, challenges, and accomplishments of the Suwannee County CHIP will be monitored and tracked by semi-annual reporting to the Suwannee County partnership. There will also be an annual CHIP review. If appropriate, revisions to the CHIP and/or action plans will be proposed, supporting data reviewed, discussions held, and changes made and documented.



SUWANNEE COUNTY COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT AND HEALTH IMPROVEMENT TIMELINE

November 2022-January 2023	Organizational meetings, steering committee and partner identification and timeline development
January 4, 2023	Community health assessment kick-off meeting, visioning
February 10 – March 25, 2023	Primary, secondary and qualitative (community survey) data collection and analysis
April 6, 2023	Forces of Change Assessment conducted and presentation of preliminary assessment data and findings
May 10 – 20, 2023	Community Partner Assessment survey and analysis
June 15, 2023	Community partners convened, solicited community input on findings, reached consensus on strategic priority issues
July 2023	Suwannee County Community Health Assessment report is published
September 18, 2023	Suwannee CHIP Core Team organizational discussions, CHIP timeline development, set CHIP meeting roles, resources, expectations
September 26, 2023	Suwannee CHIP Community Partner meeting to write goals, objectives for first draft of action plans
October 11, 2023	Second Core Team meeting to review draft goals, objectives, and draft action plans
November 3, 2023	Second CHIP Community Partner meeting to continue drafting action plans
November 20, 2023	Third Core Team meeting to finalize strategic priority action plans
December 31, 2023	2024-2028 Suwannee County Community Health Improvement Plan published
January 2024	Suwannee County Community Health Improvement Plan launch



Suwannee County CHIP Goals, Strategies, Objectives and Related Resources

There are four strategic priority areas in the 2024-2028 Suwannee County community health improvement plan. For each priority issue at least one goal has been set and will be addressed by a variety of strategies. Objectives provide the basis for performance and outcome tracking, measuring, and reporting. Each goal area has its own action plan with activities, baseline and target data, accountability measures, and progress reporting mechanisms as well as background on related evidence-based strategies and programs, listing of any proposed policy changes, and notations of gaps and health disparity concerns. Please see the appendices for the action plan template and the action plan compendium that will be updated regularly to reflect progress towards achieving objectives and goals.

Strategic Priority: Chronic Disease (CD)

Goal CD 1: Promote healthy weight, physical activity, and lifestyle choices to reduce the impact of chronic disease

Strategies CD 1.1: Primary prevention and disease management through access to resources, health education, health promotion and wellness activities

Objective CD 1.1.1: By December 31, 2028, decrease the percentage of Suwannee County adults who are overweight or obese by 3 percent (Baseline: 75.3 percent (2019), Target: 73.0 percent (state rate 64.6 percent), Data Source: BRFSS FLHealthCHARTS)

Objective CD 1.1.2: By December 31, 2028, decrease the percentage of Suwannee County adults aged 65 and older who report being sedentary by 5 percent (Baseline: 47.1 percent (2019), Target: 44.7 percent (state rate 29.7 percent), Data Source: BRFSS, FLHealthCHARTS)

Objective CD 1.1.3: December 31, 2028, decrease the percentage of Suwannee County adults who are current smokers by 5 percent (Baseline: 25.4 percent (2019), Target: 24.1 percent (state rate 14.8 percent) Data: BRFSS, FLHealthCHARTS)

Objective CD 1.1.4: By December 31, 2028, increase the percentage of Suwannee County adults with diabetes who have ever had self-management education by 5 percent (Baseline 41.7 percent (2019) Target: 43.7 percent (state rate 66.3 percent), Data Source: BRFSS, FLHealthCHARTS)

Objective CD 1.1.5: By December 31, 2028, decrease the rate of heat-related hospitalizations of Suwannee County residents during the summer months by 5 percent (Baseline: 6.8 hospitalizations per 100,000 population (2021), Target: 6.5 hospitalizations per 100,000 population (state rate 3.0 hospitalizations per 100,000 population), Data Source: Florida Environmental Public Health Tracking, age-adjusted rates)



Resources: Feeding Florida, Suwannee River Area Health Education Center, Florida Department of Health in Suwannee County, Diabetes Empowerment Education Program, CHIP partner organizations, see also <u>Suwannee County Community Health Assessment, 2023-2028</u> sections on Community Assets and Resources for Improving Health (p. 45) and Resources for Community Interventions (p. 103)

Strategic Priority: Unintentional Injuries (UI)

Goal UI 1: Prevent unintentional injuries

Strategies UI 1.1: Community education, skills development, injury risk mitigation, policy, and infrastructure change

Objective UI 1.1.1: By December 31, 2028, decrease the death rate per 100,000 population from unintentional injuries among children aged 0-17 by 15 percent (Baseline: 20.9 deaths per 100,000 population (2019-2021; total number of deaths: 6), Target: 17.8 deaths per 100,000, total deaths = 5, Data Source: FLHealthCHARTS)

Objective UI 1.1.2: By December 31, 2028, decrease deaths among Suwannee County residents aged 65 and older from unintentional falls by 10 percent (Baseline: 83.8 deaths per 100,000 population (2019-2021, total deaths = 25), Target: 75.4 deaths per 100,000 population (state rate 75.0 deaths per 100,000 population), Data Source: FLHealthCHARTS, crude death rates)

Objective UI 1.1.3: By December 31, 2025 establish a motor vehicle crash reduction workgroup in Suwannee County to address motor vehicle deaths (Baseline: 0, No workgroup (new initiative), Target: 1 Workgroup established, Data Source: DOH Suwannee)

Objective UI 1.1.4: By December 31, 2028 decrease the number of animal bites by 10 percent each year (Baseline: 170 animal bites (January 1 - December 31, 2023), Target: 153 animal bites, Source: DOH Suwannee)

