

Emergency Medical Services Controlled Substance Overdose Report

Second Quarter 2020 April – June

> Ron DeSantis Governor

Scott A. Rivkees, MD State Surgeon General

Report Overview

In response to the national opioid epidemic, Governor Rick Scott signed House Bill 249: Drug Overdoses into law in 2017. This requires the Florida Department of Health (Department) to create a quarterly report that summarizes overdose data received by the Department from licensed emergency medical service (EMS) providers. The report is to be provided to the Statewide Drug Policy Advisory Council, the Florida Department of Children and Families, and the Florida Fusion Center. In addition to this quarterly report, the data are immediately made available to county level first responder and public health agencies.

This report is based on information received through the Florida Emergency Medical Services Tracking and Reporting System (EMSTARS) and represents a summary of EMS overdose responses reported into EMSTARS. EMSTARS is a voluntary program and records received by the Department represent 90 percent of the EMS responses throughout Florida.

Although the system is capable of capturing detailed information on the suspected cause of an overdose (i.e., heroin, fentanyl), in most cases this information is not included in the EMS record and therefore not included in the EMSTARS reporting. This is primarily due to the limited ability for EMS to make or to record a specific determination as to the cause of a suspected overdose during an emergency medical response. Differences between data standards, software vendors, and agency configuration may also affect the level of detail provided in EMSTARS records.

The EMSTARS data are characterized as responses because a single patient encounter may involve more than one agency. For example, a patient can receive initial treatment from a non-transport agency and be transported to a hospital by a different agency. When examining the overdose burden on the state EMS system, reviewing the total number of responses helps inform stakeholders on the resources devoted to the opioid epidemic.

Records included in EMSTARS are for patient-incidents where the 9-1-1 response involved an evaluation, treatment, and/or transport of a patient for extreme physical illness, decreased level of consciousness, respiratory depression, coma, or death resulting from the consumption or use of any substance that requires medical attention, assistance or treatment, and clinical suspicion for drug overdose, such as respiratory depression, unconsciousness, or altered mental status, without other conditions to explain the clinical condition. EMS personnel issue impressions to describe a patient's condition in the EMS record. Impressions are encoded in International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10 CM) diagnostic categories as listed in the Data Definitions section on the following page. Information on the patient outcome is limited to the information available in the EMS record. The actual number of overdose deaths occurring in Florida is not represented in this report. Patients may expire after care is transferred from EMS to hospitals or be obviously dead and not require an EMS response. Actual diagnoses are issued by a licensed physician in a medical setting, including pronouncement of death. Official cause of death is determined by medical examiners.

Any questions about this report can be directed to:

Florida Department of Health
Division of Emergency Preparedness and Community Support
Bureau of Emergency Medical Oversight
4052 Bald Cypress Way, Bin A22 • Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1722
Phone: (850) 245-4440 • Fax: (850) 488-9408 • EMS@flhealth.gov

Data Definitions

Suspected drug overdose:

Fatal: Primary/Secondary Impression of "T36 - T50, F11 - F16, F18 - F19" and patient death reported

Non-fatal: Primary/Secondary Impression of "T36 - T50, F11 - F16, F18 - F19" and no indication of death

Suspected opioid overdose:

Fatal: Primary/Secondary Impression of "T40.1 - T40.4, T40.60, T40.69, F11" and patient death reported

Non-fatal: Primary/Secondary Impression of "T40.1 - T40.4, T40.60, T40.69, F11" and no indication of death

Administration of opioid-antagonist:

Fatal: Primary/Secondary Impression of "T36 - T50, F11 - F16, F18 - F19" and administration of naloxone and patient death reported

Non-fatal: Primary/Secondary Impression of "T36 - T50, F11 - F16, F18 - F19" and administration of naloxone and no indication of death

Inclusion Criteria

- 1. Type of Service Requested = 911 Response
- Incident/Patient Disposition indicates that the patient was evaluated, treated, and/or transported
- 3. Incident location must be within Florida

Note

Some EMS protocols call for administration of an opioid antagonist for patients exhibiting altered mental status as a frontline medication and diagnostic tool.

