

# Walton County

**Community Health Needs Assessment** 



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A Healthy Walton Begins Today! Join the Movement!

# **Overview of Process**

In 2015, the Florida Department of Health in Walton County (DOH-Walton) and Sacred Heart Health System (SHHS) worked together, in collaboration with other community organizations and agencies, to conduct a community health needs assessment (CHNA) for the approximately 68,000 residents of Walton County, Florida. The CHNA process was led by SHHS and DOH-Walton, with active participation by community organizations and private and public agencies which collectively comprise the Walton Community Health Improvement Partnership (WCHIP). The terms "CHNA" and the "Community Health Assessment" (CHA) are used interchangeably.

The CHNA process included WCHIP meetings, a survey of health and human service organizations, and a community survey distributed both on-line and in paper format. More than 50 people representing more than 30 different community agencies and organizations and the general public participated in various meetings throughout the process. In addition, 253 Walton County residents completed the community survey. Particular focus was placed on obtaining input from vulnerable population groups.

The CHNA was developed using the Mobilization for Action through Planning and Partnership (MAPP) process, which was developed by the National Association of City and County Health Officials (NACCHO). The MAPP process has four elements:

- Forces of Change Assessment
- Local Public Health System Assessment
- · Community Health Status Assessment
- · Community Themes and Strengths Assessment

In 2016, WCHIP identified three top priority issues through the Community Health Improvement Plan 2016-2019. Through annual updates, the priorities have shifted slightly based on new data and community synergy. In November 2018, WCHIP met to update the last edition of the Community Health Improvement Plan 2016-2019. The final WCHIP priorities include:

- Substance Use and Mental Health
- · Healthy Behaviors
- Health Equity

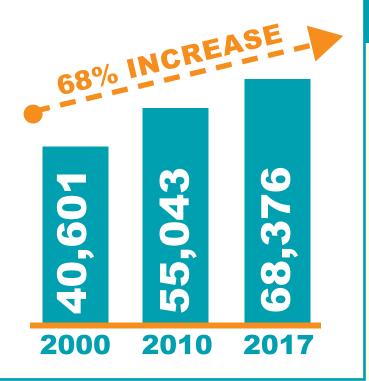
This 2018 Data Update to the Community Health Assessment ensures that the most current data is used by WCHIP when addressing the identified priorities.

This 2018 Data Update will be shared with all community partners via email and also uploaded to the DOH-Walton website, <u>walton.floridahealth.gov.</u> A new comprehensive CHNA will be released Fall 2019.

For more information regarding the process, please review the Walton County Community Needs Assessment 2015.

# Community Profile

Population, by Number<sup>1</sup>



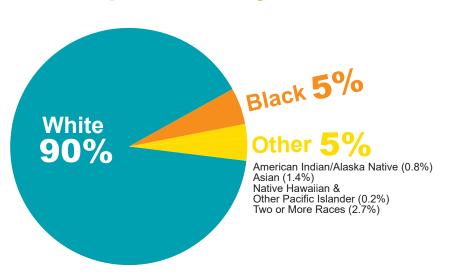
By 2040, Walton County is projected to have a **population of over 100,000.**<sup>2</sup>





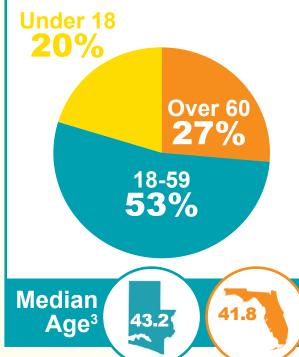
From 2000 to 2017,
Walton County's
Hispanic population
tripled.¹







# Population, by Age<sup>1</sup>



#### Median Household Income<sup>3</sup>



Median Household Income, by Race4 Other \$27,446 \$27,352 Black \$52,260 White Median Household Income. by Ethnicity4 \$38,077 Hispanic Non-\$52,397 **Hispanic** 

# **INCOME DISPARITY** Median Household Income, by Census Tract<sup>4</sup> \$38,603 \$29,726 \$30,409 \$33,108 \$51,767 \$40,333 \$59,366 \$68,876 \$68,543 \$85,915