Resources: Florida Department of Health in Suwannee County, Florida Department of Health Bureau of Epidemiology, Suwannee County Fire Rescue, Florida Department of Law Enforcement, Florida Fish and Wildlife, Elder Options, Arthritis Foundation, see also <u>Suwannee County Community</u> <u>Health Assessment, 2023-2028</u> sections on Community Assets and Resources for Improving Health (p. 45) and Resources for Community Interventions (p. 103)

Strategic Priority: Socio-Economic Factors (SEF)

Goal SEF 1: Improve quality of life

Strategies SEF 1.1: Coordinate and collaborate with local government, for-profit and nonprofit entities to bring access to, nutritious food, dental care, and housing assistance resources

Objective SEF 1.1.1: By December 31, 2024, publish an updated digital list of housing assistance resources on local government and community partner websites (Baseline: Zero (0) list of updated housing resources, Target: 1 updated list of housing resources, Data Source: DOH Suwannee)



Objective SEF 1.1.2: By December 31, 2028, broadband fiber optic internet access will be available to 75 percent of Suwannee Valley Electric Suwannee County customers (Baseline : 0 percent, July 1, 2023, Target: 75.0 percent, Data Source: Suwannee Valley Electric Co-op)

Objective SEF 1.1.3: By December 31, 2028, decrease the percentage of Suwannee County residents (all ages) who are food insecure by 5 percent (Baseline: 12.8 percent (2020), Target: 12.1 percent (state rate 10.6 percent), Data Source: FLHealthCHARTS, Feeding America)

Objective SEF 1.1.4: By July 31, 2028, increase the number of students served in the school-based dental sealant program in Suwannee County public schools by 10 percent (Baseline: 228 students served 2023 – 2024 school year, Target: 250 students served, Data Source: DOH Suwannee)

Objective SEF 1.1.5: By December 31, 2028, 80 percent of all client-facing DOH Suwannee staff will receive Human Trafficking training (Baseline: Zero (0) percent, Target: 80 percent, Data Source: DOH Suwannee)

Resources: Feeding Florida, Suwannee River Economic Council, Live Oak Housing Authority, University of Florida/Institute for Food and Agricultural Sciences (UF/IFAS) Extension, Elder Options, local farmers, Florida Department of Health in Suwannee County, Florida Department of in Dixie, Gilchrist, and Levy Counties, Suwannee County School District, Suwannee Valley Electric, CHIP community partners, see also <u>Suwannee County Community Health Assessment, 2023-2028</u> sections on Community Assets and Resources for Improving Health (p. 45) and Resources for Community Interventions (p. 103)

Strategic Priority: Maternal and Child Health (MCH)

Goal MCH 1: Improve birth outcomes

Strategies MCH 1.1: Decrease barriers to prenatal care, breastfeeding, and postnatal care; promote opportunities for new mothers and babies to thrive through education, skills development, access to resources

Objective MCH 1.1.1: By December 31, 2028, decrease the infant mortality (all races) rate by 10 percent (Baseline: 6.9 deaths per 1,000 live births (9 deaths, 2019-2021), Target: 6.5 deaths per 1,000 live births (state rate 5.9 deaths per 1,000 live births), Data Source: FLHealthCHARTS)

Objective MCH 1.1.2: By December 31, 2028, decrease the percentage of mothers (all races) who smoked during pregnancy by 5 percent (Baseline: 12.4 percent (2019-2021), Target: 11.8 percent (state rate 3.6 percent), Data Source: FLHealthCHARTS)

Objective MCH 1.1.3: By December 31, 2028, increase the percentage of Hispanic mothers who initiate breastfeeding by 5 percent (Baseline: 82.6 percent 2021, Target: 86.7 percent (state rate: 88.3 percent), Data Source: FLHealthCHARTS)

Objective MCH 1.1.4: By December 31, 2028, increase the percentage of White mothers who initiate breastfeeding by 5 percent (Baseline: 77.0 percent, Target: 80.8 percent 2021 (state rate: 87.0 percent), Data Source: FLHealthCHARTS)

Objective MCH 1.1.5: By December 31, 2028, increase the percentage of Black mothers who initiate breastfeeding by 5 percent (Baseline: 42.0 percent 2021, Target: 44.1 percent (state rate: 77.4 percent), Data Source: FLHealthCHARTS)



Objective MCH 1.1.6: By December 31, 2028, increase the percentage of Women, Infants and Children (WIC) eligibles served by 5 percent (Baseline: 62.6 percent (2020-2022), Target: 65.7 percent (state rate 64.8 percent), Data Source: FLHealthCHARTS)

Resources: Suwannee River Area Health Education Center, Healthy Start Coalition, WIC Program, Florida Department of Health in Suwannee County, Florida Department of Health in Alachua County, see also <u>Suwannee County Community Health Assessment, 2023-2028</u> sections on Community Assets and Resources for Improving Health (p. 45) and Resources for Community Interventions (p. 103)



Suwannee County CHIP Alignment with State and National Priorities

The strategic priorities, goals, strategies, and objectives in the Suwannee County CHIP align with state and national initiatives. These include the Florida Department of Health's State Health Improvement Plan for 2023-2026 and Healthy People 2030. These shared priorities present opportunities for collaboration and collective impact in improving health outcomes and quality of life for Suwannee County residents.