ICD-10 CM	Description
F11	Opioid related disorders
F12	Cannabis related disorders
F13	Sedative, hypnotic, or anxiolytic related disorders
F14	Cocaine related disorders
F15	Other stimulant related disorders
F16	Hallucinogen related disorders
F18	Inhalant related disorders
F19	Other psychoactive substance related disorders
T36	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of systemic antibiotics
T37	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of other systemic anti-infectives and antiparasitics
T38	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of hormones and their synthetic substitutes and antagonists, not elsewhere classified
T39	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of nonopioid analgesics, antipyretics and antirheumatics
T40	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of narcotics and psychodysleptics [hallucinogens]
T40.1	Poisoning by and adverse effect of heroin
T40.2	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of other opioids
T40.3	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of methadone
T40.4	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of other synthetic narcotics
T40.60	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of unspecified narcotics
T40.69	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of other narcotics
T41	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of anesthetics and therapeutic gases
T42	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of antiepileptic, sedative- hypnotic and antiparkinsonism drugs
T43	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of psychotropic drugs, not elsewhere classified
T44	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of drugs primarily affecting the autonomic nervous system
T45	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of primarily systemic and hematological agents, not elsewhere classified
T46	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of agents primarily affecting the cardiovascular system
T47	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of agents primarily affecting the gastrointestinal system
T48	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of agents primarily acting on smooth and skeletal muscles and the respiratory system
T49	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of topical agents primarily affecting skin and mucous membrane and by ophthalmological, otorhinorlaryngological and dental drugs
T50	Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of diuretics and other and unspecified drugs, medicaments and biological substances

Florida Overview (2nd Quarter 2020)

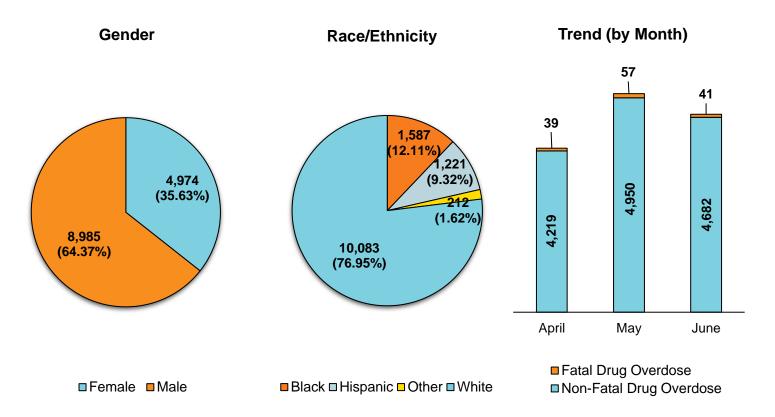
	Non-fatal	Rate	Fatal	Rate
Total number of suspected drug overdose EMS responses	13,851	6.41	137	0.06
Total number of suspected opioid overdose EMS responses	5,975	2.77	51	0.02
EMS responses including administration of an opioid-antagonist	10,437	4.80	330	0.15

Note: Population rate per 10,000 people.

Suspected drug overdose (including both fatal and non-fatal):

Age group	<1	1-4	5-9	10-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+
Frequency	19	83	15	100	1,719	4,160	3,566	1,974	1,470	816
Rate	0.82	0.89	0.13	0.82	6.84	14.69	13.67	7.08	5.08	1.85

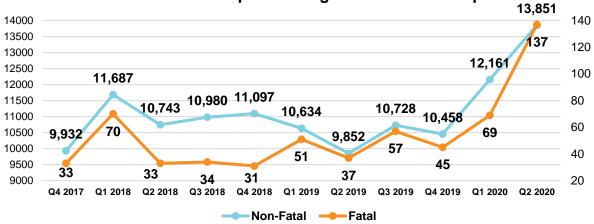
Note: Population rate per 10,000 people. Counts for age are for only the total number of records that include that information.



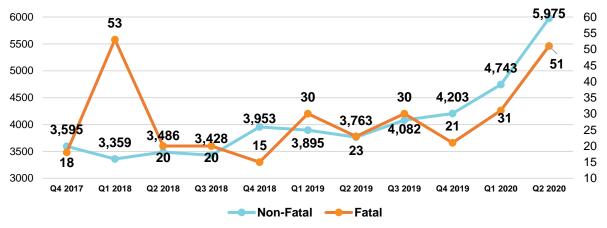
Note: Counts for gender and race/ethnicity are for only the total number of records that include that information; for gender, 99.79% of the total records are presented in the chart; for race/ethnicity, 93.67% of the total records are presented in the chart.