NCOME DISPARITY

#### Disability Status<sup>3</sup>







Children in Poverty (Age 0-18)<sup>3</sup>



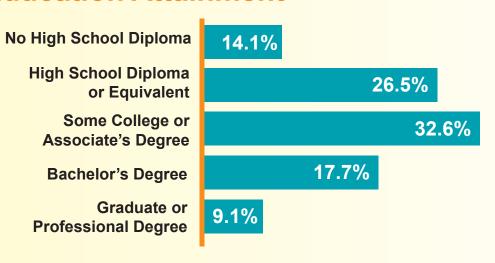


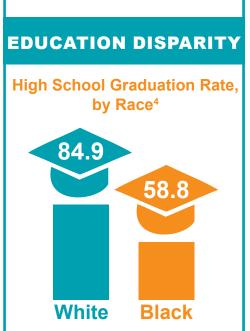




Nearly 1 in 3 kids in Walton County are considered to be living in poverty.3

#### **Education Attainment<sup>3</sup>**

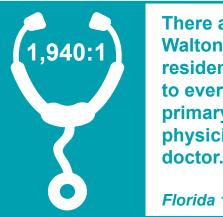




### **Community Health Resources**







There are **1,940 Walton County** residents to every primary care physician or family doctor.5

Florida 1,050:1



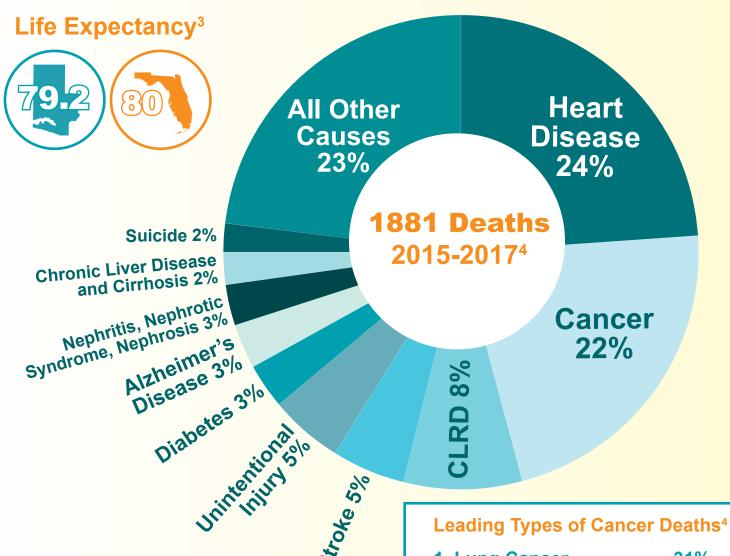
There are **2,530 Walton County** residents to every dentist.5

Florida 1,700:1

#### **Uninsured Population<sup>3</sup>**



# **Leading Causes of Death**



**Tobacco use** is a major contributor to deaths from heart disease, cancer, chronic lower respiratory disease (CLRD), and stroke.6

By rate per 100,000, Walton County has significantly more deaths due to CLRD compared to Florida.4

1. Lung Cancer	31%
2. Colorectal Cancer	11%
3. Pancreatic Cancer	<b>7%</b>
4. Breast Cancer	<b>5</b> %
5. Oral Cancer	4%
6. Bladder Cancer	3%
7. Liver Cancer	3%
8. Prostate Cancer	3%
9. Skin Cancer	2%
All Other Cancers	31%

From 2015-2017, two-thirds of all cancer deaths were male.4

# Substance Use and Mental Health



From 2015-2017. two-thirds of all drug overdose deaths were due to opioids.4



#### FAGTH

Parental drug and alcohol abuse is the number one reason children are removed from their homes.8

From 2015-2017, **there were** 220 non-fatal drug overdose emergency department visits.4





From 2015-2017, law enforcement arrested 1253 adults for the possession or sale of illegal drugs.4

From 2015-2017, law enforcement arrested 158 juveniles for the possession or sale of illegal drugs.4

Number of Unique Patients with Opioid Prescriptions⁴ 32,438 31.404 31,637 2015 2016 2017

Number of Opioid Prescriptions Dispensed<sup>4</sup> 75,305 76,438

2015

79,845

A higher percentage of local high school students have used marijuana in past 30 days compared to Florida.7

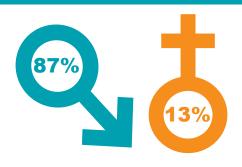
By rate per 100,000, Walton County has significantly more injuries from alcoholsuspected motor vehicle traffic crashes compared to Florida.4

A higher percentage of local high school students have used alcohol in the past 30 days compared to Florida.7