Suwannee County CHIP Objectives	 HP 2030 = Healthy People 2030 Florida SHIP = Florida State Health Improvement Plan, 2022-2026 	
Strategic Priority: Chronic Disease (CD)		
Objective CD 1.1.1: By December 31, 2028, decrease the percentage of Suwannee County adults who are overweight or obese by 3 percent	HP 2030: NWS-03 Florida SHIP: Goal CD 2	
Objective CD 1.1.2 : By December 31, 2028, decrease the percentage of Suwannee County adults aged 65 and older who report being sedentary by 5 percent	HP 2030: PA-01, PA-02, PA-03, PA-04, PA-05 Florida SHIP: Goal CD 2, Obj CD6.2	
Objective CD 1.1.3: December 31, 2028, decrease the percentage of Suwannee County adults who are current smokers by 5 percent	HP 2030: TU-01, TU-02, TU-03 Florida SHIP: Goal MW 3, Obj MW3.2	
Objective CD 1.1.4 : By December 31, 2028, increase the percentage of Suwannee County adults with diabetes who have ever had self-management education by 5 percent	HP 2030: D-06 Florida SHIP: Goal CD 4, Obj CD4.2	
Objective CD 1.1.5 : By December 31, 2028, decrease the rate of heat-related hospitalizations of Suwannee County residents during the summer months by 5 percent	HP 2030: EH-DO3 Florida SHIP: Priority Area 3: Injury, Safety and Violence	
Strategic Priority: Unintentional Injuries (UI)		
Objective UI 1.1.1: By December 31, 2028, decrease the death rate per 100,000 population from unintentional injuries among children aged 0-17 by 15 percent	HP 2030: IVP-01, MICH-03 Florida SHIP: Goal ISV 1, Obj ISV1.2, Obj ISV1.4, Obj ISV1.5	
Objective UI 1.1.2 : By December 31, 2028, decrease deaths among Suwannee County	HP 2030: IVP-01, IVP-03, IVP-08 Florida SHIP: Goal ISV 2, Obj ISV2.2	



Suwannee County CHIP Objectives residents aged 65 and older from unintentional falls by 10 percent Objective UI 1.1.3: By December 31, 2025 establish a motor vehicle crash reduction workgroup in Suwannee County to address motor vehicle deaths Objective UI 1.1.4: By December 31, 2028	 HP 2030 = Healthy People 2030 Florida SHIP = Florida State Health Improvement Plan, 2022-2026 HP 2030: IVP-06, SH-01, IVP-07 Florida SHIP: Obj ISV 2.3 HP 2030: IVP-02
decrease the number of animal bites by 10 percent each year	Florida SHIP: Priority Area 3 Injury, Safety, and Violence
Strategic Priority: Socio	-Economic Factors (SEF)
Objective SEF 1.1.1: By December 31, 2024, publish an updated digital list of housing assistance resources on local government and community partner websites	HP 2030: SDOH-04 Florida SHIP: Goal SEC 3
Objective SEF 1.1.2: By December 31, 2028, broadband fiber optic internet access will be available to 50 percent of Suwannee Valley Electric Suwannee customers	HP 2030: HC/HIT-D01, HC/HIT-D09 Florida SHIP: Priority Area 6 Social and Economic Conditions Impacting Health
Objective SEF 1.1.3: By December 31, 2028, decrease the percentage of Suwannee County residents (all ages) who are food insecure by 5 percent	HP 2030: NWS-01 Florida SHIP: Obj SEC3.3
Objective SEF 1.1.4 : By July 31, 2027, expand the number of students served in the school- based dental sealant program in Suwannee County public schools by 10 percent	HP 2030: OH-01, OH-02, OH-10 Florida SHIP: Goal CD 7, Obj CD7.1, MCH1.4
Objective SEF 1.1.5 : By December 31, 2028, 80 percent of all client-facing DOH Suwannee staff will receive Human Trafficking training	HP 2030: IVP-D03, AH-R11 Florida SHIP: Goal ISV 3, Obj ISV3.2
Maternal and Child Health (MCH)	
Objective MCH 1.1.1: By December 31, 2028, decrease the infant mortality (all races) rate by 10 percent	HP 2030: MICH-01, MICH-08 Florida SHIP: MCH 2, Obj MCH2.1, MCH2.4
Objective MCH 1.1.2: By December 31, 2028, decrease the percentage of mothers (all races) who smoked during pregnancy by 5 percent	HP 2030: MICH-10, TU-15 Florida SHIP: Priority Area 4 Maternal and Child Health, Goal MCH 3



Suwannee County CHIP Objectives	 HP 2030 = Healthy People 2030 Florida SHIP = Florida State Health Improvement Plan, 2022-2026
Objective MCH 1.1.3: By December 31, 2028, maintain the percentage of Hispanic mothers who initiate breastfeeding	HP 2030: MICH-15, MICH-16 Florida SHIP: Priority Area 4 Maternal and Child Health
Objective MCH 1.1.4: By December 31, 2028, increase the percentage of White mothers who initiate breastfeeding by 5 percent	HP 2030: MICH-15, MICH-16 Florida SHIP: Priority Area 4 Maternal and Child Health
Objective MCH 1.1.5 : By December 31, 2028, increase the percentage of Black mothers who initiate breastfeeding by 5 percent	HP 2030: MICH-15, MICH-16 Florida SHIP: Priority Area 4 Maternal and Child Health
Objective MCH 1.1.6 : By December 31, 2028, increase the percentage of Women, Infants and Children (WIC) eligibles served by 5 percent	HP 2030: TU-19 Florida SHIP: Priority Area 4 Maternal and Child Health



Appendix

This Appendix includes the following sections:

- Suwannee County Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP) Partners
- Suwannee County Visioning Results
- Suwannee County CHIP Implementation Action Plan template
- Suwannee County CHIP Action Plan



SUWANNEE COUNTY COMMUNITY HEALTH IMPROVEMENT PLAN (CHIP) PARTNERS

Core Team members

- Beverly Fountain, Florida Department of Health in Suwannee/Lafayette County
- Brooke Hingson, Florida Department of Health in Suwannee/Lafayette County
- Cindy Morgan, Florida Department of Health in Suwannee/Lafayette County
- Kyle Roberts, Florida Department of Health in Suwannee/Lafayette County
- Melinda Scott, Florida Department of Health in Suwannee/Lafayette County
- Kerry Waldron, Florida Department of Health in Suwannee/Lafayette County