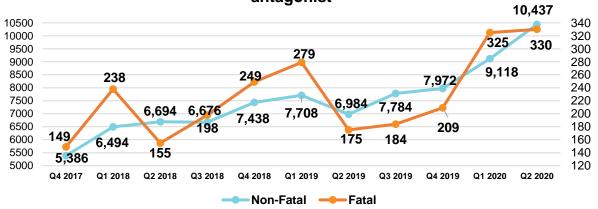
Florida Trend (by Quarter)

Total number of suspected drug overdose EMS responses

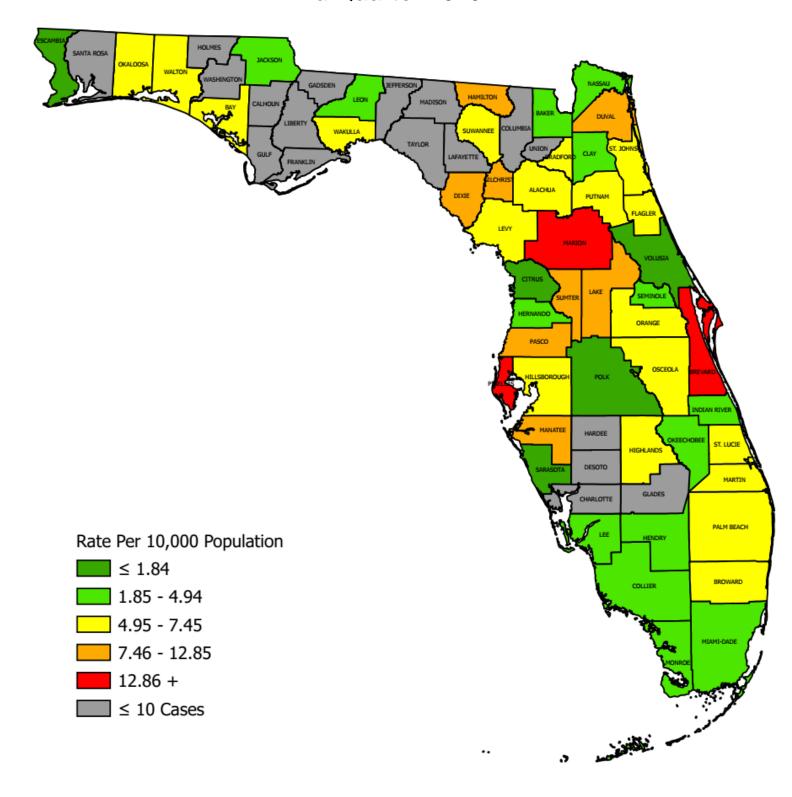


Total number of suspected opioid overdose EMS responses

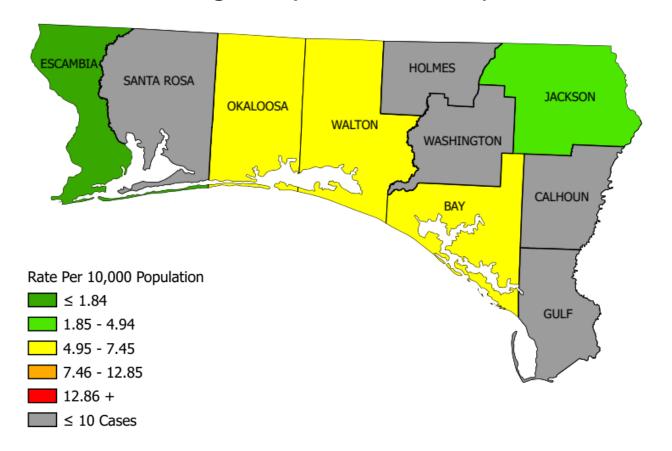




Total Drug Overdose (Fatal and Non-Fatal) 2nd Quarter 2020



Region 1 (2nd Quarter 2020)