2016

2017

#### **HEALTH DISPARITY**



Out of the 38 suicides from 2015-2017, **87% were male.**<sup>4</sup>

Of those who died by suicide, 100% were White.4



#### FACT

In Florida, mental illness is the number one disabling condition that leads to homelessness.<sup>9</sup>



There are **1,520**Walton County
residents to every
mental health provider.<sup>5</sup>

**Florida 670:1** 

There are **62 behavioral or mental health professionals** in Walton County.<sup>4</sup>

The estimated number of seriously mentally ill adults has increased from 1,643 (2012) to 1,944 (2018).<sup>4</sup>

# **INCREASE**

# **INCREASE**

The estimated number of emotionally disturbed youth (age 9-17) has increased from 500 (2011) to 588 (2018).<sup>4</sup>

A higher percentage of adults in Walton County have been told they had a depressive disorder compared to Florida.<sup>10</sup>

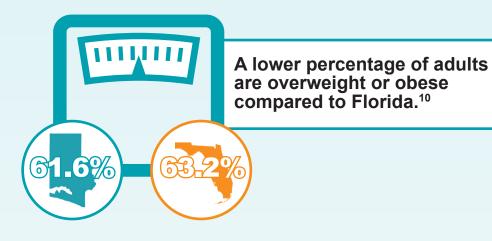
88.7% of adults indicate they have "good" mental health.10

#### **HEALTH DISPARITY**

Individuals that do not have a high school diploma or equivalent are twice as likely to have been told they had a depressive disorder compared to those individuals with more than a high school diploma.<sup>10</sup>



# **Healthy Behaviors**

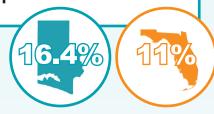




1 out of 3 kids are now considered overweight or obese.<sup>7</sup>

#### **HEALTH DISPARITY**

A higher percentage of adult females have been told that they had diabetes compared to Florida.<sup>4</sup>







of adults are inactive or insufficiently active. 10

**19.9%** 

From 2015-2017, significantly more live births occurred to mothers that smoked during pregnancy than Florida.<sup>4</sup>



**12**%



#### **HEALTH DISPARITY**

More adult men are current smokers compared to adult women.



of residents live within a 1/2 mile of a healthy food source, compared to Florida with 30.9%.4



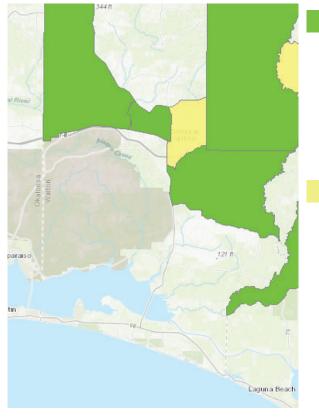
of residents live within a 1/2 mile of a fast food restaurant, compared to Florida with 43.2%.4



of residents live within a 1/2 mile of a park, compared to Florida with 43.2%.4

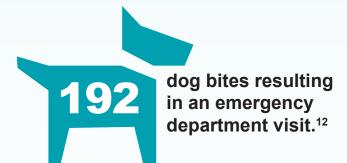
# **HEALTH DISPARITY**

# Median Household Income, by Census Tract<sup>11</sup>



- Low-income census tracts where a significant number or share of residents is more than 1-mile (urban) or 10 miles (rural) from the nearest supermarket.
- Low-income census tract where more than 100 housing units do not have a vehicle and are more than ½ mile from the nearest supermarket, or a significant number or share of residents are more than 20 miles from the nearest supermarket.

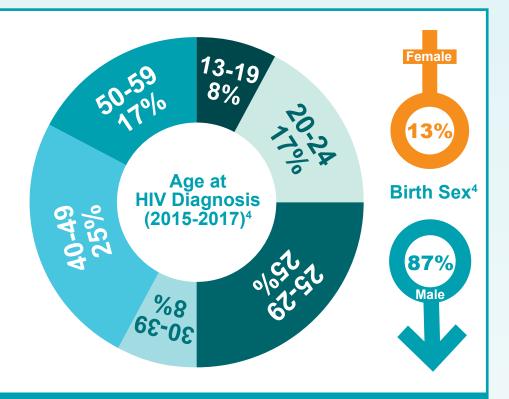
Residents living in Mossy Head, Paxton, New Harmony, Ponce de Leon, Red Bay, Argyle, Eucheeanna, and parts of DeFuniak Springs are considered "food deserts" due to their limited access to healthy foods.<sup>11</sup>