Community Partners

- Emily Berry, Suwannee River Area Health Education Center
- Casey Ditter, Florida Department of Health in Suwannee/Lafayette County
- Mariela Garcia-Rendon, Florida Department of Health in Suwannee/Lafayette County
- Kim Griffin, University of Florida/Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences
- Michele Howard, Suwannee County School District
- Jason Long, Florida Department of Health in Suwannee/Lafayette County
- Adriana Menendez, Rural Women's Health Project
- Lauren Mollman, Suwannee River Area Health Education Center
- Erin Peterson, Healthy Start of North Central Florida Coalition
- Barbara Pierce, Florida Department of Health in Suwannee/Lafayette County
- Steven Schneitman, Tobacco-Free Suwannee
- Yvonne Scott, YVS Foundation of Hope, Gethsemane COGIC
- Stacie Stephenson, Palms Medical Group



SUWANNEE COUNTY VISIONING RESULTS

Characteristics of a Healthy Suwannee County

Visioning Exercise – January 4, 2023

The facilitated discussion with community partners challenged community partners to define health, identify the characteristics of a healthy community, envision the Suwannee County community health system of the future, and to visualize needed resources, assets, and attributes needed to support such a system. Four categories of attributes of health and a healthy Suwannee County emerged and are listed in the table below.

Characteristics of a Healthy Suwannee County and Attributes that Define Health		
Populations of Concern		
Individuals and families with low incomes	Senior citizens especially those who are isolated	
Migrant workers and their families	Infants, young children, teens	
Attributes of a Healthy Community		
Healthcare System Factors and Characteristics	Behavior- and Environmental-related Factors	
Equitable access to healthcare services including primary, dental, mental and behavioral health, prenatal/OB care, substance abuse treatment	Safe and affordable housing and utilities, transportation, education, food	
Accessible chronic disease management	Employment opportunities with benefits	
Affordable pharmacy plans for medicines and medical equipment	High quality education system including technical and vocational training, and college	
Providers who accept benefit programs such as Medicaid and Medicare and health insurance plans	Public safety services (Fire/Rescue, EMS, law enforcement)	
	Recreation opportunities for all ages, abilities	
Actions Needed to Be a Healthy Community		
Improve communication and coordination		
Work to remove barriers to healthcare, social services, and educational opportunities		

Promote collaboration, provide leadership, and welcome diverse ideas for improving community health

Source: Suwannee County visioning discussion, January 4, 2023. Prepared by WellFlorida Council, 2023.



SUWANNEE COUNTY CHIP IMPLEMENTATION ACTION PLAN TEMPLATE

2024-2028 Suwannee County Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP) Action Plan

Strategic Priority:					
Goal:					
Strategy:					
Objective:					
Background on Strategy: Source or Evidence-base: Policy Change (yes/no): Health disparity and/or social/ed	conomic factors to be	addressed (if applicable)	:		
Action Plan:					
Activity	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress



SUWANNEE COUNTY CHIP ACTION PLAN

2024-2028 Suwannee County Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP) Action Plan

Strategic Priority: Chronic Disease (CD)

Goal CD 1: Promote healthy weight, physical activity, and lifestyle choices to reduce the impact of chronic disease

Strategy CD 1.1: Primary prevention and disease management through access to resources, health education, health promotion and wellness activities.

Objectives:

CD 1.1.1: By December 31, 2028 decrease the percentage of Suwannee County **adults who are overweight or obese** by 3 percent (Baseline: 75.3 percent (2019), Target: 73.0 percent (state rate 64.6 percent), Data Source: BRFSS, FLHealthCHARTS)

CD 1.1.2: By December 31, 2028 decrease the percentage of Suwannee County **adults aged 65 and older who report being sedentary** by 5 percent (Baseline: 47.1 percent (2019), Target: 44.7 percent (state rate 29.7 percent), Data Source: BRFSS, FLHealthCHARTS)

CD 1.1.3: By December 31, 2028 decrease the percentage of Suwannee County **adults who are current smokers** by 5 percent (Baseline: 25.4 percent (2019), Target: 24.1 percent (state rate 14.8 percent) Data Source: BRFSS, FLHealthCHARTS)

CD 1.1.4: By December 31, 2028, increase the percentage of Suwannee County **adults with diabetes who have ever had self-management education** by 5 percent (Baseline 41.7 percent (2019) Target: 43.7 percent (state rate 66.3 percent), Data Source: BRFSS FLHealthCHARTS)

CD 1.1.5: By December 31, 2028, decrease the rate of **heat-related hospitalizations** of Suwannee County residents during the summer months by 5 percent (Baseline: 6.8 hospitalizations per 100,000 population (2021), Target: 6.5 hospitalizations per 100,000 population (state rate 3.0 hospitalizations per 100,000 population), Data Source: Florida Environmental Public Health Tracking, age-adjusted rates)

Background on Strategy:

Source or Evidence-base: Feeding Florida nutritional programs are evidence-based and include concepts related to healthy eating and physical activity. These evidence-based programs include pre and post-tests and are provided as part of the SNAP-ED program. For details regarding SNAP-Ed, please see <u>About |</u> <u>SNAP-Ed (usda.gov)</u>. DEEP is an evidence-based Diabetes education program developed for use with low-income, racial and ethnic minority groups. For details regarding DEEP, please see <u>DEEP™ Program Overview | Office of Technology Management | University of Illinois Chicago (uic.edu)</u>. <u>Reduce current tobacco use in adults — Evidence-Based Resources - Healthy People 2030 | health.gov</u>. Seniors are a special population and falls increase risk of injury and death. Through the evidence-based, Elder Options supported Tai Chi program, falls in participants are reduced. Impacts of heat-related health outcomes are an emerging areas of concern. Evidence suggests strategies to address this issue such as developing heat response plans, communication and education



activities, care coordination, and operating cooling centers, please see Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, 69:729-734, 2020

Policy Change (yes/no): No

Health disparity and/or social/economic factors to be addressed (if applicable): Health disparities will be addressed through the interventions related to seniors and falls. SNAP-ED program is for low-income residents and addresses access to nutritious foods. DEEP was developed for use with low-income, racial and ethnic minority groups.