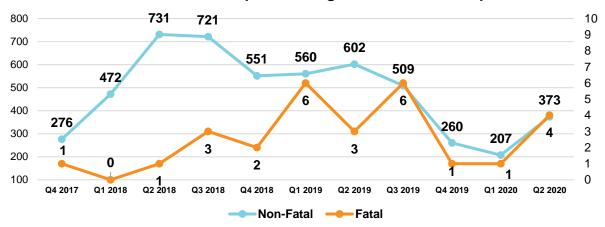


	Drug	Overdo	se	Opioid	Overdo	se	Opioid-Antagonist		
Geographic Area	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal
Bay	119	6.68		49	2.75		97	5.44	1
Calhoun	5			1			5		
Escambia	33	1.02		6					
Gulf	3			1			5		•
Holmes	1			1			1		
Jackson	12	2.39		3	•		7		
Okaloosa	146	7.19	2	97	4.78	1	123	6.06	3
Santa Rosa	4			2			3		1
Walton	44	6.09	2	9		1	22	3.04	1
Washington	6	•	•				6		
Total	373	3.42	4	169	1.55	2	269	2.47	6

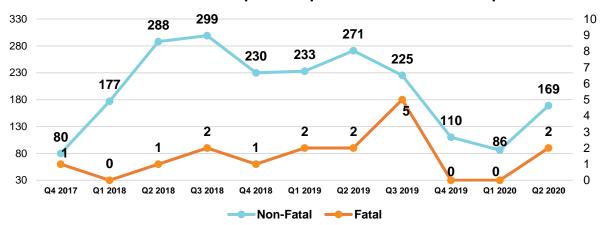
Note: 1. Population rate per 10,000 people.

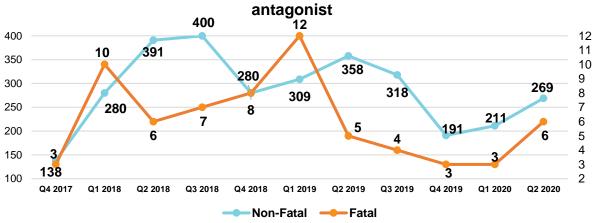
Region 1 Trend (by Quarter)

Total number of suspected drug overdose EMS responses

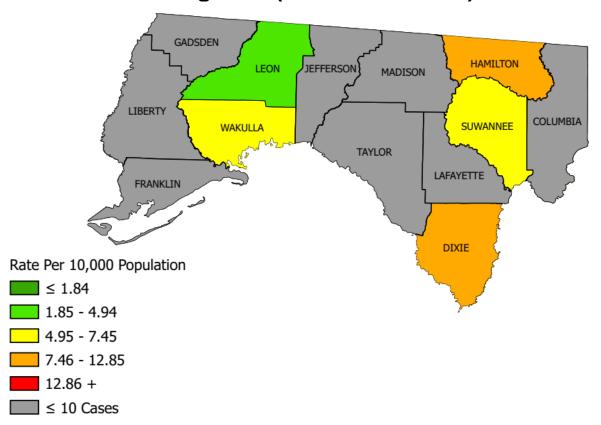


Total number of suspected opioid overdose EMS responses





Region 2 (2nd Quarter 2020)

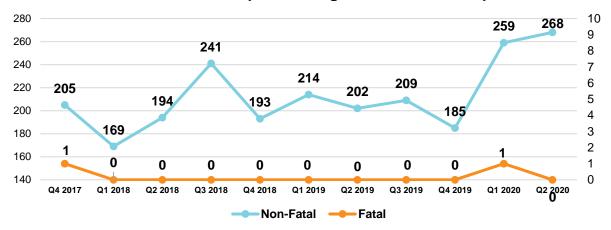


	Drug	Overdo	se	Opioid	Overdo	se	Opioid-Antagonist		
Geographic Area	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal
Columbia	6			1					
Dixie	15	9.01		2		•	10		2
Franklin	6						3		
Gadsden	1								
Hamilton	16	10.69		4			4		
Jefferson	8			2			2		
Lafayette	1						2		-
Leon	144	4.82		39	1.30		53	1.77	
Liberty	2						3		-
Madison	6						2		
Suwannee	31	6.73		8			20	4.34	-
Taylor	10						14	6.09	
Wakulla	22	6.67		4			10		
Total	268	4.35		60	0.97		123	2.00	2

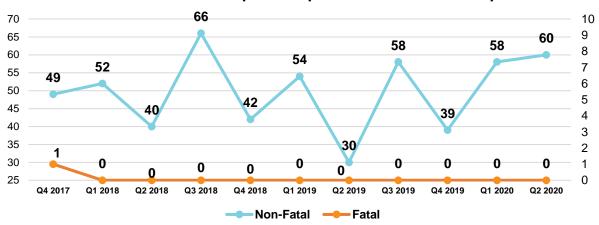
Note: 1. Population rate per 10,000 people.