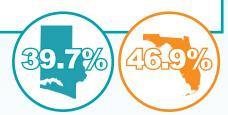
# Health Equity

#### **HIV & AIDS**



Approximately 40% of new HIV infections are transmitted by people who are living with undiagnosed HIV.<sup>4</sup>

A lower percentage of adults have ever been tested for HIV compared to Florida.<sup>10</sup>



19.7

A lower percentage of adults under the age of 65 have received a HIV test in the past 12 months compared to Florida.<sup>10</sup>

residents are living with HIV.4



#### **FACT:**

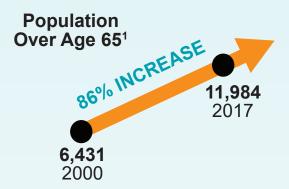
For people at very high risk for HIV, taking daily HIV medicine called pre-exposure prophylaxis or PrEP can prevent HIV infection by more than 90%.14



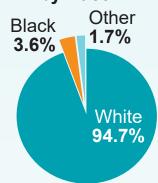
### **FACT:**

It is recommended that everyone between the ages of 13 and 64 get tested for HIV at least once as part of routine health care.<sup>14</sup>

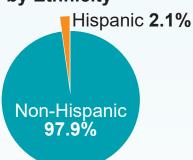
### **Healthy Aging**



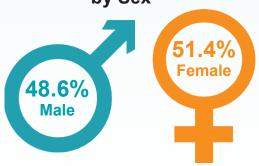




Population Over Age 60, by Ethnicity<sup>2</sup>



Population Over Age 60, by Sex<sup>2</sup>



#### **HEALTH DISPARITY**



From 2015-2017, 16 individuals over age 55 died from a fallrelated injury, making falls the #1 fatal injury for this age group. 15

Falls are also the #1 non-fatal injury resulting in hospitalization for individuals over age 55.15

From 2013-2015, there were over 350 individuals over age 55 had a hospitalization due to a non-fatal fall.<sup>15</sup>



A higher percentage of individuals above age 65 live alone compared to Florida.<sup>4</sup>



#### Marital Status of Individuals Age 65+, by Rate<sup>3</sup>

	Walton	Florida
Now Married	59.1	55.8
Widowed	22.2	24.2
Divorced	13.6	14.2
Separated	1.3	1.4

3,331 veterans age 65+16

# **Community Partners**

### **Steering Committee**

**Kathryn Barley**, Nursing Director Florida Department of Health in Walton County

**Kay Brady**, Director Walton Okaloosa Council on Aging

**Jill Breslawski**, Extension Agent UF/IFAS Extension Office - Walton County

**Bryan Callahan**, Director of Prevention Services Chautauqua Healthcare Services Walton County Prevention Coalition

**Brandi Gill**, Community Planner Florida Department of Health in Walton County

**Holly Holt**, Health Officer & Administrator Florida Department of Health in Walton County

Monty Lollie, Deputy Walton County Sheriff's Office

**Ryan Mims**, Government Operations Consultant II Florida Department of Health in Walton County

**Tina Odom**, Director of Quality Improvement Chautauqua Healthcare Services

**Cheryl Stacy,** Pediatric Navigator Sacred Heart Hospital on the Emerald Coast

Sacred Heart on the Emerald Coast

#### **WCHIP Partners**

**BeGenerous** 

Big Bend Community Based Care Boys & Girls Clubs of the Emerald Coast Caring and Sharing of South Walton Catholic Charities of Northwest Florida Chautaugua Healthcare Services, Inc. Chautauqua Rehabilitation and Nursing Center City of DeFuniak Springs Early Learning Coalition of the Emerald Coast Emerald Coast Children's Advocacy Center Florida Department of Children and Families Florida Department of Health in Okaloosa County Florida Department of Health in Walton County Healthy Start of Okaloosa and Walton Counties Homelessness and Housing Alliance Hope Medical Clinic Lighthouse Health Plan Northwest Florida Area Agency on Aging OASIS Florida Pancare of Florida

Shelter House of Northwest Florida
SoWal Community Chaplain
UF/IFAS Extension Office - Walton County
United Way of Okaloosa and Walton Counties
Walton County Board of County Commissioners
Walton Community Health Center
Walton County Habitat for Humanity
Walton County Prevention Coalition
Walton County School District
Walton County Sheriff's Office
Walton County Tax Collector
Walton Okaloosa Council on Aging
West Florida Area Health Education Center

# **Data Sources**

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