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Key Activity Focus: Obj CD 1.1.1 and Obj CD 1.1.2 (increase access to healthy weight, physical activity and lifestyle programs)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
Promote Feeding Florida evidence-based nutrition education program <i>SNAP-Ed</i> for low-income Suwannee County residents.	Feeding Florida	- Number of classes promoted	 Development of promotional materials Assistance promoting the programs 		
Provide Feeding Florida evidence-based, SNAP-Ed nutrition education program to low- income Suwannee County residents	Feeding Florida	 Number of classes offered Number of people who complete the classes (25 per year goal) Pre and post-test results 		Annually beginning January 1, 2024 - December 31, 2024	
Key Activity Focus: Obj CD 1.1.1 and Obj CD1 .1.2 (increase physical activity)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
Identify or develop three walking events in Suwannee County with community partners per year	DOH Suwannee and to be identified partners	List of walking events	Location and staff/volunteers to assist with events	Annually beginning December 31, 2024	



County	DOH Suwannee and to be identified partners	Promotional materials	Staff or volunteer to develop promotional materials	Annually beginning December 31, 2024	
importance of physical activity at each	DOH Suwannee and to be identified partners	Number of people reached	Health education materials, staff to provide health education materials	Annually beginning December 31, 2024	
Key Activity Focus: Obj CD 1.1.1 and Obj CD1 .1.2 (increase healthy lifestyle choices)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
Increase pre-diabetes education in Suwannee County by providing DPP by a trained Lifestyle Coach one time per year	DOH Suwannee	- Number of classes offered	Location for program, Recruitment of participants	Annually, beginning January 1, 2024 to be completed by December 31, 2024	
Identify adults to participate in DPP	DOH Suwannee and CHIP Partners	- Number of adults who participate in DPP - Number of adults who complete DPP	Promotional materials	Annually, beginning January 1, 2024 to be completed by December 31, 2024	



Key Activity Focus: Obj CD 1.1.3 (increase healthy lifestyle choices through tobacco cessation)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
Identify potential tobacco cessation referral sources	SRAHEC and CHIP Partners	List of potential referral sources	Suggestions from CHIP partners and connections to new referral sources	June 30, 2024	
Contact and educate identified referral sources about tobacco cessation and referral mechanisms	SRAHEC	List of potential referral sources contacted Number of new referrals sources confirmed	Use of Tobacco Free Florida and SRAHEC materials	December 31, 2024	
Track referrals of referrals from DOH	SRAHEC	Number of referrals	an annual basis	Annually beginning December 31, 2024	
Key Activity Focus: Obj CD 1.1.4 (increase access to diabetes education)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
Offer DEEP one time per year in Suwannee County (DEEP includes 8 classes in 8 weeks, participants must complete 6 of 8 classes to receive a certificate of completion)	DOH Suwannee	- Number of People who Complete DEEP - Number of DEEP trainings	Location for trainings Recruitment of adults with Type II Diabetes to take the course	Annually beginning January 1, 2024	
Promote DEEP	DOH Suwannee	Number of promotional materials	Promotional materials	Annually beginning January 1, 2024	



Key Activity Focus: Objective CD 1.1.5 (decrease heat- related hospitalizations)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
Provide education at 2 events per year	DOH Suwannee	Materials shared, list of events	Heat-related educational materials	Annually by December 31, 2024	
Develop a policy for daycares/churches, etc. related to heat-index and outdoor activities for children	DOH Suwannee	Written policy	Example heat related policies that can be adapted for daycares, churches, etc.	By December 31, 2025	
Promote heat-related policy to daycares/churches	DOH Suwannee	Meeting Minutes/Agendas, emails or other correspondence regarding policy	Staff time	Annually beginning January 1, 2026	



2024-2028 Suwannee County Community Health Improvement Plan

Strategic Priority: Unintentional Injury (UI)

Goal UI 1: Prevent unintentional injuries

Strategy UI 1.1: Community education, skills development, injury risk mitigation, policy, and infrastructure change

Objectives:

UI 1.1.1: By December 31, 2028, decrease the death rate per 100,000 population from unintentional injuries among children aged 0-17 by 15.0 percent (Baseline: 20.9 deaths per 100,000 population (2019-2021; total number of deaths: 6), Target: 17.8 deaths per 100,000; total deaths = 5, Data Source: FLHealthCHARTS)

UI 1.1.2: By December 31, 2028, decrease deaths among Suwannee County residents aged 65 and older from **unintentional falls** by 10 percent (Baseline: 83.8 deaths per 100,000 population (2019-2021, total deaths = 25), Target: 75.4 deaths per 100,000 population (state rate 75.0 deaths per 100,000 population), Data Source: FLHealthCHARTS, crude death rates)

UI 1.1.3: By December 31, 2025 establish a **motor vehicle crash reduction workgroup** in Suwannee County to address motor vehicle deaths (Baseline: 0, Target: 1 workgroup, Data Source: DOH Suwannee)

UI 1.1.4: By December 31, 2028 decrease the number of animal bites by 10 percent each year (Baseline: 170 animal bites (January 1 - December 31, 2023), Target: 153 animal bites, Data Source: DOH Suwannee)

Background on Strategy:

Source or Evidence-base: Reduce fall-related deaths among older adults — Evidence-Based Resources - Healthy People 2030 | health.gov; Motor Vehicle Injury – Child Safety Seats: Distribution and Education Programs - Healthy People 2030 | health.gov; Transportation Safety - Healthy People 2030 |

health.gov; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Zoonotic Exposures: Bites, Stings, Scratches and Other Hazards, Yellow Book, 2024

Policy Change (yes/no): Yes, animal bite reporting policy development for emergency departments and providers.

Health disparity and/or social/economic factors to be addressed (if applicable): Yes, unintentional injuries for children 0 -17 interventions focus, in part, with Healthy Start clients who meet certain health disparity and/or social economic determinants for eligibility.