Region 2 Trend (by Quarter)

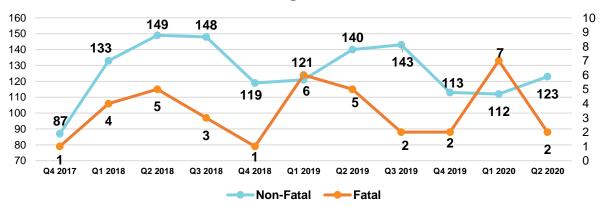
Total number of suspected drug overdose EMS responses



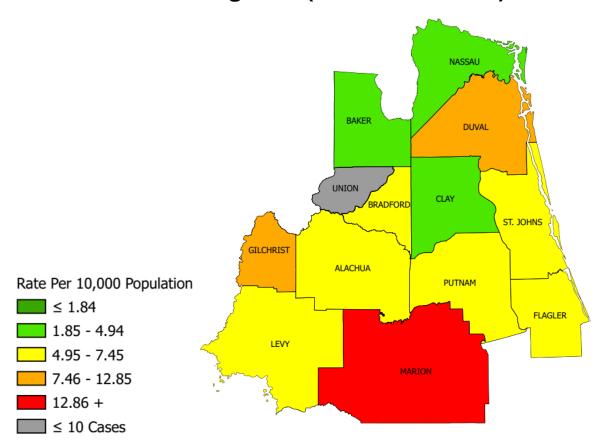
Total number of suspected opioid overdose EMS responses



EMS responses including administration of an opioidantagonist



Region 3 (2nd Quarter 2020)

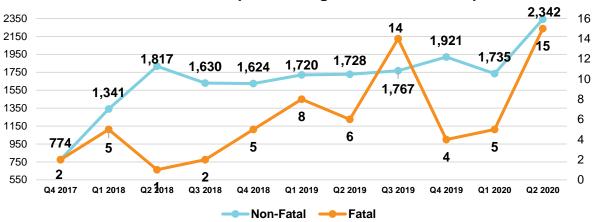


	Drug	Overdo	se	Opioid	Overdo	se	Opioid-Antagonist		
Geographic Area	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal
Alachua	193	7.18		43	1.60		98	3.65	1
Baker	14	4.94		9			22	7.77	
Bradford	15	5.24		8			8		
Clay	96	4.34	2	58	2.62	2	138	6.24	13
Duval	970	9.85	8	704	7.15	6	930	9.44	3
Flagler	77	6.81	1	41	3.63	1	72	6.37	1
Gilchrist	23	12.85		6			12	6.70	
Levy	26	6.23		8			26	6.23	3
Marion	708	19.40	4	343	9.40	2	454	12.44	4
Nassau	22	2.53		9			48	5.53	
Putnam	43	5.88		20	2.73		50	6.84	
St. Johns	149	5.77		1			76	2.94	4
Union	6			1			2		
Total	2,342	9.35	15	1,251	5.00	11	1,936	7.73	29

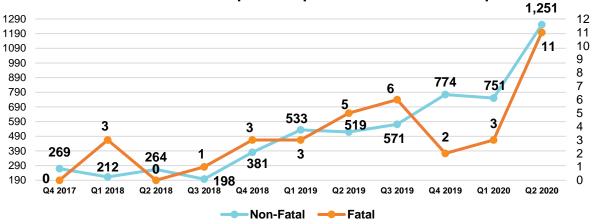
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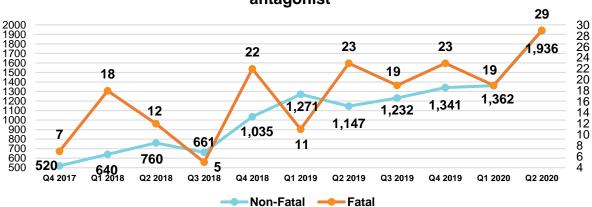
Region 3 Trend (by Quarter)