Action Plan:

Key Activity Focus: Obj UI 1.1.1 and Obj UI 1.1.3 (reduce death rates for children from unintentional injuries)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
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Host 1 water safety event per year	DOH Suwannee	Proof of event held, number of people who attend	Facility and partners	Annually by December 31 each year, beginning December 31, 2024
Promote water safety events	DOH Suwannee	Promotional materials	Flyer, staff time to promote, schedule and facilitate events	30 days in advance of each event
Increase partnerships for water safety		Number of partners at event and/or sponsors	Community partners	Annually
Provide safe sleep education at each Healthy Start Visit	Brooke Hingson, DOH Suwannee	Number of families who receive safe sleep education	Staff time and participating families	January 1, 2024
Safe Sleep billboards (ABCs)	Brooke Hingson, DOH Suwannee	Number of impressions	Funding for billboards, billboard design, impression numbers from billboard company	January 1, 2024
Provide Safe Sleep Books	Brooke Hingson, DOH Suwannee	Number of books provided to families	Books and staff time	January 1, 2024
Provide car seat safety checks one time per year	Brooke Hingson, DOH Suwannee	Number of events, number of car seats checked	Staff time	January 1, 2024 – December 31, 2026
Increase number of car seat safety check certified trainers (NCPSC)	Brooke Hingson, DOH Suwannee	Number of NCPSC	Time, Funding, or Sponsorship, Fire Rescue Participation or state	By December 31, 2028



Provide car seat safety checks biannually beginning January 1, 2027	Brooke Hingson, DOH Suwannee	Number of car safety checks and dates	or local law enforcement Staff time	By December 31, 2027 and December 31, 2028	
Key Activity Focus: Obj UI 1.1.2 (reduce falls)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
Provide Tai Chi for adults (fall prevention) one class per year	Beverly Fountain, DOH Suwannee and Elder Options	Number of Courses	Location for classes	By Dec 31 every year beginning Dec 31, 2024	
Promote Tai Chi to seniors	Beverly Fountain, DOH Suwannee and Elder Options	 Number of adults enrolled Number of adults who receive completion certificate 	Senior students	By Dec 31 every year beginning Dec 31, 2024	
Key Activity Focus: Obj UI 1.1.2 (increase number of Tai Chi certified instructors in Suwannee)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
Identify people to become certified instructors for Tai Chi	Beverly Fountain, DOH Suwannee, Elder Options, Arthritis Foundation	List of interested people	Interested people	December 31, 2025	



Certify more Tai Chi Instructors	Elder Options and DOH Suwannee	Number of certified instructors	Elder Options to offer the instructor certification course	By December 31, 2028	
Key Activity Focus: Obj UI 1.1.3 (establish a workgroup to address motor vehicle deaths)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
Host a meeting with appropriate partners regarding motor vehicle safety and death prevention	DOH Suwannee	Meeting Agenda and Minutes	Participation by Department of Transportation, Law Enforcement, Florida Fish and Wildlife, EMS	December 31, 2024	
Develop a workgroup to address motor vehicle safety and death prevention	DOH Suwannee	Workgroup Membership List	Members	December 31, 2025	
Identify ways to address motor vehicle deaths	Motor vehicle safety workgroup	List of activities for Workgroup	Membership participation	December 31, 2026	
Key Activity Focus: Obj UI 1.1.4 (animal bite reduction)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
Confirm animal bite baseline from 2023	Kyle Roberts, DOH Suwannee	Baseline number of animal bites reported for 2023	Access to bite data and timely submission of reports by healthcare providers treating animal bite wounds		



Develop an animal bite reporting protocol for area providers	Kyle Roberts, DOH Suwannee	Protocol	Staff Time	December 31, 2024
At least 2 providers adopt animal bite protocol as a policy in their practices	Kyle Roberts, DOH Suwannee	Policy accepted	Staff time, training to provider staff, policy draft	December 31, 2025
Provide community education regarding animal bites to Suwannee County residents (health fairs and homecoming parades) (2 per year per county)	Kyle Roberts, DOH Suwannee	Number of events If speaking engagements, count number of people in attendance	Staff time and educational materials	Beginning January 1, 2024 for beginning of year
Rabies course to DOH in Suwannee, animal control and urgent care providers one time every 2 years	Dr. Stanek, DOH, Bureau of Epidemiology	Number of events Number of people trained	Staff time, provider time, training	Beginning January 1, 2024 – December 31, 2026 and again every two years
Annually establish baseline animal bites in Suwannee County	Kyle Roberts, DOH – Suwannee	Baseline number of reported bites each calendar year	Access to bite data and timely submission of reports by healthcare providers treating animal bite wounds	March 1, 2025 and annually thereafter



2024-2028 Suwannee County Community Health Improvement Plan

Strategic Priority: Socio-Economic Factors (SEF)

Goal SEF 1: Improve quality of life

Strategy SEF 1.1: Coordinate and collaborate with local government, for-profit and non-profit entities to bring access to broadband fiber optic internet, nutritious food, dental care, and housing assistance resources, policy change on staff training

Objectives:

SEF 1.1.1: By December 31, 2024 publish an updated digital list of **housing assistance resources** on local government and community partner websites (Baseline: Zero (0) list of updated housing resources, Target: 1 updated list of housing resources, Data Source: DOH in Suwannee

SEF 1.1.2: By December 31, 2028, **broadband fiber optic internet access** will be available to 75 percent of Suwannee Valley Electric Suwannee County households (Baseline: 0% July 1, 2023, Target: 75 percent, Data Source: Suwannee Valley Electric Co-op).