Total number of suspected drug overdose EMS responses

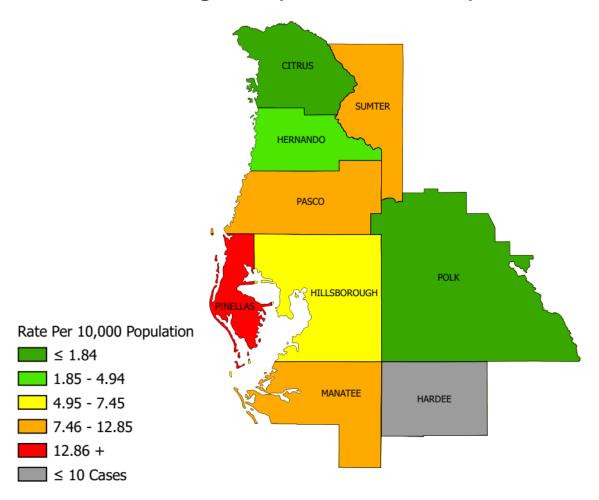


Total number of suspected opioid overdose EMS responses





Region 4 (2nd Quarter 2020)

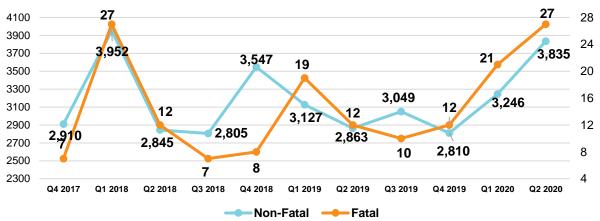


	Drug	Overdo	se	Opioid	Overdo	se	Opioid-Antagonist		
Geographic Area	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal
Citrus	16	1.07					9		1
Hardee	4			2			4		
Hernando	61	3.17		26	1.35		81	4.21	
Hillsborough	811	5.50	2	288	1.95		881	5.98	45
Manatee	463	11.65	4	257	6.47	2	298	7.50	25
Pasco	660	12.29	7	71	1.32		451	8.40	3
Pinellas	1,662	16.87	14	656	6.66	3	1,505	15.27	85
Polk	34	0.48					1		
Sumter	124	9.19		42	3.11		78	5.78	2
Total	3,835	8.34	27	1,342	2.92	5	3,308	7.19	161

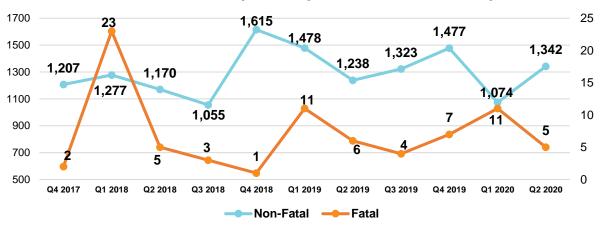
Note: 1. Population rate per 10,000 people.
2. Rate is not presented when frequency is less than or equal to 10.

Region 4 Trend (by Quarter)

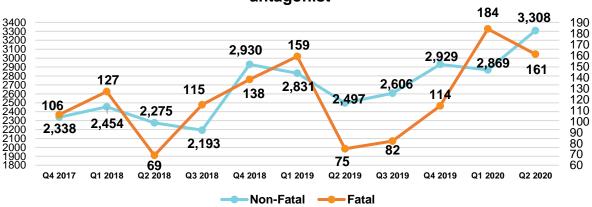
Total number of suspected drug overdose EMS responses



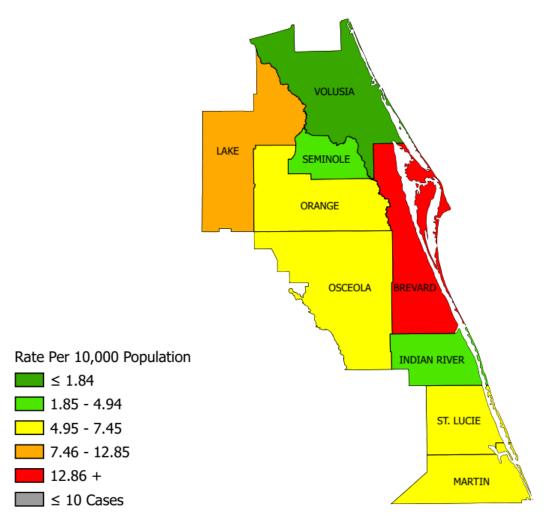
Total number of suspected opioid overdose EMS responses



EMS responses including administration of an opioidantagonist



Region 5 (2nd Quarter 2020)

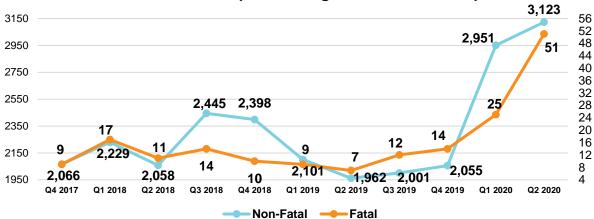


	Drug	Overdo	Opioid	Overdo	se	Opioid-Antagonist			
Geographic Area	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal
Brevard	881	14.68	7	452	7.53	3	651	10.85	14
Indian River	60	3.80	1	30	1.90	1	46	2.91	1
Lake	392	10.80		153	4.22		246	6.78	4
Martin	82	5.14	1	42	2.63		73	4.58	
Orange	1,012	7.11	36	682	4.79	3	740	5.20	53
Osceola	267	6.94	2	80	2.08	1	132	3.43	3
Seminole	157	3.27	1	89	1.86	1	112	2.34	7
St. Lucie	228	7.25	1	35	1.11		104	3.31	4
Volusia	44	0.81	2	10			14	0.26	
Total	3,123	7.05	51	1,573	3.55	9	2,118	4.78	86

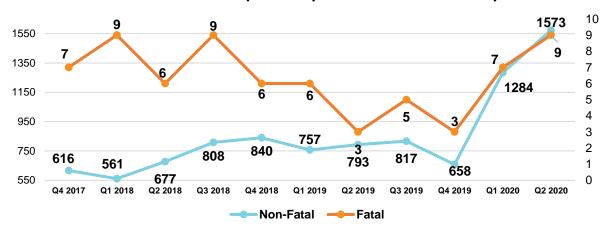
Note: 1. Population rate per 10,000 people.
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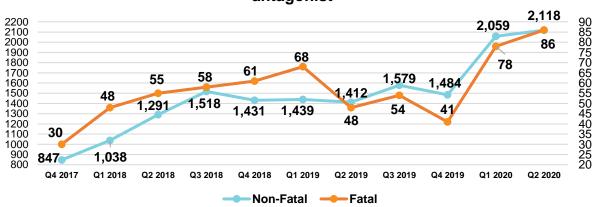
Region 5 Trend (by Quarter)

Total number of suspected drug overdose EMS responses

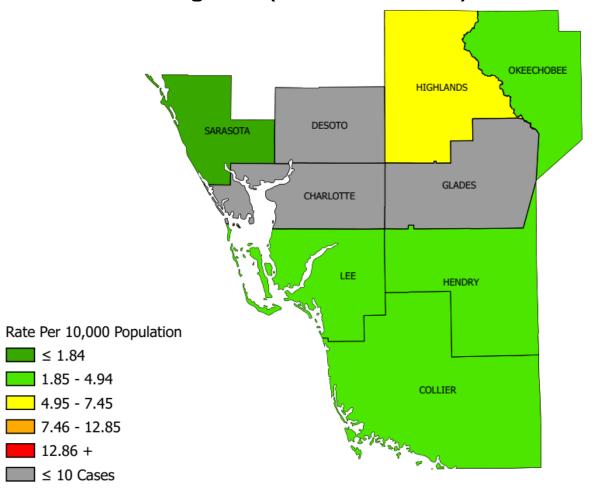


Total number of suspected opioid overdose EMS responses





Region 6 (2nd Quarter 2020)