SEF 1.1.3: By December 31, 2028, decrease the percentage of Suwannee County **residents (all ages) who are food insecure** by 5 percent (Baseline: 12.8 percent (2020), Target: 12.1 percent (state rate 10.6 percent), Data Source: FLHealthCHARTS, Feeding America)

SEF 1.1.4: By July 31, 2028, increase participation in the **school-based dental sealant program** in Suwannee County **public schools** by 10 percent (Baseline: 228 students served 2023 – 2024 school year, Target: 250 students served, Data Source: DOH Suwannee)

SEF 1.1.5: By December 31, 2028, 80 percent of all client-facing DOH Suwannee staff will receive Human Trafficking training. (Baseline: Zero (0) percent (new training requirement), Target: 80.0 percent of staff, Data Source: DOH Suwannee)

Background on Strategy:

Source or Evidence-base: Health Literacy <u>Health Literacy - Healthy People 2030</u> | health.gov; <u>Nutrition and Healthy Eating — Evidence-Based Resources -</u> Healthy People 2030 | health.gov; <u>Increase the proportion of children and adolescents who have dental sealants on 1 or more molars — Evidence-Based</u> Resources - Healthy People 2030 | health.gov; <u>Increase the proportion of adults with broadband internet — HC/HIT-05 - Healthy People 2030 | health.gov</u>; <u>Increase the proportion of adults with broadband internet — HC/HIT-05 - Healthy People 2030 | health.gov</u>;

U.S. Department of Justice, Office for Victims of Crime, <u>Human Trafficking Resources and Research</u>, updated October 2023

Policy Change (yes/no): Yes, DOH staff to receive human trafficking training

Health disparity and/or social/economic factors to be addressed (if applicable): Rural residents and low-income residents will be served through Objectives SEF 1.1.1 – 1.1.5.

Action Plan:



Key Activity Focus Obj SEF 1.1.1: (digital list of housing resources)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
Identify resources for list	Beverley Fountain, DOH Suwannee	List of resources	Staff time	June 30, 2024	
Create list	Beverley Fountain, DOH Suwannee	List of resources	Staff time	July 1, 2024	
Promote list to community partners and community members	Beverley Fountain, DOH Suwannee and Mariela Garcia, DOH Suwannee, Nathan Smith, Live Oak Housing Authority	Promotional activities	Staff time and partners to assist in promoting resources	August 1, 2024	
Update list annually by January 31, 2025, and each year thereafter	Beverley Fountain, DOH Suwannee	Updated list	Staff time	Annually beginning January 31, 2025	
Key Activity Focus: Obj SEF 1.1.2 (expansion of fiber optic internet access)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
Creation of a digital blueprint for the fiber network	Suwannee Valley Electric	Digital blueprint percent complete	Suwannee Valley Electric Staff time	January 1, 2024	
Prepare the power poles for fiber lines and relocation of other utilities	Suwannee Valley Electric	Percentage of power poles prepared	Suwannee Valley Electric Staff time	December 31, 2025	
Attach fiber lines to the power poles	Suwannee Valley Electric	Percentage of fiber lines attached	Suwannee Valley Electric Staff time	December 31, 2025	
Connect fiber lines back to the hut, which is the source of internet	Suwannee Valley Electric	Percentage of fiber lines connected to hut.	Suwannee Valley Electric Staff time	December 31, 2025	



Key Activity Focus: Obj SEF 1.1.3 (reduce percentage of food insecure residents)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
Suwannee Rural Health Disparities Coalition will meet regularly (bi-monthly) to address food insecurity in Suwannee County through an assessment	Beverley Fountain and Mariela Garcia, DOH Suwannee Dori Landsburg, Feeding Florida, UF IFAS Extension, Suwannee River Economic Council	Meeting Agendas and Minutes	Community Partners Time commitment from partners for meetings	January 1, 2024	
Assess gaps in community food supply for low-income (food banks) and identification existing resources	UF IFAS Extension	Findings or Assessment Report	Collection of community partner survey Analysis of community survey	July 31, 2024	
Address identified gaps through better coordination with food distribution partners/workgroup	UF IFAS Extension	Food distribution plan	Funding for food Funding for location for distribution	August 31, 2024	
Increase local farmers participation in local markets	Suwannee River Economic Council, Elder Options (Fresh Bucks)	Number of farmers participating in local markets	Location for market	December 31, 2028	
Key Activity Focus: Obj SEF 1.1.4 (School-based sealant program specifically in 2 nd , 3 rd , 6 th , and 7 th grades)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress



Promote sealant program to students and parents	DOH - Dixie, Gilchrist, Levy and DOH - Suwannee and Lafayette Please note: DOH – Dixie, Gilchrist, Levy provide the sealant program through an agreement with DOH Suwannee	Promotional efforts to students and parents	School participation, parents receiving of materials	Beginning September 1, 2024
Increase participation each year in each grade level (need numbers each year and a baseline)	DOH Suwannee	Number or students with permission from parents	Dental hygienist Continued partnership with DOH Dixie/Gilchrist/Levy	Beginning September 1, 2024 and each school year thereafter
Promote sealant program using social media	School District	Number of posts	Social media marketing developed	Beginning August 1, 2024 and each school year thereafter
Promote sealant program at events	DOH Suwannee and School District	Number of events where sealant program is promoted	DOH and School District	Beginning August 1, 2024 and each school year thereafter



Key Activity Focus: Obj SEF 1.1.5 (Human Trafficking)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
Identify Human Trafficking training accessible to all DOH staff	DOH Suwannee	Training	Training	December 31, 2025	
Draft an internal policy regarding staff training requirements related to Human Trafficking	DOH Suwannee	Draft policy	INTATT TIME	July 31, 2026	
Adopt internal policy	DOH Suwannee	Adopted policy	Staff time	December 31, 2026	
Draft Human Trafficking training policy for community partners and share with partners	DOH Suwannee	Draft policy	inarthers time (Healthy)	December 31, 2028	



2024-2028 Suwannee County Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP) Action Plan

Strategic Priority: Maternal and Child Health (MCH)

Goal MCH 1: Improve birth outcomes

Strategy MCH 1.1: Decrease barriers to prenatal care, breastfeeding, and postnatal care; promote opportunities for new mothers and babies to thrive through education, skills development, access to resources

Objectives:

MCH 1.1.1: By December 31, 2028, decrease the infant mortality (all races) rate by 10 percent (Baseline: 6.9 per 1,000 live births (9 deaths, 2019-2021), Target: 6.5 per 1,000 live births (state rate 5.9 per 1,000 live births), Data Source: FLHealthCHARTS)

MCH 1.1.2: By December 31, 2028, decrease the percentage of mothers (all races) who smoked during pregnancy by 5 percent (Baseline: 12.4 percent (2019-2021), Target: 11.8 percent (state rate 3.6 percent), Data Source: FLHealthCHARTS)

MCH 1.1.3: By December 31, 2028, increase the percentage of Hispanic mothers who initiate breastfeeding by 5 percent (Baseline 82.6 percent 2021, Target: 86.7 percent (state rate: 88.3 percent), Data Source: FLHealthCHARTS)

MCH 1.1.4: By December 31, 2028, increase the percentage of White mothers who **initiate breastfeeding** by 5 percent (Baseline 77 percent 2021, Target: 80.8 percent (state rate: 87 percent), Data Source: FLHealthCHARTS)

MCH 1.1.5: By December 31, 2028, increase the percentage of Black mothers who initiate breastfeeding by 5 percent (Baseline 42 percent 2021, Target: 44.1 percent (state rate: 77.4 percent), Data Source: FLHealthCHARTS)

MCH 1.1.6: By December 31, 2028, increase the percentage of Women, Infants and Children (WIC) eligibles served by 5 percent (Baseline: 62.6 percent (2020-2022), Target: 65.7 percent (state rate 64.8 percent), Data Source: FLHealthCHARTS)

Background on Strategy:

Source or Evidence-base: Breastfeeding: Infants — Evidence-Based Resources - Healthy People 2030 | health.gov; Infant sleep safety: Postnatal Parental Education for Optimizing Infant General Health and Parent-Infant Relationships - Healthy People 2030 | health.gov; Interventions for Tobacco Smoking Cessation in Adults, Including Pregnant Persons - Healthy People 2030 | health.gov;

Policy Change (yes/no): Yes – implementation of phone certification in WIC by December 31, 2026

Health disparity and/or social/economic factors to be addressed (if applicable): Yes, special populations are considered and served for breastfeeding, lowincome for Healthy Start and WIC



Action Plan:					
Key Activity Focus: MCH 1.1.1 (decrease infant mortality rate)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
Provide safe sleep education at each Healthy Start Visit	Suwannee	Number of families who receive safe sleep education	Staff time and participating families	Beginning January 1, 2024	
Safe Sleep billboards (ABCs)	Brooke Hingson, DOH Suwannee	Number of impressions	Funding for billboards, billboard design, impression numbers from billboard company	Beginning January 1, 2024	
Provide Safe Sleep Books	Brooke Hingson, DOH Suwannee	Number of books provided to families	Books and staff time	Beginning January 1, 2024	
Provide car seat safety checks one time per year		Number of events, number of car seats checked	Staff time	January 1, 2024 – December 31, 2026	
Increase number of car seat safety check certified trainers (NCPSC)	Brooke Hingson, DOH Suwannee	Number of NCPSC	Time Funding or Sponsorship Fire Rescue Participation or state or local law enforcement	By December 31, 2028	
Provide car seat safety checks quarterly beginning January 1, 2027	Brooke Hingson, DOH Suwannee	Number of car safety checks and dates	Staff time	By December 31, 2027 and	



Key Activity Focus: Obj MCH 1.1.2 (decrease smoking during pregnancy)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
Promote tobacco cessation to pregnant women	Brooke Hingson, DOH Suwannee	Healthy Start Protocol	Staff time Client Participation	Ongoing January 1, 2024	
Review Let's Talk About Tobacco Program in Healthy Start to ensure women who were former tobacco users receive service to maintain tobacco-free	•	Outcome of review; can modifications be made?	Staff time, Healthy Start Coalition participation and SRAHEC participation	By December 31, 2024	
Increase referrals to SRAHEC for tobacco cessation, especially for women who recently quit (need current number of referrals from SRAHEC for baseline)	Brooke Hingson, DOH Suwannee, SRAHEC	Number of referrals	Reports from SRAHEC on referral numbers	Annually beginning January 1, 2025	
Key Activity Focus: Obj MCH 1.1.3 – 1.1.5 (increase breastfeeding)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
Increase access to breastfeeding pumps and education on breastfeeding pump access via insurance		Number of pumps provided	Funding for pumps	Ongoing Beginning January 1, 2024	
Ensure workplaces offer breastfeeding room (need to assess workplaces to identify who has breastfeeding room); provide education		Number of workplaces following breastfeeding requirements	partner with Chamber of Commerce to contact businesses	Ongoing Beginning	



Promote breastfeeding friendly workplaces (award program for three different levels) through educating local businesses through speaking engagements and electronic based promotion	DOH Suwannee, Healthy Start Coalition	Number of trainings/educations Number of existing breastfeeding friendly workplaces	Promotional materials/emails	January 1, 2024 Ongoing Beginning January 1, 2024	
Key Activity Focus: MCH 1.1.6 (increase percentage of WIC eligibles served)	Lead Person & Organization	Performance Measurement (Product, Deliverable, Result)	Resources Needed	Target Date	Status or Progress
Send birthday cards to all 1-year-old clients	WIC – DOH - Alachua Staff Please note, WIC is provided at DOH – Suwannee by DOH – Alachua through a contractual agreement	Number of cards sent	Mailers and staff time	Beginning January 1, 2024	
Provide reminder calls/texts before client's scheduled appointment	WIC – DOH - Alachua Staff	Number of reminder calls/texts; Number of appointments	Staff time	Beginning January 1, 2024	
Fill open staff positions	WIC – DOH - Alachua Staff	Number of open staff positions (currently 6 open positions)	Staff	December 31, 2025	
Certify clients by phone	WIC – DOH - Alachua Staff	10 Phone certification appointments will be added each week	Staff	December 31, 2026	