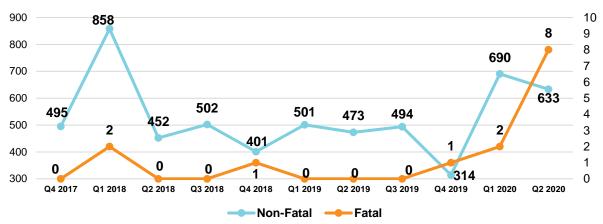


	Drug Overdose			Opioid	Overdo	se	Opioid-Antagonist		
Geographic Area	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal
Charlotte	5						44	2.39	3
Collier	132	3.43	1	115	2.99	1	119	3.09	1
Desoto	1						19	5.27	1
Glades	5			1			3		1
Hendry	16	3.96		6			17	4.21	3
Highlands	64	6.14		23	2.21		55	5.27	1
Lee	315	4.19	5	29	0.39		171	2.28	1
Okeechobee	17	4.09		8			3		
Sarasota	78	1.80	2	15	0.35	1	168	3.88	10
Total	633	3.18	8	197	0.99	2	599	3.01	21

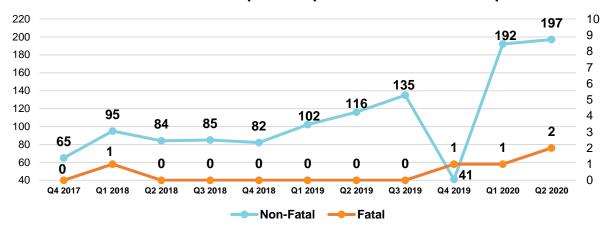
Note: 1. Population rate per 10,000 people.

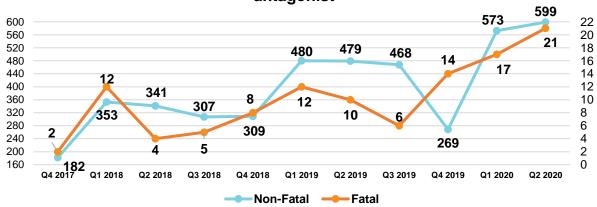
Region 6 Trend (by Quarter)

Total number of suspected drug overdose EMS responses

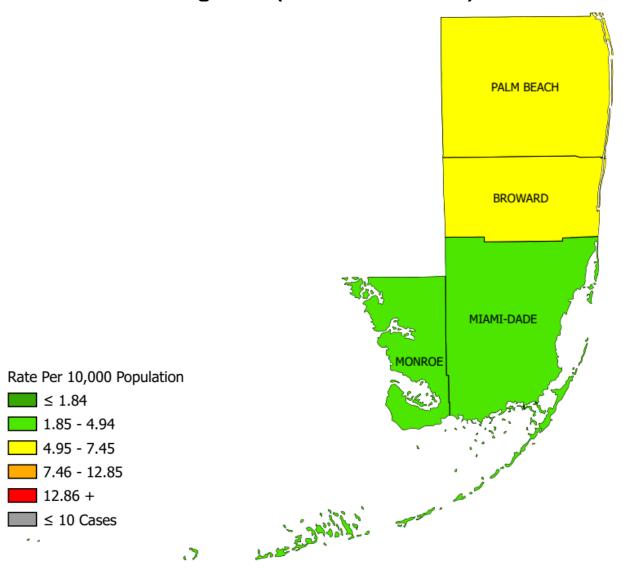


Total number of suspected opioid overdose EMS responses





Region 7 (2nd Quarter 2020)

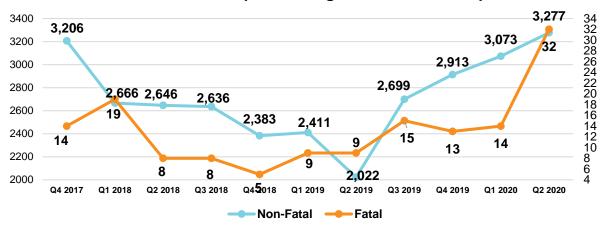


	Drug	Opioid Overdose			Opioid-Antagonist				
Geographic Area	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Rate	Fatal
Broward	1,279	6.57	13	542	2.78	7	838	4.30	7
Miami-Dade	881	3.07	3	80	0.28	1	644	2.24	14
Monroe	30	4.04		7			27	3.64	
Palm Beach	1,087	7.35	16	754	5.10	14	575	3.89	4
Total	3,277	5.14	32	1,383	2.17	22	2,084	3.27	25

Note: 1. Population rate per 10,000 people.

Region 7 Trend (by Quarter)

Total number of suspected drug overdose EMS responses



Total number of suspected opioid overdose EMS responses

